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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1949

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KARENS FAIL TO SURRENDER

Burmese Troops Resume Attack On Insein

REBELS CAPTURE THREE MORE TOWNS

RANGOON, April 8. (P.T.I.-Reuter): Burmese Government forces today resumed land and air attacks on Insein, ten miles north of Rangoon after the Karens holding it, had failed to surrender as planned.

REBELS CAPTURE THREE TOWNS:

As the new battle for Insein began, rebels were reported to have captured three more towns—Tharrawaddy and the important rail junction of Letpadan, 78 miles respectively, northwest of Rangoon and Twante, 20 miles south west in the canal linking Rangoon with the Irrawaddy Delta ports.

THARAWADDY COMMISSIONER KILLED

Ba Sein Hman, Special Commissioner for Tharrawaddy, was hit in the stomach by rifle shots from the ground as his plane flew over Tharrawaddy and died a few minutes after the undamaged aircraft landed at Rangoon early this morning.

Sein Hman, who resigned last Friday as Minister without portfolio was a leader of the "Yellow Band" (pro-Government) wing of the Peoples Volunteer Organization Militia.

Karen President Saw Ba U Gyi failed to arrive at Burma Army Headquarters this morning to hand in the expected surrender of the rebels at Insein, which they have held for two months.

SPLIT AMONG KARENS?

Official sources here suggested that a "likely split" among the Karens at Insein had led to Saw Ba U Gyi being forcibly prevented from bringing the surrender last night as he was said to have proposed.

Formal surrender was to have taken place yesterday, but was postponed because Karens were "apprehensive" about the presence of Government gunboats in the Hlain river west of Insein. Orders were given later for the withdrawal of the gunboats.

When no word was received from the Karen President, Burma Army Headquarters prepared for a new onslaught on Insein, and Government planes dropped their first bomb at 5-30 p.m. local time.

GOVERNMENT TROOPS IN CONTROL OF HENZADA

Tonight's 'communique' said Government troops and "White Band" (pro-Government) Peoples Volunteer Organisation Militia were in control of the Henzada rice centre near Tharrawaddy.

In Sagaing District, near Mandalay, 70 civilians and 30 Communists were killed in a clash with "White Band" forces, the 'communique' said.

The Government yesterday extended martial law to four central Burma districts around Mandalay, which was recaptured from Karens and Communists last week-end. Eight other districts were already under martial law.

The "U. P. A." adds: It is believed here the surrender failed to come off because the younger, militant Karen leaders were not willing to surrender their arms. The Government refuses to allow them to be retained.

CHILDREN IN LOCKED CABIN

18 Planes Search For Missing Cruiser

NORFOLK (Virginia), April 8 (UPA)—The Coast Guard today threw 18 planes & two cutters into a frantic search of the Atlantic for an abandoned cruiser on which two small children were believed trapped in a locked cabin after the parents were presumed to have been swept overboard and drowned.

The schooner "Keewatin" sailed from Nassau, Bahamas on April 1 with Donald Parrott of Manchester, Massachusetts, his wife and two sons, four-year-old Donald and ten-months old Steven. It was sighted on Tuesday about 75 miles off the South Carolina coast by the tanker "Richard J. Cleveland".

Bhopal To Be Taken Over On April 16

(From Our Correspondent)
INDORE, April 8.

According to reliable advices received here from New Delhi, the administration of Bhopal State will be taken over by the Central Government on April 16. The annual privy purse of the Nawab is believed to have been fixed at ten lakhs.

Labour Monopoly Ends In London County Council

AUSTERITY BUDGET AIDS CONSERVATIVES

LONDON, April 8 (UPA)—Winston Churchill's Conservative Party ended the Labor Party's 15-year rule of the London County Council today.

The final count in Thurday's election deadlock the Conservatives and Laborities, giving them 64 council seats each, with the one remaining crucial seat going to the Liberal Party.

The election was regarded in some quarters as a test preview of the general elections next year. The Conservatives held only 28 seats in the old Council. The Communists who had two seats failed to return any of their candidates. Neither did Sir Oswald Mosley's National Union, formerly the British Union of Fascists.

Conservative headquarters hailed the vote as an indication of the trend away from Labor, especially in view of the Labor Government's new austerity Budget, the most unpopular in modern times.

The London vote highlighted the balloting for 62 county councils in England and Wales.

The Liberal Party did not make known immediately whether its successful candidate would favour coalition with either party, but in the past, Liberal policy has been closer to the Conservatives.

B.C.G. VACCINE INOCULATION IN BARODA SCHOOLS

BARODA, April 8 (API)—Middle school students in Baroda state are now being inoculated with B.C.G. vaccine for the prevention of tuberculosis.

4 PREMIERS BACK NEHRU, SARDAR AND PATTABHI

Appeal To People To "Accept This Position"

NEW DELHI, April 8. (A.P.I.): Four provincial Prime Ministers to-day endorsed the recommendations made by the Jawahar-Vallabhbhai-Pattabhi Linguistic Provinces Committee that the question of rectification of provincial boundaries should not be raised at the present moment.

In a joint statement issued after today's Prime Ministers Conference in Delhi, Pandit Ravishankar Shukla of C. P. Mr. Harekrishna Mehatab of Orissa, Dr. B. C. Roy of West Bengal, and Sri Krishna Sinha of Bihar, declared that their governments "have no intention whatsoever to raise for the time being any problem in regard to such adjustments of boundaries".

They told their people: "We desire that the public should accept this position".

The premiers of Bihar, C. P. and Orissa particularly made it clear that they have accepted the decision of the Government of India in regard to the present distribution of the former Eastern States Agency States and declared "there is no controversy between us on that account."

PROPAGANDA ABOUT ADIBASI AREA DEPLORED.

The following is the text of the statement.

"From time to time there has been some propaganda in the press and on the platform in the provinces of C.P. Orissa, West Bengal and Bihar in regard to adjustment of boundaries in the Adibasis area. The propaganda has been conducted with some bitterness and has disturbed inter-provincial relations. It has also given encouragement to interested parties to exploit the Adibasis of these areas to their own advantage. Meanwhile the Linguistic Provinces Committee has reported against any inter-provincial adjustment of boundaries and this recommendation has been approved by the Working Committee of the Congress.

"We, the premiers of the four provinces, on behalf of our respective governments, express our disapproval of this propaganda and would like to inform the public that our governments have no intention whatsoever to raise for the time being any problems in regard to such adjustment of boundaries and we desire that the public in these provinces should accept this position

INDIA GOVT. DECISION ACCEPTED.

"In particular, the premiers of Bihar, the Central Provinces and Orissa desire to state that they have accepted the decision of the Government of India in regard to the present distribution of the former Indian States belonging to Eastern States Agency and there is no controversy between them on that account. We have also resolved to discourage such propaganda as may militate against this decision and to ensure the utmost cordiality and goodwill amongst the people of these provinces. We hope, in maintaining this inter-provincial goodwill, we shall have the co-operation of

KANPUR'S QUOTA OF 6 LAKHS FOR GANDHI MEMORIAL FUND

KANPUR, April 8 (API)—Purses amounting to about Rs. 6 lakhs in all were presented to Dr. Rajendra Prasad Chairman of the Gandhi National Memorial Fund Committee, during his two-day visit to the city.

Hoses Break Up Seamen's Battle

NOVA SCOTIA, April 8. (PTI-Reuter): Police used batteries of hoses to break up a battle here early today between Canadian seamen—members of rival Unions—in which atleast eight men were injured. Stones were thrown during the fight which broke out when members of the Seafarers' International Union arrived at the docks to take over vessels strikebound by the Canadian Seamen's union.

NO CONGESTION IN BOMBAY PORT

Parliament Passes Amending Bill

NEW DELHI, April 8 (A.P.I.): Parliament today passed eight Bills—the Delhi Hotels (Control of Accommodation) Bill, The West Godavari District (Assimilation of Laws on Federal Subjects) Bill, The Displaced Persons (Legal Proceedings) Bill, The Indian Tea Control (Amendment) Bill, The Indian Wireless Telegraphy (Amendment) Bill, The Bombay Port Trust (Amendment) Bill, The Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund (Amendment) Bill and The Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Amendment Bill.

The House referred to a Select Committee the Indian Railways (Amendment) Bill.

The longest debate of the day was on the Cinematograph (Amendment) Bill, which is intended to restrict the exhibition of films not considered suitable for children and adolescents. The present Bill provides for two kinds of certificates—an 'A' certificate authorising exhibition to adults only and a 'U' certificate authorising unrestricted exhibition of films. An adult is defined in the Bill as a person who has completed his eighteenth year.

Discussion on the third reading had not concluded when the House adjourned till tomorrow.

(SEE PAGE 12)

BOMBAY SHOPS AND ESTABLISHMENTS ACT

Government To Ascertain Difficulties In Operation

CONFERENCE OF INTERESTS CONVENED: EXEMPTIONS UNDER CONTEMPLATION

In the course of a press note intended to remove doubts in the minds of the public regarding the operation of the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act of 1948, the Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay states that all sections of the public were given a full opportunity to contribute their points of view before necessary legislation was sponsored.

EXEMPTIONS FROM THE ACT

The Director adds: "The legislature was fully conscious of the need for an elastic provision to enable exemptions from all or any of the provisions of the Act in favour of all or any establishments or employees or persons."

The Government is considering the issue of exemptions to meet genuine difficulties and a conference of the interests concerned is being convened at Bombay and Ahmedabad.

The following is the text of the note:—

"Some misapprehension seems to prevail in the minds of the public as regards the operation of the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1948. Before the present Act was passed, there was in force the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1939. In order to remove the deficiencies disclosed by that Act and to improve its administrative and substantive provisions, having regard to the needs and interests of all sections of the public, the Government appointed Mr. R. R. Bakhle in June, 1946 and set up a Committee in June 1947, with Mr. S. H. Shah, M.L.C. as Chairman and Mr. R. R. Bakhle and C. C. Shah as members.

EXHAUSTIVE ENQUIRY

The Committee made an exhaustive enquiry, considered written representations, took oral evidence of individuals, institutions and associations and made its recommendations in a report which was published on January 15, 1948. The Government considered the report and the response to it from all interests affected by the recommendations. A draft Bill was then prepared and published. The Bill was fully considered by the Legislature, amended where necessary and passed into law.

It will thus be seen that all sections and interests had full opportunity to contribute their points of view for the making of the law.

NEED FOR MINOR ADJUSTMENTS

There are no doubt minor difficulties which need adjustment in the working of the Act; but no amendment to the Act itself has yet appeared necessary. The Legislature was fully conscious of the need for an elastic provision to enable exemptions from all or any of the provisions of the Act in favour of all or any establishments or employees or other persons. Accordingly, while providing a number of exemptions in the schedule, powers have been taken under Sections 4 and 5 of the Act to sanction exemption from any provision of the Act or to extend it to other establishments.

EXEMPTION NOTIFICATIONS

THE GOVERNMENT IS NOW ACTIVELY CONSIDERING TO WHAT EXTENT IT IS NECESSARY TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF SECTION 4 TO ISSUE EXEMPTION NOTIFICATIONS TO MEET ANY GENUINE DIFFICULTIES THAT ARE BEING EXPERIENCED AND WHICH THE INTERESTS CONCERNED FAILED TO BRING TO THE NOTICE OF THE COMMITTEE OR THE GOVERNMENT.

In this connection, the Government has fixed conferences at Bombay and Ahmedabad on the April 23 and 25. The Government has already requested Municipalities to administer the Act with leniency till May 1, 1949. Those institutions or associations or individuals who wish to communicate their special views and difficulties may send their representations, if they have not already done so, to the Secretary to Government, Labour Department, Secretariat, Bombay, on or before April 18."

States Forces To Be Brought Up To Indian Union Standards

RAJPRAMUKHS CONFERENCE DECISION: CENTRE TO GIVE ALL HELP

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, April 8. Not Integration but standardisation of armed forces belonging to State Unions was the decision reached by the conference of Rajpramukhs which concluded here yesterday.

In the present set-up, pre-independence States fall into three categories, namely, those which have merged, those which have formed Unions and those which still stand out. Armed forces of merged States have merged with the Indan Army and are no longer a problem.

States such as Hyderabad, Mysore, Travancore and Cochin, which stand out were not officially represented at the conference. Their armed forces, however, are maintained on Indian standards. Here again, the decision reached by the conference will be made applicable to Travancore and Cochin as soon as they enter into one Union.

ONE ARMED FORCE FOR EACH UNION OF STATES

The conference which was representative of States formed into Unions reached a decision to maintain identity of their forces with this difference that instead of each State maintaining separate forces there will be one armed force for a whole Union. The Government of India, however, was authorised to determine the strength of forces of each Union.

Another decision was to up-grade State forces and bring them to standards of Indian Union in matter of equipment and training. Recruitment for Indian States forces will be through Indian channels and their training will be in Indian training institutions.

INDIA GOVERNMENT TO HELP

Government will give all facilities to States forces including loan of their own officers to man such forces. So far as finances are concerned Union will be liable to meet expenditure on the 1946-47 level; additional expenditure will be borne by the Government of India.

ISRAEL'S APPLICATION ON U. N. AGENDA

LAKE SUCCESS, April 8. (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations General Assembly's Steering Committee to-day decided to send Israel's application for membership directly to the Assembly's present plenary session. Voting was nine to three with two abstentions.

PROVIDING TEETH TO ATLANTIC PACT

U. S. Govt. Move For Rearming Five West Union Powers

WASHINGTON, April 8, (PTI-Reuter): The United States Government today formally promised the five West Union Powers and Norway, Denmark and Italy, that it would ask Congress to give them military and financial assistance for rearmament.

The United States note—first step to give "teeth" to the Atlantic Pact—was a reply to a request from the West Union nations for urgent military aid.

These five powers, Britain, France, Belgium, Holland and Luxemburg, asked for assistance "to carry out a common defence programme" on April 5, the day after the Atlantic Pact was formally signed.

Mr. Dean Acheson, United States Secretary of State, sent similar notifications to the Governments of Norway, Denmark and Italy.

The April 5 note from the Brussels Powers stated that if a favourable reply was received, a detailed statement of specific needs would be sent to Washington.

The five Nations recalled that since they signed the Brussels Treaty on March 17, 1948, they had been jointly studying a common defence programme.

The United States reply means that the American Government is willing to recommend to Congress that military aid be provided, but cannot promise that it will be given until Congress has consented.

Gold Found At Nilambur

MAY BE A MINING CENTRE IN MADRAS

MADRAS, April 8 (API)—Nilambur, a Zamindari area in Malabar about 40 miles from Cotacamund, promises to be a prospective gold mining centre in Madras Province if the report of the Italian gold mining expert, Signor Luigi Usoni, shows the venture to be economic.

Sgr. Usoni visited Nilambur recently at the instance of South Indian firm to explore the possibility of developing that area into a gold mining centre. He collected samples of gold ore from the area for further analysis as to the potentialities of the region. He will take these samples to Italy and, after proper analysis, make his recommendations whether it would be profitable to begin digging operations on a commercial scale or not.

A spokesman of the Madras Government confirmed in a talk with the API representative today that a prospecting licence had already been granted to a firm to exploit the Nilambur area for gold mining.

Indian Immigration In Brazil

SAO PAULO, Brazil, April 8 (UPA): Indian Ambassador to Brazil R. Masani in a speech before the Economic Status Center here today expressed satisfaction with regard to a proposal covering Indian immigration and colonization in Brazil which, he said, "will be a happy solution to the problem of low population in one country and overpopulation in another country."

Masani added that if the project is completed Indian immigrants will come to Brazil "with the intention of becoming assimilated into Brazilian life and will become good Brazilians."

GOODS TRAIN DERAILED ON E. P. R.

NEW DELHI, April 8 (API): A goods train was derailed this morning between Sanehwal and Dhandhari Kalan stations on the Ambala-Ludhiana section of the E. P. Railway. Out of the 19 bogies 17 capsized. None was injured.

Both the Up and Down running lines are blocked.

"PEOPLES AGE" EDITOR & PRINTER ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Victor Mohan Kaul, Managing Editor of "The Peoples Age" and other allied newspapers, and Mr. Jayant Bhat, Keeper of the New Age Printing Press and Printer and Publisher of "The Peoples Age" were arrested today afternoon by the Bombay Police under the Public Security Measures Act.

"We Too Can Become A Republic", Says Malan

CAPETOWN, April 8. (PTI-Reuter): Dr. Daniel Malan, South African Prime Minister, speaking on the Union's foreign policy in the Senate to-day, said: "There can be no restrictions to our development even should we decide as a nation to become a Republic".

"We have the right to do that", he added.

So long as they had this right, the Government would be glad to be associated with other members by the British Commonwealth of Nations.

CHINESE REDS PUSH TO YANGTSE RIVER

Kuomintang Accused Of Delaying Tactics

NANKING, April 8. (P.T.I.-Reuter): Communist armies today pushed to the Yangtse River, 30 miles east of Nanking, cutting all river traffic with Shanghai and bringing the rail link within the range of their heavy guns, according to reports from Chinkiang.

Premier Ho Ying Chin flew to Nanking from Canton today for an expected emergent conference of provincial leaders with Acting President Li Tsung Jen.

The conference was expected to decide whether to accept a Communist military demand made at the Peiping peace talks. The Communists were earlier reported to be pressing for permission for their armies to come south of the Yangtse after a peace agreement has been signed and coalition Government formed.

Huang Chin An, President Li's personal envoy at Peiping was among the arrivals for today's conference.

ACCUSATION AGAINST GOVERNMENT PARTY

Peiping radio meanwhile accused the Kuomintang (Government Party) to prevent or delay a Communist Yangtse crossing so as to gain time to regroup their army. "This treacherous action is a lesson that our liberating forces must start their march on Nanking", the radio said.

A Communist report said the All-China Federation of Labour had called on all workers in Government areas to help the Communists cross the Yangtse "to liberate all China and bring the murders of the people to trial".

Chinese reports said today more than one thousand of the youth army training corps stationed at Kashing on the Shanghai-Hanchow Railway mutinied yesterday and fled to the mountains to join Communist irregulars.

LI'S APPEAL TO MAO TSE TUNG

NANKING, April 8. (PTI-Reuter): Chinese Acting President, Li Tsung-Jen last night appealed to Mao Tse Tung, Chinese Communist leader, for Communist-Nationalist co-operation "in view of the present difficult international situation".

President Li said in a telegram that if they could co-operate all other questions could easily be settled.

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Wanted a handsome match Matric for a Hindu Bachelor Punjabi Mechanical Engineer 25 of independent means and settled in Bombay Local parties preferred. Correspond with Raj, Post Box No. 4552 Bombay 8. (540)

Northern Indian Hindu (Brahmin) —age 26, holding officer's post in American firm of international repute, seeks life companionship from a girl, beautiful, healthy and modern, interested in journalism and/or art. Province or caste immaterial. Box 3949 "Bombay Chronicle", Bombay.

SITUATION VACANT

Wanted a person to look after the advertising Dept of a local paper. Only experienced and qualified persons need apply No. 200, "Bombay Chronicle".

Applications are invited for the post of Junior Research Assistant (Physicist) for the Jute Technological Research Laboratories in the scale of Rs. 160-10-250-EB.-10-330, with allowances and contributory Provident Fund benefits. Intending applicants must send stamped addressed envelope to the address below for application form and leaflet giving further details. Applicants should have an M.Sc. degree and some research experience, preferably in textiles, and a good knowledge of analytical statistics is essential. A higher starting pay may be given to a suitable candidate. Application should reach the Secretary, Indian Central Jute Committee, 4, Hastings Street, Calcutta by the 30th April 1949. 3972

Wanted 60 Clerks to learn Shorthand, typewriting Book-keeping Speeds guaranteed. Posts secured. Roosevelt College, Matheri Road, Near Sandhurst Station, Bombay. 553

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PUBLIC NOTICES

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts in the Agricultural Credit Department, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay:—

(i) A Deputy Chief Officer in the scale of Rs. 500-50-750-E.B.-50-1000.
(A higher starting salary may be given to a candidate possessing special qualifications and experience).

(ii) A Research Officer in the scale of Rs. 350-50-450 Probation/500-50-750-E. B. 50-1000.

2 ALLOWANCES:
The selected candidates will be eligible for the following allowances:—
HOUSE ALLOWANCE: 15 per cent of pay with a minimum of Rs. 60/- p.m. and a maximum of Rs. 300/- p.m.
LOCAL ALLOWANCE: 10 per cent of pay.
DEARNESS ALLOWANCE: 25 per cent of pay for those drawing a salary up to Rs. 500/- and 22 1/2 per cent of pay with a maximum of Rs. 175/- p.m. for those drawing a salary over Rs. 500/-.

3. QUALIFICATIONS:—
Candidates should possess high academic qualifications of Indian or Foreign Universities and should have made special study in Agricultural Economics and Co-operation. They should also have practical experience in the field of Co-operation.
Candidates for the post of Deputy Chief Officer should be holding or should have held a position of responsibility in the Co-operative Department.

4. Candidates selected for the posts of Deputy Chief Officer and Research Officer will be on probation for a period of one year and three years respectively.

5 Applications must give full particulars of age, academic record and practical experience including research or other work done and must be accompanied by testimonials and the names of 3 persons to whom references regarding the candidate's character and integrity may be made. Applications should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Recruitment Board, Reserve Bank of India, Central Office, Post Box 406, Bombay No. 1 and must reach him not later than 25th April, 1949. A remittance of Rs. 7 8/- by money order, postal order or Bank draft on a Scheduled Bank in Bombay should be sent with the applications. Applications from candidates already in service must be forwarded through the Head of the Institution in which the candidate is serving.

6. Successful candidates will be required to accept the Bank's Staff Regulations, copies of which will be supplied to them on selection and to subscribe to the Bank's Provident and Guarantee Funds.

7 The appointment of candidates will be subject to their being found medically fit for service in the Bank and they will, therefore be required to undergo a medical examination before appointment in the Bank.

8. If any candidate desires to have his application acknowledged he should send it by Registered Post "Acknowledgement Due". Apart from those who may be specially called, interviews will not be granted to candidates nor will the Bank enter into correspondence with them. AND CANVASSING IN ANY FORM WILL BE REGARDED AS A DISQUALIFICATION.

9 Selected candidates from outstations will be required to present themselves for interview at Bombay and will be paid railway fares at single class II rates from and to their place of residence. 3892

PUBLIC NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED till 15-4-49 to let on 3 years Lease rent farming Contract of 5 properties bearing Nos. (1) 21-33 Khetwadi Back Road, (2) 57-63 Duncan Road, (3) 51-53 Duncan Road, (4) 62-68 Undaria Street, & (5) 50-60 Huzaria Street, from 1st May, 1949 For further particulars and Tender forms at Rs. 2/- each, see The Secretary, Cummoo Yacoob Charitable Trust, 160, Kambekar Street, Bombay 3. 497

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Panchgani—A large estate with five bungalows and cottages in good locality and commanding excellent scenery going cheap. Apply Box No. 535, "Bombay Chronicle."

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN MODIFICATION of the previous advertisement published on 12-3-49 relating to the combined competitive examination for recruitment to:

(1) The Indian Administrative Service,
(2) The Indian Foreign Service,
(3) The Indian Police Service,
(4) The Indian Audit and Accounts Service,
(5) The Military Accounts Department,
(6) The Indian Railway Accounts Service,
(7) The Indian Customs Service,
(8) The Income Tax Officers (Class I Grade II) Service,
(9) The Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways,
(10) The Establishment Department of State Railways,
(11) The Indian Postal Service, Class I,

the following changes are announced for general information.

AGE-LIMITS: In addition to candidates already eligible, candidates born after 1-1-28 but not later than 1-8-28 will also be eligible as a special case for all services. CLOSING DATE for receipt of applications for all candidates has been extended to 7-5-49. Examination will commence on 19-9-1949 instead of 25-7-1949. 3966

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY NOTICE

BY ORDER of the Municipal Commissioner the Deputy City Engineer invites tenders for the work of paving with blue stones footpaths in ex-Trust Schemes during the year 1949-50. The tenders will be received on Wednesday, the 27th April, 1949 upto 1 p.m. (B.T.).

Forms of tender, specifications, etc., will be issued on payment of Rs. 5/- for each copy to anyone deputed to receive the same by the Deputy City Engineer (Works Branch) who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

Tender Forms will not be issued by post.

Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay.
Dated 2-4-1949. 3995

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the work of manufacturing 70 Nos. cast iron brackets with steel rollers complete with bushes, keys, etc., for carriages of Slipways Nos. 4 and 5, Bombay Port Trust Workshops.

Conditions of Contract, Specification, Schedule of Quantities and Rates, Tender Form and Drawing can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Engineer on payment of Rs. 5/- per set.

No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form and which is not accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 300/- which will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers.

Tenders which are to remain open until accepted by the Trustees will be received upto 1 p.m. (S.T.) on Friday, the 29th April, 1949.

CHIEF ENGINEER.
Ballard Road, Bombay. 3998

R.I.A.F.: OFFICERS RECRUITMENT

RECRUITMENT is open for Permanent Commissions in the Technical Engineering, Armament and Signal branches of the R.I.A.F. AGE-LIMIT: 21 to 25 Years—can be relaxed up to 28 to those who possess higher educational and Engineering qualifications. QUALIFICATIONS: A Candidate must hold an Engineering degree in Mechanical/Electrical Engineering from a recognised Indian or Foreign University—all details advertised in "Bombay Chronicle" of 25th March, 1949. Apply immediately for full particulars or contact Air Force Recruiting Officer, A.F.(I) Buildg., Dhobi Talao, Bombay, with all Certificates in original on any working day at 09-00 Hrs. 3988

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of Inspectors of Weights and Measures in the Districts, under the Director of Industries, Bombay. The scale of pay for the post is Rs. 120-5-180 plus conveyance allowance of Rs. 20/- per mensem (basic and Dearness Allowance as may be admissible under the Rules.

QUALIFICATIONS: The applicants should (1) be either
(a) graduates of a recognised University in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering or in Physics and any other Science subject, or
(b) holders of Diploma in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay or that of the College of Engineering, Poona or the N. E. D. College of Engineering, Karachi, or he Kala Bhuwan Technical Institute, Baroda or Faraday House, London.
(2) have practical workshop experience of at least two years.
(3) be able to speak, read and write English and at least one vernacular of the Province.
(4) be within 25 years of age on 25-5-1949 or in the case of Intermediate and Backward Class candidates below 28 years.

Displaced Non-Muslims from Pakistan are eligible to apply for the posts. Preference will be given to candidates having approved war service.

Applications stating qualifications, age, community, domicile, experience, etc., should reach the Director of Industries Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, on or before the 16th April, 1949

D. N. KOWSHIK
Director of Industries
3996

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of Grains, Pulses, Tea and Sugar will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Monday, the 18th April, 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post. 4004

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY NOTICE

Re: Change of place of Biology Practical at the Intermediate Science Examination at Bombay Centre.

It is hereby notified that the practical examination in Biology of candidates Nos. 799-1067 which was scheduled to be held from the 11th April, 1949 to 22nd April, 1949 at Elphinstone College, will now be held instead at WILSON COLLEGE, CHAUPATTY, BOMBAY, on the same dates as previously announced.

The modified time-table can be inspected at the University Notice Board, at the Wilson or Elphinstone College.

By order
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 8th April, 1949. 4007

NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY EMPLOYMENT NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for a post of Gate Sergeant for the Lallaguda Workshops.

2. The sergeant will have to control the Workshops Watch and Ward arrangements and shall be responsible for the cleanliness of the yard and surroundings; he shall also exercise certain control over the Railway quarters.

3. Applicants must be literate in English and should be sufficiently educated to be able to submit concise reports. Age between 35 and 45. Considerable military or police experience essential.

4. Selected candidate will be appointed in the grade of O. S. Rs. 231-12-351 and will receive in addition Dearness Allowance and other allowances in accordance with the rules in force.

N.B.—Indian Currency Rs. 100/- are equivalent to Osmania Sicca Rs. 116-10-8.

5. Applications should be submitted in the prescribed form only which can be obtained from the Personal Officer, General Manager's Office, Secunderabad, on payment of O. S. Re. 1/- either in person or by Money Order. Full name and address of the applicant must be entered in ink in block capital letters in English on the Money Order coupon on which also the post for which the application form is required should be clearly stated: otherwise the Money Order will not be accepted.

6. The last date for the issue of application forms is 20-4-1949 and the last date for receipt of application forms at the Labour Bureau is 25-4-1949.

G. SURYANARAYANA,
Personnel Officer.
Secunderabad,
d/-2-4-1949. 4006

NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY EMPLOYMENT NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of (i) One Labour Welfare Publicity Inspector and (ii) three Junior Welfare and Labour Inspectors in the Administrative Department of the Railway.

QUALIFICATIONS:

Applicants for the post of Junior Welfare and Labour Inspectors should possess a diploma of the Tata's Institute of Social Sciences or any other recognised Institute, or they must possess previous experience of Labour Welfare work on any other Railway. Employees of the N. S. Railway with aptitude for social and welfare work will also be considered. Candidates for the post of Labour Welfare Publicity Inspector should, in addition, possess a keen aptitude for Publicity work, and be capable of composing short plays and dialogues and of staging dramas in Telugu and/or Hindustani.

AGE:

Candidates must be over 25 years but not over 40 years of age on 1-4-1949.

PAY:

The scales of pay of the posts will be:—
(i) Labour Welfare Publicity Inspector—O. S. Rs. 404-17-438-23-576.
(ii) Junior Welfare and Labour Inspectors—O. S. Rs. 175-8-231-9-258.

plus dearness and other allowances in accordance with the rules in force.

N.B.—Indian Currency Rs. 100 are equivalent to O. S. Rs. 116-10-8.

Applications from candidates in Government service must be accompanied by an authority from the Head of the Department that permission to apply has been granted.

Selected candidates will be appointed on probation for a period of six months in the first instance.

Applications should be submitted in the prescribed form only which can be obtained from the Labour Bureau, General Manager's Office, N. S. Railway, Secunderabad, on payment of O. S Re. 1/- either in person or by Money Order. The full name and address of the applicant must be entered clearly IN INK in block capital letters IN ENGLISH on the Money Order coupon on which the post for which the application form is required should also be clearly stated; otherwise the Money Order will not be accepted

The application forms will be issued upto 30-4-1949 and the forms duly filled in must be received at the Labour Bureau on or before 31-5-1949

G. SURYANARAYANA,
Personnel Officer.
Secunderabad-Dn.,
D/ 4th April, 1949. 4005

PUBLIC NOTICE
BOMBAY SALES TAX ACT

THE GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION, Finance Department No. 6495|33 (iii) issued under the proviso to Section 6 (1) of the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1946, and Rules 5A (1) (viii) and (2) and 5C of the Bombay Sales Tax Rules, 1946, are again published below for the information of the dealers.

(I) **Government Notification, Finance Department, No. 6495|33 (iii)**

"In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1946 (Bom: V of 1946), (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that the general tax and the special tax payable by a dealer on his taxable turnover in respect of sales or supplies of goods specified in column 1 of Schedule I hereto which within the prescribed time and subject to the prescribed terms and conditions hereto are despatched or removed by him or on his behalf or by the purchaser of such goods to any place outside the Province specified in Schedule II hereto shall be levied at the rate specified in column 2 of the said Schedule I.

SCHEDULE I

PART I

Goods	Rate of general tax.
1	2
1. All goods other than i) goods specified in Schedule I to the said Act, ii) bullion and specie, and iii) goods, the sales or supplies of which are declared from time to time under section 7 of the said Act as sales or supplies on which the tax is not payable..	One quarter of an anna in the rupee.
2. Bullion and specie	One-eighth percent.

PART II

Goods	Rate of special tax
1.	2
3. Goods specified in Schedule I to the said Act.	One half of an anna in the rupee

SCHEDULE II.

NAMES OF TERRITORIES.

1. Any place in the Dominion of India other than the territories comprised in the following Indian States, namely—

Akalkot	Jambughoda
Aundh	Jawhar
Bhor	Katosan
Jamkhandi	Khadal
Jath	Lunawada
Kurundwad (Senior)	Malpur
Kurundwad (Junior)	Mansa
Miraj (Senior)	Mohanpur
Miraj (Junior)	Palanpur
Mudhol	Punadra
Phaltan	Radhanpur
Ramdurg	Rajpipla (including Segbara)
Sangli	
Savanur	Ranasan
Sawantwadi	Sachin
Wadi Jagir	Sanjeli
Janjira	Sant
Ambaliara	Sudasna
Balasinor	Surgana
Bansda	Tharad
Baria	Valasna
Bhaderwa	Varsoda
Cambay	Vasna
Chota-Udepur	Vijayanagar
Dharampur	Wao
Ghodasar.	Danta
Idar	
Ilol	

2. Any place in the French Territories of:—
i) Pondicheri;
ii) Mahe;
iii) Chandarnagore
iv) Karikal
v) Yanaon
3. Any place in the Portuguese territories of—
i) Goa
ii) Daman
iii) Dieu

By order of the
Governor of Bombay
B. VENKATAPIAH,
Secretary to Government"

(II) **RULE 5-A:—**

"Exemption of certain sales in calculating taxable turnover:—

(1) In calculating the taxable turnover of a dealer, the turnover on the following sales may be deducted from his gross turnover:—

* * *

(viii) Subject to the conditions specified in sub-rule (2) sales or supplies of goods which are despatched or removed by him or on his behalf or by the purchaser of such goods within three months from the date of sale or supply to any place outside the Dominion of India other than the French territories of Pondichery, Mahe, Chandranagore, Karikal and Yanaon, and the Portuguese territories of Goa, Daman and Dieu:

Provided that the Commissioner may, if satisfied that the goods could not be despatched or removed within the period of three months due to any circumstances beyond the control of the parties, extend the period in any particular case by a further period not exceeding three months.

* * *

(2) The conditions for the purpose of clause (viii) of sub-rule (1) shall be as follows, namely:—

i) the goods shall be consigned from a place within the Province of Bombay directly to a place outside the Dominion of India other than the French territories of Pondichery, Mahe, Chandranagore, Karikal and Yanaon, and the Portuguese territories of Goa, Daman and Dieu through a railway, shipping or aircraft company or public motor transport service or by a registered parcel post;

ii) the dealer shall maintain a register of the goods so consigned by him, showing the date of the sale, number of bill or invoice, date and place of despatch, mode of despatch, name of the ship or vessel, number of railway receipt or other document, destination, name of consignee and a brief description of the goods; and

iii) The purchaser of goods who has so consigned the goods shall furnish the dealer with the necessary particulars and relevant receipts showing such consignment within one month of the date of despatch.

EXPLANATION:— For the purpose of sub-rule (2) the goods consigned through a railway, shipping or aircraft company or public motor transport service shall not include goods carried as personal luggage through such company or service".

(III) **RULE 5C:—**

"The goods referred to in the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 6 shall be despatched or removed within a period of three months from the date of the sale or supply of such goods and the following terms and conditions shall for the purpose of the said proviso apply namely:—

(i) the purchaser shall be a person carrying on the business of selling or supplying goods at a place within the Dominion of India but outside the Province of Bombay, and within the French territories of Pondichery, Mahe, Chandranagore, Karikal and Yanaon, and the Portuguese territories of Goa, Daman and Dieu, and shall furnish the dealer with a certificate in the following form:—

"I..... of Messrs..... ..... (address) ..... do certify that I the said firm Company am is carrying on the business of selling or supplying goods at ..... in the Province/ State of ..... in the Dominion of India; and that I have purchased the goods the said firm company has specified in ..... No.... ..... dated..... for resale at the said place .... use as raw materials Machinery engines fuel or .....lubricants' in the manufacture of.....for sale....., at the said place

Place .....
Date .....
Signature .....
Status .....

(ii) the goods shall be consigned from a place within the Province of Bombay through a railway, shipping or aircraft company or public motor transport service or by registered parcel post:

Provided that this condition shall not apply to motor vehicles despatched by road driven by their own power.

(iii) the dealer shall maintain a register of the goods so consigned by him, showing the date of the sale, the number of bill or invoice, the date and place of despatch, the mode of despatch, name of ship or vessel or number of motor vehicle, as the case may be, number of railway receipts or other document, destination, the name of consignee and a brief description of the goods, and

(iv) the purchaser of goods who has so consigned the goods shall furnish the dealer with the necessary particulars and relevant receipts showing such consignment and receipts, if any in respect of payment of any local tax or octroi within one month of the date of despatch.

EXPLANATION:—For the purposes of this rule the goods consigned through a railway, shipping or aircraft company or public motor transport service shall not include goods carried as personal luggage through such company or service:

Provided that the Commissioner may, if satisfied that the goods could not be despatched or removed within the period of three months specified in this rule due to any circumstances beyond the control of the parties, extend the period in any particular case by a further period not exceeding three months".

NOTE:—

1. The reduced rates of tax payable in the case of sales or supplies of goods despatched to places in the Dominion of India and the French and Portuguese territories as specified in the above notification are subject to the provisions of Rule 5-C; and if these provisions are not satisfied the tax will be payable at the full ordinary rates as for sales to unregistered persons in the Province of Bombay.

2. The exemption from tax in the case of goods despatched to places outside the Dominion of India other than the French and Portuguese territories as specified in clause (viii) of Rule 5A (1) is subject to the provisions of that clause and the conditions specified in sub-rule (2) of the same rule. If these provisions are not satisfied the tax will be payable at the full ordinary rates as for sales to unregistered persons in the Province of Bombay.

V. L. GIDWANI
Deputy Commissioned of Sales Tax,
Bombay Province.
No: 396|5
Bombay, April 8, 1949. 4009

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY
CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT,
Secretariat, Bombay.

APPLICATIONS are invited from persons of Bombay domicile for the temporary posts of Foodgrains Inspectors under the Food Controller, Bombay.

AGE not more than 35 years.

PAY Rs. 175-15-265 plus dearness allowance and Special Pay of Rs. 50/- per month if posted outside Bombay Province Rs. 35/- per month if posted wthin Bombay Province, but outside Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District subject to certain conditions.

QUALIFICATIONS: —A degree in Agriculture, or in Commerce. Preference will be given to candidates with experience in inspection and handling of foodgrains, pulses and cattlefeed for at least 5 years.

Applications with copies of testimonials should reach the Food Controller, New India Assurance Building, Flora Fountain, Bombay, on or BEFORE 15TH APRIL, 1949. Candidates must be prepared to appear for an interview at their own expenses.

S. M. MOGRE,
Establishment Officer.
9th April, 1949 (4010)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE
Office of the Chief Controller of Imports,
New Delhi, the 6th April 1949.

PUBLIC NOTICE NO. 15CCI/49
SUB: DATE FOR RECEIPT OF NEWCOMER'S APPLICATIONS FOR IMPORT LICENCES EXTENDED.

THE LAST DATE for receipt of applications for import licenses from newcomers for restricted items as prescribed in para 5 of Procedure for receiving applications for import licences for newcomers as published under Commerce Ministry's Public Notice No. 1(4)-ITC/49 dated the 22nd February, 1949, has been extended from the 15th April, 1949, to 30th April, 1949. This extension is final and no applications from newcomers received after 30th April 1949 will be considered. Newcomers should therefore, submit their applications in accordance with the prescribed procedure with the necessary documents so as to reach the Chief Controller of Imports, or other Licensing Authority concerned as mentioned in the Appendix to the procedure by the 30th April, 1949.

P. D. SRIVASTAVA,
For Chief Controller of Imports. (4012)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates domiciled in the Province of Bombay for the post of a Cinematographer in the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Labour Welfare (Welfare Branch) in the grade of Rs. 90-5-140 plus allowances admissible under the rules.

QUALIFICATIONS: Diploma in Cinematography and good experience of production of 16 m.m. Educational Films. Five years' experience preferable. Age limit 30 years. Relaxation possible in a deserving case. Applications stating domicile, age, educational qualifications and previous experience should be forwarded ON OR BEFORE THE 15TH APRIL, 1949, to the Deputy Commissioner of Labour Welfare (Welfare Branch), Wellington Cinema Building, Dhobi Talao, Bombay No. 2. 3997

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 20-5-1949, preferably from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of SECRETARY, REGIONAL ADULT EDUCATION COMMITTEE, MAHARASHTRA. QUALIFICATIONS: (a) At least second class degree or M.A. degree in Arts or Science; (b) B.T. or equivalent degree or diploma; (c) at least ten years' experience after B.T., or equivalent degree or diploma; (d) experience of, and capacity for, field work in social education and (e) knowledge of one of the regional languages of the Province. Candidate possessing pass degree will also be considered if he has shown specially noteworthy ability in administration, or has shown initiative or capacity and has had at least 10 years' administrative experience. PAY: Rs. 200-650 PLUS cost of living allowance, compensatory local allowance, house rent allowance and travelling allowance as admissible under the rules. Higher starting pay admissible in a deserving case. AGE: Ordinarily not less than 23 and not more than 40 years on 1-7-1949, relaxable in the case of candidate possessing experience and good qualifications. No age-limit for Bombay Government servants. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission Bombay," who will also supply full details on request 3990

(For Further Notices See Page 3.)

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on 21 April, 2017

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 21

APPLICATIONS INVITED for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. For others age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7-8-0 (Rs. 1-14-0 for Scheduled Caste candidates) 7TH MAY, 1949. The Crossed Postal Order should be marked payable to Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission at New Delhi Post Office. The Commission may, at their discretion, remit the prescribed application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each post. Candidates from outside India may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. Such candidates should deposit their fees at the Office of the High Commissioner of India or of the Indian Ambassador or of the Government of India's Representative as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications. Two weeks' extension allowed to candidates residing abroad. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

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1. ONE PERMANENT TOXICOLOGIST AT THE INDIAN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE, NEW DELHI, MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. AGE:— Below 40 years. No age-limits for Government servants. PAY:— Rs. 600-40-1000- 1000-1050-1050- 1100-1100-1150. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 800/- may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL—(i) M. Sc. Degree in Chemistry, with Doctorate Degree in Organic Chemistry. (ii) About 10 years' experience in preparation and handling of inorganic and organic insecticides. DESIRABLE:— (i) Knowledge of Zoology or Biology. (ii) Knowledge of fumigation and fumigation practices. (iii) Knowledge of German and French.

2. ONE ASSISTANT RESEARCH OFFICER (EMBRYOLOGY), (2) ONE ASSISTANT RESEARCH OFFICER (ALGOLOGY), (3) ONE ASSISTANT RESEARCH OFFICER (ECOLOGY), (4) ONE ASSISTANT RESEARCH OFFICER (PROTOZOOLOGY) FOR THE CENTRAL MARINE FISHERIES RESEARCH STATION, MANDAPAM (MADRAS), MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. Posts temporary. AGE:— Below 40 years. PAY:— Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.- 30-650-30-800 QUALIFICATIONS :— ESSENTIAL— (i) 1st Class M.Sc. Degree in Zoology (ii) Fishery Research experience (iii) Training in methods of research on Embryology of Fishes and or other animals of fishery importance,Algology (Marine) Marine Ecology Protozoology (Marine) (iv) Experience of original research work as evidenced by publications, copies of which should be sent. DESIRABLE:— Doctorate Degree in Zoology of a recognised Indian or Foreign University.

3. (1) ONE ASSISTANT RESEARCH OFFICER (CARCINOLOGY). (2) ONE ASSISTANT RESEARCH OFFICER (ESTUARINE). (3) ONE ASSISTANT RESEARCH OFFICER (INLAND BIOLOGY) FOR THE CENTRAL INLAND FISHERIES RESEARCH STATION, PULTA CALCUTTA. MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. Posts temporary. AGE:- Below 40 years. PAY:—Rs. 275-25-500-E. B. -650-30-800. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL— (i) 1st Class M.Sc., Degree in Zoology. (ii) Fishery Research experience. (iii) Training in methods of research on Carcinology Estuarine Fisheries Biology Fresh water Fishery Biology. (iv) Experience of original research work as evidenced by publications, copies of which should be sent. DESIRABLE:- Doctorate Degree in Zoology of a recognised Indian or Foreign University.

4. ONE TEMPORARY ASSISTANT FISHERY TECHNOLOGIST FOR THE DEEP SEA FISHING STATION, BOMBAY, MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. AGE:- Below 40 years PAY:- Rs. 275-25-500-E.B -30-650-30-800. QUALIFICATIONS:- ESSENTIAL- (i) 1st Class M.Sc. Degree in Chemistry. (ii) Research experience of Fishery Technology. (iii) Training in methods of research on fish processing and preservation and utilisation of fish wastes. (iv) Experience of original research work as evidenced by publications, copies of which should be sent. DESIRABLE:- Doctorate Degree in Chemistry of a recognised Indian or Foreign University.

5. FIVE OPERATIONS OFFICERS (2 IN THE AIR TRANSPORT BRANCH, 2 IN THE REGULATION AND INFORMATION BRANCH AND 1 IN THE TRAINING AND LICENSING BRANCH) IN THE CIVIL AVIATION DEPARTMENT, MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS. Posts temporary but likely to become permanent. AGE:- Between 25 and 40 years. No age limits for permanent Government servants. PAY:- Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E.B.-30-770-40-850. QUALIFICATIONS:- ESSENTIAL - FOR OPERATIONS OFFICERS IN THE AIR TRANSPORT BRANCH: (i) Service as Commissioned Officer in the R.I.A.F. OR Holder of a Pilot's 'B' licence OR Experience in a responsible capacity with an air transport Company in the operational OR Traffic Departments OR Graduate of a recognised University. (ii) Sound knowledge of the organisation of air transport and the capabilities of transport aircraft. DESIRABLE:- Practical experience as a pilot or other member of an aircrew. FOR OPERATIONS OFFICER IN THE INFORMATION AND REGULATION BRANCH: ESSENTIAL - (i) Graduate of a recognised University. (ii) Experience in an aviation undertaking in connection with the operation or maintenance of aircraft or handling of traffic. DESIRABLE:- (i) Acquaintance with aeronautical maps and charts or training in drawing. (ii) Pilots licence or knowledge of principles of air navigation. (Note:- LL.B. or Bar-at-Law with training or experience in the writing of reports or surveys will be considered as an equivalent qualification). FOR OPERATIONS OFFICER IN THE TRAINING BRANCH: ESSENTIAL - (i) Graduate of a recognised University. (ii) Qualified Accountant, preferably holder of a Government Diploma in Accountancy OR an S.A.S. Accountant with experience in any of the Accounts Offices or the Central or Provincial Governments. (iii) Experience in a Government organisation, preferably in the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies or in any of the branches of the Defence Services, in the procurement, handling and accounting of stores. DESIRABLE:- Experience in aviation either as a pilot or engineer or in an administrative capacity in a Flying Club or Operating Company or in the Air Forces.

6. ONE WELFARE OFFICER AT THE CIVIL AVIATION TRAINING CENTRE, ALLAHABAD, MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS. Post permanent but appointment will in the first instance be made for a period not exceeding three years. AGE:- Between 30 and 45 years. PAY:- Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E.B.-30-770-40-850. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL — (i) Degree in Arts or Science of a recognised University. (ii) Executive experience in educational, industrial or military welfare. DESIRABLE:- (i) Teaching experience and experience of handling educated youngmen. (ii) Knowledge of developing literary, dramatic, debating and other societies and running libraries. NOTE:- The academic qualifications may be relaxed in the case of candidates with considerable experience in Welfare work in any of the branches of the Defence Services.

7. ONE PERMANENT ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL OFFICER, ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL DIVISION, CIVIL AVIATION DEPARTMENT, MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS. AGE:— Between 30 and 45 years. PAY:— Rs. 600-40-1000-1000-1050-1050-1100-1100-1150. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL — (i) Degree in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering from a recognised University and or Associate Membership of a recognised Electrical and or Mechanical Engineering Institute or an equivalent qualification. (ii) Five years' practical experience in actual engineering practice. (iii) Must have carried out the installation design, running, maintenance, repair and testing of electrical and mechanical machinery and equipment for a reasonable period. (iv) Competency to deal with the running, maintenance, repairs and testing of mechanical equipment such as, motor vehicles of all types, crash tenders, mobile floodlights fire extinguishers etc. (v) Workshop and administrative experience in a responsible position for a reasonable period. DESIRABLE: Experience of installation and maintenance of aerodrome lighting, air route beacons and generating plants.

8. 4 JUNIOR ARCHITECTS, MILITARY ENGINEERING SERVICE, MINISTRY OF DEFENCE. 3 posts permanent and one temsixth year) -40-1000-1000-1050-porary. AGE:— Between 30 and 45 years. PAY:— Rs. 600 (up to 1050-1100-1100-1150. QUALIFICATIONS:— (i) Bachelor's Degree in Architecture of British, Australian or American University, OR A.R.I. B.A. OR Fellow or Associate of the Indian Institute of Architects OR G.D. Arch. (New Syllabus) OR School Final Certificate of the School of Architecture, Sir J.J. School of Art, Bombay (ii) Five years' experience in executive posts or practice. NOTE:— The above qualifications may be relaxed in cases of candidates, who may be considered otherwise suitable by the Federal Public Service Commission.

9. 10 TEMPORARY PROVINCIAL NATIONAL SAVINGS OFFICERS (4 IN CENTRAL SERVICE CLASS I AND 6 IN CENTRAL SERVICE CLASS II) AND 4 TEMPORARY DEPUTY PROVINCIAL NATIONAL SAVINGS OFFICERS (CENTRAL SERVICE CLASS II) IN THE SMALL SAVINGS ORGANISATIONS, MINISTRY OF FINANCE. Candidates ranked higher by the Commission will be offered posts in the higher scales of pay. AGE:— FOR PROVINCIAL NATIONAL SAVINGS OFFICERS: Between 35 and 50 years. FOR DEPUTY PROVINCIAL NATIONAL SAVINGS OFFICERS: Between 30 and 45 years. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY:— FOR PROVINCIAL NATIONAL SAVINGS OFFICERS: Class I.. Rs. 600 -40- 1000 -1000 -1050- 1050 1100- 1100- 1150., Class II. (a) Rs. 350-350-380 -380-30 -590-E.B. -30-770-40-850. (b) Rs. 275-25-500-E. B.-30-650. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 1100/-. 710/- and 475 respectively in the above scales may to granted, as a special case, to specially well-qualified and experienced candidates. FOR DEPUTY PROVINCIAL NATIONAL SAVINGS OFFICERS: Rs. 275-25-500- E.B. 30-650. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 475/- may be granted, as a special case, to specially well-qualified and experienced candidates. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL — (i) Graduate of a recognised University. (ii) Organising and publicity experience. (iii) Experience in Small Savings Schemes. (iv) Administrative experience in controlling establishments. DESIRABLE (i) training in methods of publicity and organisation (ii) Degree in Law. NOTE: The above qualifications may be relaxed in the case of Government servants at the discretion of the Commission.

10. ONE MEDICAL OFFICER, SEAMEN'S CLINIC, CALCUTTA, MINISTRY OF HEALTH. Post temporary but likely to become permanent. Other things being equal, preference will be given to a Scheduled Caste candidate. AGE:—Below 35 years. Relaxable for permanent Government servants. PAY: Rs. 275-25-500. Higher initial pay up to a maximum of Rs. 350 - may be granted to a specially well qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS: - ESSENTIAL—Degree in Medicine and Surgery or an equivalent qualification included in the schedule to the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933. DESIRABLE:—(i) Post-graduate qualification. (ii) Training in general clinical work. (iii) Experience in the diagnosis and treatment of Venereal diseases. (iv) Diploma in Tropical Medicine.

11. ONE TEMPORARY RESIDENT ENGINEER, KANDLA, PORT, MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT: AGE:—Below 50 years. PAY:—Rs. 2400-100-2800. QUALIFICATIONS : — ESSENTIAL— (i) High qualifications in Civil Engineering. (ii) Allround experience in a responsible capacity in various branches of Civil Engineering. (iii) Considerable administrative experience. DESIRABLE:—Experience in Harbour Engineering or in harbour and shipping administration.

12. TWO JUNIOR ASSISTANT MATERIALS AND PLANT OFFICERS FOR THE ROADS ORGANISATION OF THE MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT Posts temporary but likely to continue indefinitely. Other things being equal preference will be given to a Scheduled Caste candidate for one of the posts. AGE:—Between 28 and 42 years. PAY:—Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E. B.-30-770 40-850. Higher initial pay may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS— ESSENTIAL (i) Degree or Diploma in Mechanical Engineering of a recognised University or an equivalent qualification (This condition may be relaxed for candidates otherwise suitable, who give evidence of having obtained a good general education). (ii) At least 5 years apprenaiceship in a well-known engineering workshop or its equivalent (A period of training in a similar mechanical engineering drawing office may be included in this qualification up to a limit of two years) (iii) Wide practical experience for at least seven years in the maintenance and repairs of prime movers, at least four years of which should have been spent in a responsible capacity in direct charge of the repairs of mechanical plant. (iv) Proof of capacity to work as an artisan fitter or turner (This condition may be relaxed, where practical knowledge of machinery obtained by the candidate is such that manual dexterity need not be insisted on). DESIRABLE:—(i) Experience of store-keeping. (ii) A good command of English and capacity to carry on correspondence in matters relating to prime movers and their repairs. (NOTE: A candidate, with good general education and knowledge of English, who has completed a five years' apprenticeship in mechanical engineering or its equivalent and has subsequently specialised on procurement and store-keeping and has held a responsible post for at least five years in this capacity, will be considered eligible for one of the posts).

13. TEN CAMERAMEN (NEWSREELS) FILMS DIVISION, BOMBAY, MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING. Posts temporary but likely to become permanent. AGE:— Below 40 years. PAY:— Rs. 500-30-620. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL—(i) Matriculation or equivalent. (ii) At least five years' experience as a motion picture cameraman or three years experience as a newsreel cameraman. DESIRABLE —Flair for news and story sense.

3967

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 22.

APPLICATIONS INVITED for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. For others age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 7TH MAY, 1949. The Crossed Postal Order should be marked payable to Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, at New Delhi Post Office. The Commission may, at their discretion, remit the prescribed application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each post. Candidates from outside India may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. Such candidates should deposit their fees at the Office of the High Commissioner for India or of the Indian Ambassador or of the Government of India's Representative as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications. Two weeks' extension allowed to candidates residing abroad. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he/she appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

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1. ONE LADY JUNIOR PUBLIC HEALTH TEACHER, COLLEGE OF NURSING, MINISTRY OF HEALTH. Post temporary but likely to become permanent. Other things being equal preference will be given to a refugee. Only women are eligible. AGE: Between 25 and 45 years. PAY: Rs. 320-20-400 plus Messing Allowance of Rs. 50/- p.m. Uniform Allowance Rs. 8/5/- p.m., Dhobi Allowance Rs. 4/8/- p.m. and free furnished quarters including free services, water and electricity. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—(i) Matriculation. (ii) Should be a fully trained nurse, midwife and health-visitor and registered as such with one of the Nursing Councils in India. (iii) At lease five years' experience in public health nursing work. (iv) Degree or Diploma in Public Health Nursing. DESIRABLE: Degree of a recognised University.

2. ONE SENIOR SISTER TUTOR, COLLEGE OF NURSING, MINISTRY OF HEALTH. Post temporary but likely to become permanent. Other things being equal, preference will be given to a refugee. Only women are eligible. AGE: Between 25 and 35 years. PAY: Rs. 320-20-400 plus Messing Allowance Rs. 50/- p.m., Uniform Allowance Rs. 8/5/- p.m., Dhobi Allowance Rs. 4/8/- and free furnished quarters, including free service, electricity and water QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—(i) Matriculation. (ii) Must be fully trained and certificated general nurse and midwife registered with one of the Nursing Councils in India. (iii) Three years' experience as a Sister Tutor in a Teaching Hospital. (iv) Sister Tutor Certificate. (v) Public Health Nursing Diploma. DESIRABLE: Degree of a recognised University.

3. TWO PERMANENT ASSISTANT DIRECTORS, IN THE CENTRAL WATERPOWER, IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION COMMISSION, MINISTRY OF WORKS, MINES AND POWER. One post reserved for a Scheduled Caste candidate but will be treated as unreserved, if no such suitable candidate is forthcoming. AGE: Between 25 and 40 years. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs 350-350-380-380-30-590- E. B. -30-770-40-850. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 500/- may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—(i) Degree in Engineering of a recognised University or an equivalent qualification. (ii) Practical experience of design and construction of dams and irrigation works or practical training in or outside India in design for construction of dams and other hydraulic works. DESIRABLE: Experience in research and original contribution to the Science of Engineering.

4. ONE PERMANENT ASSISTANT DIRECTOR (NAVIGATION) IN THE CENTRAL WATERPOWER, IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION COMMISSION, MINISTRY OF WORKS, MINES AND POWER. AGE: Between 25 and 40 years. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 500/- may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—(i) Degree in Engineering of a recognised University or an equivalent qualification. (ii) Practical experience of design and construction of dams and irrigation works or practical training in or outside India in design for construction of dams and other hydraulic works. DESIRABLE: Experience in research and original contribution to the Science of Engineering.

4. ONE PERMANENT ASSISTANT DIRECTOR (NAVIGATION) IN THE CENTRAL WATERPOWER, IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION COMMISSION, MINISTRY OF WORKS, MINES AND POWER. AGE: Between 25 and 40 years. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 500/- may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—(i) Certificate of Competency not lower than First Mate of a Foreign-Going Ship OR First Class Master's Certificate granted under the Inland Steam Vessels Act, 1917, together with a Pilot's Certificate granted by a statutory authority OR Degree in Civil Engineering or Naval Architecture of a recognised University OR Corporate Membership of a recognised Institute of Civil Engineering or Naval Architecture. (ii) At least 6 years' navigational training on inland Water-ways or as a Civil Engineer pertaining to navigational and port works. (iii) At least 10 years' experience in inland waterways, hydrographical surveys and river hydraulics. DESIRABLE: Knowledge of Naval Architecture and Hydraulics pertaining to open channels. (NOTE: A minimum qualification of University Matriculation may be accepted, if the candidate has completed 18 years' of proved experience in hydrographical surveys and investigations pertaining to the development of ports, harbours and inland waterways, 10 years of which must have been spent in independent charge of such operations.)

5. ONE TEMPORARY SUPERINTENDENT, MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENT OFFICE, CALCUTTA, MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY. In partial modification of item No. 7 of the Commission's Advertisement No. 16, which appeared on the 12th March, 1949, it is notified for general information that age-limits prescribed may be relaxed at the discretion of the Federal Public Service Commission beyond the limit of three years in the case of candidates possessing very high qualifications and experience. Closing date extended from 9th April, 1949 to 7th May, 1949.

3968

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 23

APPLICATIONS invited for selection of six permanent Junior Inspectors of Mines for the Mines Department, Ministry of Labour (Central Service Class I), from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian decent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Candidates applying from outside India should deposit the fees with the High Commissioner for India or the Indian Ambassador or the Government of India's Agent as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications. The Commission may at their discretion remit the application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE REFUGEE and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so. Applications on plain paper accompanied by a Treasury Receipt or a Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Castes candidates) and giving the under-mentioned particulars should reach the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi, before the 23rd APRIL, 1949. The Postal Order should be marked payable to the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, at the New Delhi Post Office. 1. Name of the post for which applying. 2. Name and Address. 3. Father's name. 4. Date and place of birth. 5. Domicile. 6 Qualifications. 7. Previous experience. 8. Full details (with dates and salary drawn) of the previous employment if any. 9. Names (with addresses) of 3 persons as references. They should be holders of responsible positions but must not be relations. Appointments terminable by one month's notice on either side during the probationary period. Selected candidates to join duty immediately after selection and will be required to serve in any of the Inspection Circles in India. Posts pensionable. Probationary period two years. Two posts reserved for Scheduled Castes candidates but will be treated as unreserved if no such suitable candidates forthcoming. Persons appointed will be required during the first six years of service to take up overseas training on six months' study leave. AGE: Between 25 and 30 years. Age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. Upper age limit relaxable by three years in case of Scheduled Castes candidates. PAY:— Rs. 500-30-770-40-850. QUALIFICATIONS:— (i) 1st Class Mine Managers' Certificate. (ii) Degree or Diploma in Mining.

(3969)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited before 7-5-1949 preferably from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of SUPERINTENDENT MILK COLONY. All other things being equal, members of Backward Classes will be given preference. Women are not eligible. PAY: 350-1100 PLUS cost of living allowance and compensatory local allowance. The selected candidate will be provided with unfurnished quarters at the Milk Colony for which he will be charged 10 per cent of his salary. Electric current will be charged extra. Till quarters are ready house rent allowance will be paid. Higher starting pay admissible in deserving cases. QUALIFICATIONS: (i) Degree in Agriculture, or Veterinary Science, with Animal Husbandry or Dairying as major subject. OR Indian Dairy Diploma with Honours OR National Dairy Diploma of United Kingdom: (ii) fifteen years' experience of development and management of large dairy farms, agricultural estates or cattle breeding farms under any Government or Indian State or well-organised private concern; and (iii) special experience in cattle breeding or growing of fodder with tank or well irrigation or development of lands for agricultural purposes with tractors, bulldozers, etc. AGE: Not less than 35 or more than 45 years on 1-8-1949: relaxable in suitable cases. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 4 annas stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay," who will supply full details on request. CANVASSING IN ANY FORM WITH DISQUALIFY THE CANDIDATE CONCERNED.

3991

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING SEALED TENDERS for the supply of stationery articles for 1949-50 will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Thursday, the 21st April, 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay No. 1, on payment of Rs. 2/- per each Tender Form.

3989

TATA INSTITUTE OF SOCIAL SCIENCES, ANDHERI, BOMBAY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for post of Registrar from well-qualified candidates with postgraduate degree and administrative experience in colleges or universities. Starting salary Rs. 350 plus dearness allowance Rs. 86. Salary scale will be fixed shortly. Period of probation six months, which may be reduced or waived. Apply to the Director on or before April, the 20th, 1949.

3952

AUCTION SALES

There will be a Public Auction to sell Empty deal wood Aircraft crates on WEDNESDAY, the 13th April at the Aeronautical Inspection Office, Santa Cruz, Air Port.

PUNNAKAL R. S.
for Principal
Cate (1) ALLAHABAD.

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. Property of M. Gordon, Esqr. and others, at Seth Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty Sea Face of complete household and office furniture, 72" ins. Eng. Godrej and Austrian safe, steel almirah, Sewing machine, typewriters, partition, Eng. large ice box Prism binocular, dining, writing and dressing table, show case, Sofa cabinet, Chesterfield, almirah, bed, Electric table fan, gramophone, etc. (S. Tax) T. 40213.

EASTERN AUCTION CO.

****

IN AID OF
MAHATMA GANDHI NATIONAL MEMORIAL FUND
and
THE RAILWAY REFUGEE RELIEF FUND

GRAND FUN FAIR

(including Gogia Pasha, the renowned magician)

AND

OPEN AIR DANCE

will be held in the G.I.P Rly. Institute
BYCULLA
SUNDAY, April 17

FUN FAIR 5 p.m. to midnight
DANCING 8-30 p.m. to midnight.

HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR and RANI MAHARAJ SINGH will be present.

Advance Booking for Dance and Gogia Pasha's first show at G.I.P. Rly. Institute, Byculla.

****

AURORA

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Grand Double Programme
ON THE SCREEN!
M-G-M's Hilarious Laugh Riot!
Red Skelton in
"THE SHOW-OFF"
AND
ON THE STAGE!
The World Renowned Conjurer
THE GREAT GOGIA PASHA
In 45 Minutes Of Baffling Magic Feats!
A Never-To-Be-Forgotten
Feast Of Magic And Laughs . . .
Bring The Entire Family!
(COMPLIMENTARIES STRICTLY SUSPENDED)
Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 a.m.
The Monumental Life Story of JESUS CHRIST!
"THE KING OF KINGS"

A BATTLE OF WITS
BETWEEN A GIRL WHO WAS DANGEROUS
AND A MAN WHO WAS DEVOTED

Rajkamal Kalamandir presents
APNA DESH
directed by
V. SHANTARAM

Starring: PUSHPA HANS (new find), UMESH SHARMA, MANMOHAN KRISHNA, K. DATE.

2nd HOUSE-FULL WEEK
AT
NEW WEST END

Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30. Matinee on Sun. & Holiday at 11-45 a.m.

Plans open—Morning 10 to 12, Evening 4 to 6.

BE PUNCTUAL—DON'T MISS THE OPENING OF THE PICTURE.

11th WEEK ROMANCE MUSIC MIRTH All together in

MADHUKAR Pictures

BAZAR

NIGAR, GOPE, SHYAM & YAKUB

KAMAL

Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sun. and Hol. Mat. 12-30

EDWARD Kalbadevi Road

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 P.M.

ARVIND & ANAND Productions Musical Romantic Comedy which took Bombay by Storm

KHIDKI

REHANA! MUMTAZ ALI V. H. DESAI

TO BE SHOWN IN FIVE THEATRES FROM TODAY

MEETH-BHAKAR

Director: BHALJI PENDHARKAR
Music: KASHALKAR

Starring:
VITHAL, CHANDRAKANT, SULOCHANA, SAROJ

SWASTIK AND **KOHINOOR**

in BOMBAY

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 & 1 P.M.
Adv. Bkg. 10 to 12 and 3 to 6

Now Being shown in
NASIK, POONA & KOLHAPUR

MANEKLAL, CHUNILAL SONS LTD. RELEASE

PALACE

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

Exciting New Loves Of Robin Hood And His Merry Men . . . And Maids!

ALEXANDRE DUMAS' PROUD PRESENTATION

"THE PRINCE OF THIEVES"

JON HALL, PATRICIA MORRISON

Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 a.m.
LIFE OF LORD JESUS CHRIST!
"KING OF KINGS"

Remember—

REHANA

is quite different in Chowdhary Production's

Nai Baat

with Amar, Sadiq, Mukesh

Directed by CHOWDHURY & BHALCHANDRA

2ND WEEK

MINERVA

3-30, 6-30, 9-30

Sun., Hol. Mats. 12-30

A.W.I. Th. Ltd. Release

SHOWING FOR ONE WEEK ONLY!

HIND-MATA

PAREL

Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
Matinee Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.

MAHARANA PRATAP

ISHWARLAL, KHURSHID, MUBARAK

Sunday Morn. 10 a.m.
CRY WOLF

Next Friday:
MERI BHABHI

NEPTUNE

Opp. Bandra Station. Phone: 89419.

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m. Sun. Holi. 1 p.m.

Now Showing! FILMISTAN'S

LEELA

SHOBHA, VEERA, KANU ROY.

JOIN THE CROWDS AND ENJOY MINERVA'S RIP-ROARING COMEDY OF THE YEAR

DAWLAT

Directed by: SOHRAB MODI

Starring: MADUBALA, MAHIPAL, E. TARAPORE, SEETA BOSE & JANAKI DASS.

THE APRIL FOOL OF THE SILVER SCREEN"

Story: ACHARYA ATRE
Music: HANUMAN PRASAD
Songs: QAMAR JALALABADI

6th COMBINED WEEK IN BOMBAY AT

1. CENTRAL — Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 Sun & Hol. 12-30 Adv. Booking 10—12 & 4—6.
2. NEW ROSHAN — Daily: 2-30, 5, 7-30 & 10. An M.B. BILLIMORIA & SON Release.
3. KISMET (Cadell Road.) — Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30 Sat. & Sun. 1 p.m.

ROMOLA

THE BEWITCHING

Comes with a MESSAGE OF TOLERANCE and HUMANITY

in MAYA ART PICTURES

HAMBHI INSAN HAIN

with DEV ANAND and others

Producer: GHANSHYAMDAS Director: PHANI MUZUMDAR

FROM FRI. NEXT 15TH APRIL at

MINERVA

A TRIUMPH PICTURES LTD.'S RELEASE

Advance Booking starts from Monday.

FILMS TO SEE THIS WEEK

Indian News Review

A kaleidoscopic glimpse of varied Indian activities is given in the latest news review produced by the Films Division. News flashes from all over the country, light and serious events pass rapidly over the silver screen—from famine relief in Gujerat, the visit of the Egyptian journalists to Sewagram, the departure of the first batch of colonists to the Andamans, to the National Hockey Championship match played between East Punjab and West Bengal at Delhi.

The highlight of the reel, however, is the Asian Aquacade the first show of its kind organized in India. The grace and beauty of swimming demonstrated by a bevy of Bombay girls is a sight to feast the eye.

"NAI BAAT"

At Minerva

Audiences find it delightful to see Rehana as a demure family girl in "Nai Baat". Then the idea of a child of one community being adopted by a man of another has a distinct human appeal. "Nai Baat" is the story of a family uprooted by misfortune. The father is wrongfully restrained by a miscarriage of justice and his children get lost. They are separately befriended by kind-hearted souls and, when grown up into youth, feel an inexplicable attraction towards each other. This is at first misconstrued and much heart burning ensues until lucky circumstances put everything right again.

Considering the several new faces and new efforts by fresh craftsmen, "Nai Baat" has turned out to be a good two-hour entertainment.

Munawar Sultana

"USHA—HARAN"

At Super

Prakash pictures' tale of two loves "Usha-Haran" is running for the sixth week at Super. This popular tale from the Mahabharat is interestingly told on the silver screen. Director Shantikumar has handled the subject with understanding. Ratnamala, Aroon, Jeevan, Indu and Ullahs give fine performances, in the main roles.

"CHANDA KI CHANDNI"

Jaisinh have secured one more picture. It is I. A. Productions "Chanda Ki Chandni" starring Rehana, Jairaj and Veera.

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

CAPITOL:
"THE TRIUMPH OF YOUTH" (In Russian Colour).

SWASTIK, KOHINOOR:
"MEETH BHAKAR" starring Vithal Chandrakant, Sulochana, Powar, Anjani, Jaishankar, Bakre and Saroj.

LIBERTY:
"ANDAZ" starring Nargis, Dilip Kumar, Cuckoo, V. H. Desai and Raj Kapur.

CENTRAL, NEW ROSHAN KISMET:
"DAWLAT" starring Madhubala, Mahipal, Eruch, Tarapore, Seeta Bose and Janaki Dass.

KAMAL:
"BAZAR" starring Nigar, Shyam, Gope and Yakub.

NOVELTY:
"ACTRESS" starring Rehana, Prem Adib, Meena, David and Misra.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE, JAI HIND, RIVOLI AND BANDRA-TALKIES (BANDRA):
"CHANDRALEKHA" starring T. R. Rajkumari, M. K. Radha, Ranjan, Sundari Bai, Yashodhara Katju.

MAJESTIC:
"SAKHARPUDA" starring Sumatee Gupte, Damuanna Malvankar and Baburao Pendharkar.

SUPER:
"USHA-HARAN" starring Ratnamala, Arun, Jeevan, Yashodhara Katju, Indu and Ulhas.

IMPERIAL:
"BARI BEHEN" starring Suraiya, Rehman, Ulhas, Pran and Geeta Bali.

EXCELSIOR:
"BAGHDAD KA CHOR" starring Sabu.

CITY LIGHT (MATUNGA B.B.):
"KISMET" starring Ashok Kumar Mumtaz Shanti, and V. H. Desai.

BROADWAY (DADAR):
"PUGREE".

ROXY:
"ZIDDI" starring Kamini Kaushal, Dev Anand, Veera, Kuldip, Pratimadevi, Indu, Pran, Monsin and Nawab.

MINERVA:
"NAI BAAT" starring Rehana, Amar, Sadiq and Mukesh.

NEW WEST END:
"APNA DESH" starring Pushpa Hans, Umesh Sharma, Manmohan, K. Date and Sudha Apte.

LAMINGTON AND LIDO CINEMA:
"GRIHASTI" starring Yakub, Lalita Pawar, Sulochana Chatterjee, Sharda, Kuldip, Masud and Mirza Mushraff.

CHITRA:
"ANJANGARH" starring Sunanada, Ajoykumar, Roma Nehru, Bipin Gupta and Hiralal.

HIND MATA (PAREL):
"MELA" starring Nargis and Dilip Kumar.

FILMDOM'S LAST TRIBUTE TO CHANDRAMOHAN

Magnates and stars in the film line pay their respects to the memory of the late Chandramohan, David, Prithviraj, and Jivan are seen on the left. On the right are Messrs. Shantaram, Vijaya Bhatt and Jagirdar.

"ANDAZ"

At Liberty

Towards the end of the third week now, no doubt remains of the hit "Andaz" has made; Picturegoers have found in it a work of art well-nigh perfect, its visual beauty matching its ear appeal, the lavishness of its scenes balancing its rich sentiment, its clean finish paralleling the clarity of its theme.

"Mehboob" puts across a simple straight idea—a foreign culture grafted on to youthful Indian minds can lead only to misery. The heroine demonstrates what happens to a girl who cannot firmly disentangle herself from a boy friend even when she is married. She reveals the dangers of seemingly harmless freedom, she displays the incompatibility of western ways and eastern ideas on family life. Dilipkumar with his free and easy manner and Raj Kapur with his lively devilry give able performances as the two boys in the girl's life.

"Andaz" has drawn an entirely new class of audience, usually patrons of foreign pictures, they come to the "Liberty" theatre out of curiosity and go away impressed.

"GRIHASTI"

At Lamington

Aina Picture's "Grihasti" celebrates the Silver Jubilee of its run in Bombay at Lamington this week.

"Grihasti" develops the theme that true domestic happiness lies in making the most of what one has got. The story is set in a typical Indian atmosphere. The sense of self-denial dominates the picture in the character of the wife played by Sulochana Chatterji, of the mother portrayed by Lalita Pawar and of the sister represented by Sharda.

Director S. M. Yusuf has handled the situation with a fine understanding of the social conditions and reasons thereof. This direction rises to heights when demanded by the situation.

Sulochana Chatterji and Yakub give brilliant performances. Lalita Pawar, Sharda give fine performances Mirza Musharaff furnishes comic relief.

"ZIDDI"

At Roxy

Bombay Talkies' latest production "Ziddi" now running to packed houses at Roxy since its release on March 19, is novel product which so many people have been saying is needed to renew the screen's vitality.

The story written by the famous Urdu novelist, Ismat Chugtai, relates the trials and tribulations of a sensitive young artist who falls in love with a common girl. The boy is further helped in his ambition by his uncle who in his youth had undergone a terrible disappointment in his own love-affair as a result of opposition from his elders. The uncle's part is effectively played by the veteran Nawab while Kamini Kaushal as the servant girl and Dev Anand as the sensitive lad have given realistic portrayals.

Producers Ashok Kumar and Savak Vacha and director Shahid Lateef have given us a clean picture.

"NARSINHA MEHTA"

Indian National Theatre, after a long time, returns to the stage, this time presenting the life-story of Narsinha Mehta, the great poet-saint of Kathiawar, in a ballet by the same artistes of glorious 'Mirabai' and 'Amrapali', enriched by typical music and composition of Gujerat and set against the background of the folk-life of Kathiawar.

The Dance Direction is being handled by Shri Yogendra Desai and Shri Bipin Sinha, the talented Art Directors of the Indian National Theatre, while the popular poet Shri Avinas Vyas has written and composed the songs. This ballet will be presented on April 23 and 24 at 'Rang Mandir', a specially constructed stage at Madhav Baug C. P. Tank.

"CHOBEJI"

"CHOBEJI" produced by Kashmir Films which is scheduled for an early release at the local Majestic, is destined to set a new vogue in screen comedies on account of its refreshing story structure and a still more novel filmic presentation.

Dikshit, around whose peculiar personality the entire story structure of "Chobeji" has been built, dominates the picture. He probably puts up the most outstanding performance of his career in his present assignment. It is perhaps for the first time that Dikshit has been called upon to play a role which is neither slap-stick nor serious but just balanced. Tragedy alternates with comedy in the situations through which he has to wade his way towards the climax. But whether it is comedy or tragedy it is not without humour in it. As such in situations where the audience would ordinarily shed a silent tear it would bear a smile while in situations where an artist of lesser abilities would find himself embarrassed Dikshit would elicit irresistible laughter. Unbelievable it might appear-none-theless it is very true—that Dikshit himself considers his performance in "Chobeji" as the crowning achievement of his career.

"JANMAPATRI"

"Janmapatri", written and directed by K. P. Shahani under the banner of Popular Productions, is a socio-musical comedy, loaded with laughter, lilting music, powerful dialogue, pretty dances which highlight the picture and eight songs all of them guaranteed to prove hits. This was the remark passed by the distributors when they previewed the rushes at Central Studios last Monday.

The picture has for its cast, Sudha Rao, A. Shah popularly known as Udharchand Shikarpuri, Zebunissa who returns to the screen as the greatest character actress in this picture, Hamid, Leela Gupte, Vijay Kumar, Chandabai, Pran, Khatana and Sushila in the major roles. The lyrics and dialogue are from the pen of Aziz Kashmiri (of Chaman fame), photography by T. R. Joshi of Pancholi studios, audiography by Navin Shah and tunes by Sundaram and Gulshan Sufi.

"MERI KAHANI"

Emotions in their elemental form are depicted in Super Team Federal Productions' "Meri Kahani" which is booked for release at a leading Picture house of Bombay.

"Meri Kahani" tells the tale of a woman who has to suffer much at the hands of the highly sophisticated and advanced society for no fault of hers. The highbrows take delight in pricking at the simplicity of a girl from village. Munawar Sultana plays the leading role with artistry. Surendra, Pratima Devi, Ramesh Sinha and Murad give fine performances. Comedian Bhudo Advani adds more laughters. Director Keki Mistry, who is also responsible for its Photography, has handled the subject in its various aspects with proper perspective.

Britain Introduces Television In Australia

LONDON, (By Cable).

Television has just been successfully demonstrated for the first time in Australia by British manufacturers in conjunction with an Australian firm.

Complete transmission equipment, together with receivers, had been flown out from England to Melbourne, the equipment being similar to that used by the British Broadcasting Corporation. The clear definition obtained during the demonstration is stated to have proved a strong argument in favour of the British 405-line system.—L.P.S.

Learning English By Radio

LONDON, (By Cable).

A film of "English by Radio" for distribution overseas is going shot at the B. B. C. in London. It will show row thousands of people all over the world learn English by listening to a series of radio programmes. The film is sponsored by the British Council.

"English by Radio" began in July 1943 with daily five-minute broadcasts to Europe intended to encourage listeners on the Continent to brush up their knowledge of English in preparation for a Allied landing. The idea soon proved its value and today the Overseas services of the B. B. C. broadcast English lessons all over the world.

The series for listeners in the Far East is entirely in English. Over 200 lessons are now put out by the B. B. C. every week, occupying some 50 hours of broadcasting time. This output is supported by the publication of large numbers of booklets and by recorded lessons made by the Corporation for re-broadcasting from local stations abroad.—L. P. S.

DREAMY LOVE that came TRUE

PRAKASH Pictures

USHAHARAN

Ratnamala • Aroon • Jeevan Ulhas
Director: SHANTI KUMAR
6TH WEEK

SUPER

Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sun., Mat. at 1 p.m.
An Evergreen Release

"ARZOO"

Indian National Pictures, Ltd., after a brief recess promise once again to hit the headlines with their ambitious production programmes. Their Production "Arzoo", a fast-paced, heart-breaking social, the 'mahurat' of which was performed with great eclat on April 2, at the Famous Cine Studios, will be directed by Shahid Lateef from a story by Ismat Chugtai. Majrooh Sultanpuri has contributed the songs which will be set to the music of that melody wizard Anil Biswas. Starring Kamini Kaushal, Dilip Kumar, Shashi Kala, Gope and Sita Bose, all names to conjure with at the box office, "Arzoo" is progressing on the sets.

PROVINCIAL PREMIERS' CONFERENCE

Adibasis' Problems Discussed

NEW DELHI, April 8. (API)—The first session of the two-day Provincial Premiers Conference was held at the residence of the Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, this morning and considered problems relating to Adibasis and other tribal people.

Sardar Patel presided over the meeting which was attended by the Premiers of West Bengal, Bihar, the Central Provinces, Assam and Orissa.

According to an official communique issued at the end of the session, unanimous conclusions were reached on all points, particularly the need for urgently implementing the measures of Provincial Governments for improving the living conditions of tribal people.

It is understood that a joint statement will be issued tomorrow on the problem of the tribal people.

The official communique said: "Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel held a conference this morning with the Premiers of West Bengal, Bihar, the Central Provinces, Assam and Orissa to consider problems relating to Adibasis and other tribal people.

"Unanimous conclusions were reached on all points and, in particular, on the need for urgently carrying out the measures initiated by the Provincial Governments for improving the living conditions of these people."

Sarat Chandra Bose In City

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose arrived in Bombay today by plane from Calcutta in connection with the conference of Leftist groups which will meet here in the afternoon. The object of the conference, convened by Mr. Bose, is to consolidate and co-ordinate the activities of all Leftist parties in the country with a view to forming an effective Opposition.

Leaders of Peasants and Workers Party of Maharashtra have also arrived in the city to take part in the conference.

IN THE NOBLE TRADITION OF "WOMAN"

MEHBOOB now presents the 'Free' Modern Girl:

ANDAZ

*NARGIS, *DILIPKUMAR, Cuckoo, V. H. Desai & *RAJ KAPOOR

A MEHBOOB Creation with Naushad's Music

LIBERTY Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30

Plans Open 10 a.m. to 8-30 p.m. All Classes.

"SHOWPLACE OF THE NATION" A JAYSINH Release.

REVIVED BY POPULAR DEMAND!
—THE PICTURE THAT HAS BROKEN ALL PREVIOUS RECORDS

THE TRIUMPH OF YOUTH

(IN RUSSIAN COLOUR)
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
FROM TODAY AT

CAPITOL

A DIAMOND Release.

HAVE YOU YET SEEN?
FILMISTAN'S
MOST POPULAR SCREEN PLAY

Actress

Starring: REHANA, PREM ADIB & MEENA

IF NOT, SEE IT NOW IN THE 9TH WEEK AT **NOVELTY** USUAL TIMINGS

"ZIDDI will restore your faith in Indian Films".—MARCH

BOMBAY TALKIES' Latest Masterpiece

ZIDDI

Starring: KAMINI KAUSHAL, DEV ANAND, VEERA, NAWAB

Direction: SHAHID LATIFF
Music: KHEMCHAND PRAKASH

4th WEEK Daily 3-15, 6-15 9-15 Sun. Mat. 12-15 p.m. PLANS OPEN **ROXY**

Ceylon Recover After Early Collapse Against Pakistan

CENTURIANS JAYAWICKREMA AND D. SARAM IN FRIGHT STAND

COLOMBO, April 8 (PTI-Reuter): The second "Test" match between Pakistan and Ceylon began at the Colombo Oval in fine weather today.

Earlier during the week there were heavy showers but the groundswoman, Marie Amma, had the wicket rolled out in beautiful condition when the home captain Derrick Saram, after winning the toss, sent in Makin Salih and Rodrigo to open Ceylon's innings against the bowling of Khan and Anwar.

Ceylon made a disastrous start losing three wickets for only 16.

Both the opening batsmen found Khan difficult to play and eventually succumbed to his pace attack. Salih was out for one in Khan's very first over when he snicked a catch to Imtiaz behind the wicket. Rodrigo left immediately afterwards, clean bowled. The score then was seven, and three runs later another wicket that of Abeyasekera, fell. Facing Maqsood, who had displaced Anwar, Abeyasekera edged a catch to Murawat at first slip.

Derrick Saram and Jayawickrema, then coming together for the fifth wicket, offered stubborn resistance. They however found runs difficult to get against excellent bowling. Khan in particular troubled the batsmen and in his first spell of six overs he conceeded only nine runs for two wickets.

Playing cautious cricket and scoring mostly in singles and twos the pair carried the score to 49 before Khan coming in for the second time claimed Jayawickrema's wicket. Jayawickrema in attempting to turn the Pakistan race bowler gave Amin at fine leg an easy catch. Gunasekera then came in and sent up 50 of the innings in 80 minutes. Playing with supreme confidence he and Derrick Saram retrieved Ceylon's position to some extent and by lunch had taken the score to 83 for the loss of four wickets.

Bright cricket was witnessed after lunch with both batsmen continuing to share with confidence. 100 of the innings was signalled after 125 minutes' play and at the same time 50 of the fifth wicket partnership were registered.

The Pakistan captain varied his attack frequently—Khan, Fazal, Chippa, Anwar taking over in turn—but these changes made no impression on either Gunasekera in particular played very aggressive cricket scoring very much faster than his captain and eventually caught up with him when the latter was in his sixties.

When 150 went up as a result of 105 minutes' play the fifth wicket partnership had put on 100 runs.

Khan and Anwar came on with the new ball at 178. But Gunasekera hoisted 200 of the innings in as many minutes with a full blooded drive to the ropes off Anwar, and shortly afterwards he completed his century in 117 minutes, including 14 fours. His captain had then made 77. At 215 Saeed tried his seventh bowler, Nazar. This change should have brought immediate results had a flick from Derrick Saram, who then was 77, been accepted by Fazal at first slip.

Derrick, Saram and Gunasekera were still batting at tea time, which was taken with the score at 215 for 4 wickets.

The partnership of De Saram and Gunasekera was broken by Khan with the addition of 15 runs to the tea score. Gunasekera attempting to pull Khan gave a low but hard catch to Saeed at mid on. The Pakistan captain took it brilliantly, stretching himself flat on the ground.

Gunasekera who was at the wicket for 145 minutes gave display of bright cricket. His 120 included 16 fours. His stand with De Saram realised 181 runs for the fifth wicket.

Before close, De Saram was dismissed to a catch by Imtiaz behind the wickets when he was 118. When stumps were drawn, Ceylon had made 291 for 9.

CEYLON. (FIRST INNINGS)

Makin Salih c Imtiaz b Khan 1; Rodrigo b Khan 2; De Saram c Imtiaz b Fazal 118; Abeyasekera c Murawat b Maqsood 2; Jayawickrema c M. Amin b Khan 15; Gunasekera c Saeed b Khan 120; Coomaraswamy lbw Chippa 7; Wijesinghe c Imtiaz b Fazal 10; Navaratne batting 5; De Zoysa c Saeed b Fazal 0; Wadsworth batting 0; extras 11; Total (for 9 wickets) 291

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Khan 26-6-66-4; Anwar 9-1-34-0; Maqsood 12-3-36-1; Fazal 20-6-40-3; Chippa 18-0-58-1; Amin 8-0-47-0; Nazar 1-1-0-0.

TIMES SHIELD SEMI-FINAL

23 Wickets Fall On Opening Day

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Semi-Finals of the Times Cricket Shield commenced at the Islam Gymkhana Ground. Kennedy Sea Face and Hardcastle and Waud Sports Club are opposed by Tata's.

Bowlers dominated the days proceedings and as many as twenty-three wickets fell in the course of the day. Hardcastle and Waud were dismissed for a rather poor total only 103. D. G. Phadkar, India's opening bowler captured 8 wickets for 30 runs, proving a terror to his opponents.

But, Tata's were not to have things their own way for in reply they compiled only 170 runs with all their batsmen out. Jasu Patel did exactly what Phadkar did and so he returned a remarkable bowling analysis, capturing 7 wickets for 79 runs.

But, for gaining this first innings lead Tata's have to thank M. M. Gonsalves who scored 75 runs. He was ably supported by P. Madon, who scored 36 runs. Tata's were able to establish a first innings lead of 67 runs.

Tata's were all out for 170 runs and Hardcastle and Waud in their second innings have scored 60 for 3 wickets. The match is being continued till Sunday.

The following were the scores:—

Hardcastle and Waud 103 (M. S. Patel 42, D. G. Phadkar 8 for 30) and 60 for 3 wickets.

Tata Sports 170 (M. Gonsalves 75, P. Madon 36, J. M. Patel 7 for 79).

W. I. BILLIARDS SNOOKER TOURNEY

Selvaraj And Hirji Likely To Take Part

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Run, under the auspices of the Provincial Billiards Association, the Western India Billiards and Snooker Championships, 1949 will be held at the Islam Gymkhana from Monday the 25th instant.

The championships are open to all amateurs who are either members of an affiliated club or are directly affiliated to the Association.

The preliminary rounds of the Billiards Championship shall be of ONE SESSION, and the Quarter-finals of TWO SESSIONS, the Semi-finals and Finals of FOUR SESSIONS each. A session being a period of exactly two hours. The four session games will be played over two days. There will be an interval of one hour between each session.

In the Snooker Championship best of three frames will be played during the preliminary rounds, best of 5 frames during the quarter-finals and Semi-finals, and best of 7 frames during the final.

Entries close on Thursday the 21st instant.

In the Snooker on Thursday the National Billiards and Snooker Champion, and C. Hirji another well-known player will participate.

AHMED SAILOR CUP FOR ST. XAVIER'S H.S.

Inter-School's League Concludes

BOMBAY, Friday.

St. Xavier's High School won the Ahmed Sailor Cup, which is presented for a Inter School's Hockey League. This evening they beat St. Mariy's High School by the odd goal in three.

Neville D'Souza put St. Xavier's in the lead in the opening half and Ayres D'Souza further consolidated his sides position in the second period, but St. Mariy's reduced the margin through Caston.

St. Xavier's ran out winners and they certainly what came to them for they maintained an unbeaten record except for drawing one game and that with Antonio D'Souza High School.

At the end of the game, Mr. Llanddin distributed the prizes to the winners.

NADKARNI FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT

BOMBAY, Friday.

Bombay Gymkhana opened their season well by accounting for Karnatak Sporting Club by a solitary goal in the Nadkarni Football Tournament.

After both the periods of play proved of no avail both sides struggling hard to gain the all-important goal, it was only in extra time of play that Jones scored for Bombay Gymkhana.

Earlier, in the Summersgill Football Tournament Globe Sports accounted for Bhee Eagles by a simple goal scored by Janki.

EASY WIN FOR H. AIRCRAFT

Aga Khan Hockey Tournament

BOMBAY, Friday.

Hindusthan Aircraft Bangalore 2
Young Sports 0

Making a somewhat belated appearance in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament the Hindusthan Aircraft from Bangalore did not experience much difficulty in accounting for the local Young Sports by two goals to nil, centre-forward Fitzgerald scoring both the goals one in each half of the match.

Very early in the game the Bangalore side forged ahead largely due to some fine work by Rajgopal now playing at inside-left instead of on the wing, which position he displayed excellent form during the last season. He was instrumental in starting moves which culminated in the two goals of the match.

For his work Rajgopal had a very good centre-forward in Fitzgerald who showed good dribbling ability as well as sound anticipation. Between Domingo on his right and Rajgopal on his left Fitzgerald was always a potential danger to the local goal.

McBride and Archur, the deep defenders of the winners were also in grand form and reduced the attacking capacity, such as it was of Young Sports. Between them they eliminated most of the work of Deshmmuthu between the bars.

The local side had nothing to commend them save an untiring centre-half who made up by his enthusiasm and energy what he lacked in skill and craft. Choug, with indifferent wing-valves to support him bore most of the burden of the Bangalore attack and quite often succeeded in breaking up good moves. The deep defence in Alexander and Janereson was useful without ever being particularly brilliant.

The quintette of the Young Sports was far from complete. Indeed it needed almost five players to render it complete. Perhaps the only player who tried valiantly and vainly to pierce the rival goal was centre-forward, F. E. D'Souza, who, however, received hardly any support from any of his colleagues.

The Teams:

Hindusthan Aircraft Bangalore—Deshmmuthu, McBride and Archur, Veeraraghavan, Umi Krishnan and V. V. Naidu, Natesh, Domingo, Fitzgerald, Rajgopal and Somu.

Young Sports—J. Lopez, Alexander and Jamieson, Agre, Choug and Poonawalla, Francis, S. D'Mello, F. E. D'Souzza, H. Gonsalves and Duarte.

CRICKET CAPTAIN FOR ENGLAND

Another Search Rendered Necessary

LONDON, April 7. (PTI-Reuter)—England will have to start another search for a cricket captain following George Mann's announcement that he must "get back to the brewery"

He is associated with other members of his family in the beer business, but the successful manner in which he led England to victory and an unbeaten record during the South African tour suggested that he had made his position safe for a few seasons. More particularly as he proved himself a player for the occasion quite apart from his ability as captain.

On reaching England, however, after the homeward trip from South Africa Mann let it be known that he must concentrate on business after the close of the coming English season.

DIFFICULTIES

The difficulties of combining business with a cricketing life is one of the problems that enter the game. A captain is not only a very wealthy man with no business time, but also with great cricketing ability, able to do what some professionals have done since the war. That is, play throughout the summer in England and then travel to Australia. West Indies and South Africa during the intervening winters—summer time in those parts.

Mann's statement means another captain will be wanted for the tour of Australia during the England winter of 1950-51 and any name which comes to mind when thinking far ahead also brings business ties in the picture.

YARDLEY

Norman Yardley is in that category, otherwise he might have gone to South Africa which would have meant that Mann, even though he has proved himself as a county leader with Middlesex, might never have come to light as an England captain.

The whole problem would be eased if a professional was appointed captain but it will be many years, if ever, before the M.C.C. make such an appointment and so, unless one of the established men such as Yardley and Mann are able to go to Australia, England may well face the tests there with ten first class performers and an amateur, playing because he is an amateur who had been chosen purely as a captain.

EDRICH'S EXAMPLE

Bill Edrich changed from professional to amateur and other well-known professionals might follow his example. One of them might well become England's captain in Australia next year and because they no longer had the professional "tag" they would, presumably, fulfil the main requirements of a man chosen by the M.C.C. to lead England in test cricket.

Rana Pratap And Gentle Whisper Appear Best In Today's Card

By Our Racing Correspondent

The following are my selections for tomorrow's races:—

1ST RACE:
LIRA MAULT — Win
THE CONQUEROR — Next Best

2ND RACE:
WHO KNOWS — Win
POWZIA — Next Best

3RD RACE:
RANA PRATAP — Win
PUT ALL — Next Best

4TH RACE:
AMELIA — Win
KING RICHARD — Next Best

5TH RACE:
LONDON TAN — Win
AARZU — Next Best

6TH RACE:
TASLAROON — Win
LITTLE JOHN — Next Best

7TH RACE:
RAJPUT WARRIOR — Win
BAAZ BAHADUR — Next Best
If ab. GAME BID

8TH RACE:
GENTLE WHISPER — Win
PRINCESSA — Next Best

CHOICE TREBLE
LIRA MALT
RANA PRATAP
GENTLE WHISPER

FLUKES
PRINCE JEHANGIR
COEUR D'OR

Excellent Spurts By Lira Malt And Taslaroon

By Our Track Reporter

The following spurts have been noted this morning at Mahaluxmi:—

OUTER TAN

TASLAROON (R.B.) KENNERETH (Kheem) and YEMIN UL MULK (R.B.) did a brisk three furlongs spurt in 36 1-5 secs. Taslaroon and Kennereth are likely to run well tomorrow.

LIRA MALT (Russell) had the narrow measure of BLUE LOTUS (Cunningham) when covering three furlongs in 36½ secs. The former may win tomorrow.

AJINKYA TARA II (Khandu) and JOE LOUIS (Mull) covered three furlongs in 37½ secs.

KISS MISS (Devaney) made a three furlongs trip in 37 3-5 secs.

DARK ROY (Khade) trounced PROVE IT (R.B.) when engaged over three. He clocked 37 secs. Former strode on tight-reins.

GHIZALA (Kheem) did an easy three furlongs on 39½ secs.

VALIANT PRINCE (Medhe) was not extended when covering four furlongs from 10 to 6 in 54½ secs.

TANTALUM (Russell) covered three furlongs from 9 to 6 in 39 secs.

ONCE AGAIN (Cunningham) was not extended when covering three furlongs in 38½ secs. He is in fine fettle.

RUKSHANA (Raut) moved over three furlongs in 37½ secs. She was in hand.

RACE GRASS

ROHINI (Rosario) did not impress when making a three furlongs trip in 38½ secs.

LONDON TAN (Sawai) showed out from PEGGOTTY (Shaikh) and FOWZIA (Khalil) when sent over three. Timing 36 2-5 secs.

COEUR D'OR (Aurobinda) held GAME BID (Shaikh) when doing an excellent three furlongs trial in 36 secs.

THE JUDGE (Shaikh Ahmed) disposed of JUST WAIT (Md. Khan) when covering three furlongs in 36 secs.

MISSING LINK (Mull) and GIPSY BILL (Md Khan did a noteworthy three furlongs spurt in 35½ secs.

PESSIMIST (Hanuman) and PRETTY TOWN (Md. Khan) did three furlongs in 37 4-5 secs. There was not much to choose between the two.

ZANZAVAT (Shibe) negotiated three furlongs in 37 2-5 secs.

BOB MARSHALL'S GRAND DISPLAY

Records Break Of 335

BOMBAY, Friday:

Bob Marshall, the Empire Billiards Amateur Champion, covered himself with glory this evening on the last of the seven day's exhibition programme in the city. Playing against Percy Edwards, one of the leading players in Bombay, Marshall ran up a break of 335, which is his highest break during his present tour of India. This incidentally is the highest break recorded by an amateur in probably the last ten years or so.

In addition to this Marshall gave various delightful displays of form, and at the Catholic Gymkhana, where he played Edwards, he made in addition to the record-breaking run, Marshall made four other century breaks in a total of 1171 points scored in 93 minutes, which also constitutes a record for fast scoring.

The Empire amateur champion completely over-shadowed his opponents today, and Percy Edwards had to be content with a total of barely 131 points. Marshall's principal breaks in this game were: 168. 105, 116, 93, 123 and 335.

In the only Snooker frame played at the Catholic Gymkhana, Marshall beat A. R. Sequeira by 57 points to 11.

Later in the evening, Marshall gave another splendid performance, this time at the Merchant's Club, where he played a two-hour session of billiards with Govindprasad Mansingh. And during this period he scored 974 points as compared to the 243 run up by his opponent.

Marshall's exhibition of billiards was of an extremely high order, and he made various good breaks, principle among them being two breaks of over two hundred, one of 214 and the other 235. In addition to these Marshall made breaks of 107, 44, 74, 45 and 87.

"REDOUBLE YOUR EFFORTS"

Nagpur Paper's Call To Maharashtrians

NAGPUR, April 7. (API)—The "Maharashtra", a Marathi daily of Nagpur, describes the Congress Working Committee's decision to postpone the formation of linguistic provinces for "a few years" as "a gift to the people of Maharashtra for this year's National Week".

The paper, which has championed the cause of a United Maharashtra Province including the City of Bombay, calls upon Maharashtrians to redouble their efforts and put forth their demand before the Central Government as a united people.

The two English dailies, "Nagpur Times" and "Hitavada" have generally endorsed the Congress Working Committee's decision.

The "Nagpur Times" however, suggests that in the interests of national solidarity" it is desirable that a final decision should be taken while these leaders, (Pt. Nehru, Sardar Patel and Drf. Pattabhbhi Sitaramayya) remain at the helm of affairs".

NEW YORK, April 7, (UPA): Mayor of Munich Dr. Karl Sharnagl made a courtesy call on Mayor William O'Dwyer today.

He expressed the greetings and thanks of the people of Munich to the American people for their aid and rehabilitation to the people of the City of Munich."

FOR CO-OPERATION WITH U.N.E.S.C.O.

Nehru To Open First Meeting Of Indian Commission

NEW DELHI, April 7, (A. P. I.): Pandit Jawaharla; Nehru, Prime Minister of India will inaugurate the first meeting of the Indian National Commission for Co-operation with U. N. E. S. C. O. here on Saturday, April 9, it is learnt.

Leading educationists, including members of the Universities Commission, scientists and representatives of cultural organisations from all over India are expected to attend the meeting.

Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad, Education Minister and Dr. Sarvapalle Radhakrishnan, Chairman of the Executive Board of the UNESCO will address the meeting.

The election of the President of the Commission for Co-operation with UNESCO Sub-Committees for Education, Science and Culture and appointment of the Constitution Committee, are the main items on the agenda before the meeting. The meeting will also riview the report of the Indian delegation to the third general conference of UNESCO at Beirut and consider the programme of UNESCO for 1949 in the light of the priorities fixed by its executive board.

S. I. R. Workers Denounce Communist Tactics

MADRAS, April 7. (UPI)—A resolution stating that the Golden Rock branch of the South Indian Railway Labour Union had no confidence in its present executive "which is dominated by Communists" was unanimously adopted by over 2,000 members of the branch at a meeting held at Tiruchirapalli last night.

The resolution added that the members of the branch had no faith in the Communist flag.

The total strength of the Golden Rock branch of the S. I. Railway Labour Union is about 3,000 members and it is one of the branches of S. I. Railway Labour Association which recently gave strike notice in defiance of the mandate of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation.

After adopting the resolution expressing want of confidence in the present executive, the meeting elected new office-bearers.

HEALTH OF BOMBAY CITY

Health of Bombay during the 14th week of 1949—week ended 2nd April 1949.

The mortality 791 was 4 less than in the preceding week and the death rate registered was 27.6 on the census population of 1941 as against 681 and 23.8 deaths and death rate respectively—for the 14th week of 1948. The present population is ascertained to be 27,40,933 and the death-rate calculated on this population is 15.0. The average mortality for the corresponding week of the preceding quinquennium was 808 and the death-rate 28.2. Out of the total deaths, 200 were among infants under one year of age.

Plague and Cholera were absent during the week. Smallpox caused 134 attacks (including 7 imported one each from Chambur, Madras, Malbar and each from Satna and Santa Cruz) and 50 deaths. There were 36 attacks (including one imported from Mangalor) and 13 deaths from Typhoid fever.

Live births registered during the the week were 955 and the birth rate was 33.3 as against 855 and 29.8 the births and birth rate respectively for the 14th week of 1948. The birth rate calculated on the present population (which is ascertained to be 27,40,933) comes to 18.1. The average number of biths registered during the corresponding week of the quinquennium 1944-48 was 917 births.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, April 8. (API.) Following is the daily weather summary for Friday, the 8th April, 1949:—

Thunderstorm: Rain has been widespread in Assam, West Bengal and Malabar, Thundershowers have occurred locally in the east Central Provinces and southeast Madras and at a few stations in Chota Nagpur Bihar, the west Central Provinces, the south Bombay Deccan and south Hyderabad.

Day temperatures were appreciably above normal over west Rajputana Saurashtra and Cutch and the Konkan.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 9TH:—Thunderstorm rain will be widespread in Assam, Sub-Himalayan West Bengal, Malabar and southeast Madras and occur locally in Gangetic West Bengal and Mysore, Scattered thunder showers are likely in Orissa, Bihar, Chota Nagpur, the adjoining regions of the east Central Provinces, in the south Deccan and along the north Madras coast. Scottered dust or thunderstors are also likely in the west United Provinces and the adjoining parts of the East Punjab.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, April 8 (API.) The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the last 24 hours from 1st April 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours (I.S.T.) on 8th April 1949:

Ahmedafad 108 80 0 0 0 Ahmednagar 101 70 0 0 minus 0.1 Allahabad 101 77 8 0 0 Bangalore 93 71 0 0.7 plus 0.5 Baroda 110 79 0 0 0 Belgaum 93 67 9.4 1.5 plus 1.2 BOMBAY 93 80 0 0 Calcutta 93 68 0.5 0.6 plus 0.4 Cherrapunji 64 55 0.7 .9 plus 5.2 Colombo 88—0 4.8 plus 3.1 Darjiling 52 44 8.2 0.6 plus 0.2 Dehradun 91 62 0 0 minus 0.1 Delhi 97 71 0 0 minus 0.1 Hyderabad (Dn) 98 72 0.1 0.3 0 Jubbulpore 101 69 0 0 0 Kodaikanal 70 51 0.5 0.7 minus 0.4 Kolhapur 97 69 0 0.5— Madras 93 80 0 0.9 plus 0.9 Mahableshwar 87 68 0 0 minus 0.2 Mangalore 92 80 0 0 minus 0.1 Marmagao 90—0 0 0 Nagpur 107 70 0 0.1 minus 0.1 Ootacamund 74 54 0.2 0.7 plus 0.1 Patna 99 70 8 0 0 Poona 102 73 0 0 minus 2.2 Sholapur 102 — — — Simla 67 51 0 0.1 minus 0.4 Surat 103 75 0 0 0

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: (1) Chinese administration notifies that owing to local disturbances no telegram will be accepted for nine north-eastern provinces hitherto known as Manchuria until further notice.

(2) With immediate effect code or cypher is not permitted in telegrams for South Korea. Korean, English and French languages only are admitted. No restrictions on Government telegrams.

(3) Athens and Pireaus offices in Greece are accepting now account traffic only direct from embassies missions, press ministries, air and shipping agencies, and handing over received telegrams direct to these addresses. All other traffic to Greece is subject to indefinite delay.

(4) Urgent service is admitted to and from Reunion Island.

Radio

BOMBAY, Saturday, April 9.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s)

7-30 a.m Govindrao Veriekar Abhang 7-45 Saadat Khan 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Abdul Haleem Jaffer Khan Sitar recital 8-45 News (G).

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-45 p m Saadat Khan 1-0 News (G) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 You Asked For It

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s)

5-0 to 7-45 p.m.

5-0 B B Bhavsar Vocal music 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Malti Pande Bhavgeeten 6-30 Yeshwantrai Purohit 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 Nanu Choksi Geeto 7-30 Film Music

7-45 to 8-0 Interval on Short Wave

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8-0 Nanu Choksi Geeto 8-15 News (G) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News Relay 10-0 Abdul Haleem Jaffer Khan Sitar recital 10-30 Ceshwantrai Purohit.

VARIATIONS

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
353 metres (850 kc/s)

7-45 a.m. News (K) 8-0 Yeshvantrai Purohit 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Malti Pande Bhvgeeten

31.41 metres (9,650 kc/s)
353 metres (850 kc/s)

12-50 p.m. News (M) 1-0 Govindrao Verlekar Bhajans 1-10 to 1-30 Bhavgeeten 1-30 Srinivas Puntambekar Vocal music 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Nabhovanicha Parisarat.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
353 metres (850 kc/s)

6-0 Srinivas Puntambekar Vocal music 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Malti Pande Bhavgeeten 8-30 Kritanek Namaskar 8-40 Musical Interlude 8-45 Feature (M) 9-0 Abdul Haleem Jaffer Khan Sitar recital 9-30 Govindrao Verlekar Abhang 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Around Local Cinema 9-55 Teer Nahin to Tukko

BARODA

250 metres (1,200 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Morning Variety 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Krishnarao Kolhapure Been 8-30 Jyotirdhar B. Desai 8-45 News (G) 6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Krishnarao Kolhapure Been 6-25 Jyotirdhar B Desai 6-35 "Gramjano Mate" 7-0 Leela Khandekar 7-15 Film Variety 7-30 Krishnarao Kolhapure Been 7-45 Savinay Nivedan 8-0 Saj Sangeet 8-10 Local Announcements 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Jyotirdhar B Desai 8-45 Maya Divetya Gujarati songs 9-0 News (E) 9-15 "The Land of Our Choice" 9-30 'Rationing' 10-0 Maya Divetiya 10-15 Leela Khandekar.

ALL-INDIA RADIO: Mr. T. N. Trivedi will speak on "The role of Foreign Capital in India" today (Saturday) at 7 p.m.

GREATER BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE BOARD: Mr. V. M. Thakore, (Manager, Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank) will deliver a lecture on "Federation of Co-operative Societies" at 3-30 p.m. at the Provincial Co-operative Institute, 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, today (Saturday).

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 11, 2005
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akher 9, 1368
Parsi: Avan 9, 1318
Sunrise: 6-27 a.m.
Sunset: 6-54 p.m.
Hightide: 08-26, 21-24
Lowtide: 03-04, 14-44.

To-day's Engagements

IMAMWADA HINDU MUSLIM UNITY BOARD: General meeting of residents at Imamwada, 9 p.m. Mr. S. K. Patil will preside.

CIVIL ACCOUNTS ASSOCIATION: 2nd Annual Social gathering, Sunderabai Hall, 3-15 p.m. Mr. Henry W. Spielman, American Consul in Bombay will preside.

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGAM: Valluvar Day. 8-30 p.m. Sangam premises, Kings Circle, Matunga, A. K. Jayalaxmi presides.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "Who, Where, What is God" is the subject of public Lecture tomorrow (Sunday), at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

BEST WORKERS' UNION: An urgent general meeting of the Union will be held at Kamgar Maidan, Parel, to-day (Saturday), at 9-0 p.m. when the award of the Industrial Court will be explained.

FREE FILM - DEMONSTRATION: Free demonstration for adults only of films showing "Republics of the Western Hemisphere" at 91, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay 6, to-day (Saturday), at 7-15 p.m. (S.T.).

"ABDUL KARIM KHAN SANGIT PRACHAR MANDAL": The fourth music concert of the Abdul Karim Khan Sangit Prachar Mandal will be held on the 10th inst. 1949 at 9 a.m. at Forbes Gujarati Hall, Khan Shaheb Rajabali Khan (Dewas Senior), the well-known Singer and Been Vadankar will sing morning Ragas.

BOMBAY CITY ADULT EDUCATION COMMITTEE: To-day's National week's programme: 5-30 p.m. Parel Municipal Patra Chawl cleanliness campaign 7-8 p.m. Worli Jamboori Maidan cinema show

DR. KETKAR WEEK: Dr. S. V. Ketkar's 12th Death Anniversary falls on April 10. It is proposed to observe a "Dr. Ketkar Week" from that date to the 17th April, and distinguished speakers and students of Dr. Ketkar's literary work are being invited to lecture on subjects of their choice dealing with any aspects of Dr. Ketkar's activities. An attempt is being made to publish the still unpublished volumes of "Praacheen Maharashtra" and reprints of all other work of the late Dr. Ketkar.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE: "Annual Inscpection No. 3 (Bombay), No. XVI (G.I.P Rly.), and No. XXI (B.B and C.I. Rly.) Districts by Her Excellency Rani Maharaj Singh and Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Chief Commissioner, St. John Ambulance Brigade (India) at 8 a.m. to-day (Saturday), at the Cooperage Football Ground".

PRAGATISHIL BANGALI JUBA SAMITY: Social gathering at Mahatma Gandhi Hall (Podar College) Matunga to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m.

GAUDIYA MISSION: Upadeshak Swami Sri Nitaidas Bhaktishastri Rajgalankarji will speak on "Wonderful tolerance of Saints' in English at Sri Gaudiya Math, Gowalia Tank Road to-morrow (Sunday), at 5-30 p.m.

SUBURBAN MUSIC CIRCLE, SANTA CRUZ: A musical concert by Bai Siddeshwari Bai of Benares will be held to-morrow (Sunday), at 4 p.m. (S.T.) in the Gujarathi Hindu Stree Mandal Hall, Tagore Road, Santa Cruz.

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN: A cinema show of "Kashinath" has been arranged in the Liberty Theatre on Friday the 15th April, at 9-30 a.m. by the Bharatiya Stree Seva Sangh for the Gujarat Famine Relief Fund at the usual cinema rates ranging from Re. 0/10/6 to Rs. 3/12/0. Tickets are available at the office of the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 25, Chowpatty Road between 3 and 6 p.m. From 18th April onwards they will be available at the theatre as well.

BOMBAY MOTHERS & CHILDREN WELFARE SOCIETY

Hon. Secretary, Bombay Mothers & Children Welfare Society, DeLisle Road, Bombay, writes:

Lady students desiring to study for (1) The Health Visitor's Diploma Examination of the Bombay Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors' Council, and (2) Welfare Guide's Course of the Bombay Mothers and Children Welfare Society should apply to the undersigned not later than 31st May 1949.

The Course for (1) The Health Visitor's Diploma extends over a period of 12 months and commences from 2nd Monday in June. Applicants for this training should be a Registered Midwife with the Bombay Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors' Council. Midwifery students appearing for their May Examnation may also apply for this course before their results are out, but their applications will be considered as soon as the results are known. Students will be trained in English at the Bombay Health Visitors' Institute and in Marathi at the Poona Health School.

The Course for (2) The Welfare Guide extends over a period of 12 months and commences from 2nd Monday in June. Applicant for this course must have at least appeared for the Matriculation Examination. Midwifery Diploma for this course is not necessary.

The Prospectus and Application Form for either of these can be obtained from the undersigned on payment of annas eight in postage stamps.

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4-15 p.m. Bhopal Wanderers vs. Belgaum New Stars; 5-30 p.m. Tata's vs. C.O.D. Jubulpore

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-15 p.m. Savatram Ramprasad Mills vs. Cathedral O. Boys.

5-30 p.m. Young Comrades vs. Tata's (Nadkarni).

CRICKET

Islam Gymkhana

10-30 a.m. Tata S.C. vs. Hardcastle S.C. (Times Shield Semi-final).

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The Bombay Chronicle

We always like those who admire us; we do not always like those whom we admire.
—LA ROCHEFOUCAULD.

FOOD PLANNING

Frantic efforts have been made in the country to grow more food so as to relieve scarcity and avoid large-scale imports of food at exorbitant prices. But it is now generally admitted that the grow-more-food plans in many provinces have failed to yield appreciable results. Committees and conferences galore have been set up to investigate the causes of failure and prevent it in the future. But they too have availed but little. Naturally there is much dissatisfaction in the country and people are not impressed by Governments resolve to stop food imports by 1951. The Government of India has convened one more conference at Delhi to consider the situation. It is a conference of Agricultural scientists and it has a big agenda before it including questions of bringing additional land under food crops, intensive cultivation, supply of good seeds, irrigation, manure, mechanisation of agriculture, etc. As if anticipating people's scepticism about most such conferences, the Food Minister, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, urged the conference to "aid Government to dispel the scepticism of those who may be feeling that overcoming of food shortage of 10 per cent is too ambitious a programme for completion in six cultivation seasons", that is to say, by 1951.

The conference should of course, be given a trial but not much can be expected by way of speedy results from a body which meets for only three days and has to discuss a dozen topics. It would have been better if the conference had before it a carefully prepared report embodying the facts and figures about the efforts made by different provinces to speed up food production, their results and the probable causes of their success or failure. If the conference has already such a report before it at least its summary should be published to enable the public to offer their own suggestions on the subject. In any case the resolutions and findings of the conference should be promptly published before Government takes any action thereon.

The difficulties about the food problem are not so much in making general all-India plans as in framing detailed ones for different districts suited to local conditions about soil, water facilities, etc. There is greater difficulty in the actual carrying out of these district plans. District-wise planned agriculture to suit the food needs and food-growing capacity of each district has not yet been tried adequately in the country, though it is the only way of making each district as self-sufficient as possible in respect of food. Speaking generally each district has its own peculiarities about soil, food-producing capacity, manure requirements, irrigation, etc. Taking full note of all these peculiarities a competent district committee including experienced agricultural officers and well-informed professional agriculturists should frame a food plan for the district in accordance with the policy laid down by the Provincial Government. If the plan is satisfactory, it should be duly financed by Government.

In too many districts food production is inadequate for the simple reason that the land has been longer starved than the men. For years the land has failed to be fed with the necessary manure and in bad seasons it does not get even enough water. In an informative radio address on Thursday Sardar Datar Singh, Additional Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture, pointed out how both towns and villages have neglected the simple possibilities of making compost manure out of easily available refuse material though such organic manure is excellent food for the soil and can substantially increase the food grains production in the country. As regards irrigation, immediate results can be obtained from modest schemes of well and tank irrigation, financed by Government in the first instance and later by the farmers benefited. For the rest we shall await with interest the recommendations of the Delhi Conference which ends today.

Peace Or Power Politics

Opening in the United Nations Assembly a debate on the future of Italy's former colonies, Sir Mohammad Zafrullah Khan challenged Italy to answer five questions to show whether she had been "a benevolent and beneficent colonial power". They are vital and very relevant questions, if the problem of the colonies is looked at from the point of view of the interests of the inhabitants of those colonies. Signor Cerulli, who was allowed to participate in the debate could not naturally answer those questions. For, what can Italy say about her record in Libya, Eritrea and Somaliland beyond the very well-known fact that the territories and peoples concerned were exploited in every way with brutal and bestial thoroughness for the benefit of Italy and its people? Yet with this record— and it was not a special feature of Fascist Italy alone—Italy is being recommended by leading "democratic" Powers for another long spell of domination over some, if not all, of her former colonies! Where is democracy, where is justice, where is any honesty in this?

But Sir Mohammad Zafrullah's questions are relevant in the case of other contenders to possession of Italian colonies too. The plan is to cut up and distribute them almost as if they were "loot". Why, for instance, should Libya be divided into Cyrenaica and Tripolitania and awarded to separate "trustees", one of them being very likely Italy? Granting that Libya is not fit for immediate independence—though Libya is no more unfit for freedom than, let us say, Liberia and Ethiopia—and that, as the U.S. representative said, "both the welfare of the inhabitants and international peace and security required that Libya should be placed under the trusteeship system", why should it be placed under the trusteeship of European Imperialist powers? Colonies offer temptations to exploitation by big and aggressively economic and political powers. The strongest guarantee that the interests of the colonies and their inhabitants will be safeguarded and promoted as the main and primary concern of the trustee lies in placing them under the charge of those who can have no political or economic stake in their governance. Why should not Libya, an Arab country be placed under Egyptian Trusteeship. Or under Turkish? But that would be unthinkable in the United Nations! The reason lies in that revealing phrase of the U.S. representative that is, "international peace and security". "International peace and security" are a euphemism today for "power politics". And Italian colonies as so many other territories and people, are meant to serve as instruments of "power politics" and—international war.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

WASHINGTON, April 6 (UPA)— President Harry Truman said tonight that he would not hesitate to use the atomic bomb to preserve world peace but that he hoped it would not be necessary.

* * *

Asked in Parliament about the disturbances and murders taking place in Warangal and elsewhere in Hyderabad due to Communist activities, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel said: "the situation was bad, but it has since January 1949 been fast returning to normal."

How fast?

* * *

Addressing a meeting at Chowpathy, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, said the dawn of freedom should bring about a complete change of outlook in every man and woman in the country.

It has. And in several men and women—what a change!

* * *

It was, said Dr. Pattabhi, easy to criticise Government for their acts of omission and commission but the critics should bear in mind the abnormal circumstances through which the country was passing.....

Which is scarcely fair to the critics. If they were to bear in mind the abnormal circumstances through which the country was passing how would they be able to exercise the hard won privilege of criticising Government for their alleged acts of omission and commission.

* * *

Diplomatic and official quarters says a Washington U.P.A. report, do not envisage any possibility of partition of Kashmir "such as has been mentioned in both Dominions in recent days."

But mentioned by whom? Oh sorry, we apologise. We had clean forgotten that great Indo-Pakistan citizen and patriot, the British correspondent of the B.B.C. for India and Pakistan.

* * *

Indians, it is alleged in the same report are understood willing to discuss partition solely on the basis of India's present holding, which would give Pakitan only a small piece of north-western Kashmir. And Pakistan, of course, will give India only Jammu but keep Kashmir with its vale.

With so many helpful Indians and Pakistanis giving all the information about the respective views of India and Pakistan in Washington, Admiral Nimits will have an easy time in Kashmir (went he?)

* * *

In the United Nations Assembly after Sir Mahomed Zafrullah had challenged Italy to answer five questions to show whether she had been "a benevolent and beneficent colonial power", Signor Cerulli, who represented Italy, said he could not make any statement now.

He needn't at any time. Italy has the most powerful self-briefed advocates in the world, who will do all that is needed. Yes we mean the U. S. and its Juniors Great Britain and France.

CITY CORPORATION: WEEK BY WEEK

(By "Citizen")

The first Municipal Corporation in free India constituted on the basis of Adult Franchise entered in the second year, of its life last week. The first thing at the begining of every new year of its life last week. The first is to elect the new Mayor. This time also like last year there was a contest for Mayoralty although the result of it was a foregone conclusion. Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C. and leader of the Congress Municipal Party for almost a decade, was elected by a big majority. He secured as many as 76 votes while his Socialist rival Mr. V. S. Velinkar collected 31 votes. An analysis of the voting for the last year as well as this year will not be without interest. Last year the new Corporation in its very first meeting saw the record attendance of 112 out of the 117 members of the House. If the five Communist members who were either in custody or had gone undergone by the first week of April, 1948 had been able to attend the meeting, the new House would have created a record of hundred per cent attendance. Out of the 112 who were present then 82 voted for the Congress candidate Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas and 28 for his Socialist rival and two abstained from voting. This time the total attendance was 109 and out of these also a couple of members did not vote. The remaining 107 votes were divided between the two candidates in the ratio mentioned above. The result was, of course, a foregone conclusion but the expected poll of 70 for Congress and 40 for the Socialist was upset by the last minute change which brought to the Congress leader eight votes from the Scheduled Caste Federation group of 13.

As the citizens of Bomay know, in the Corporation the Socialists and the S.C.F. group have been functionning as a combined Opposition for the last twelve months. Then what does this voting on the Mayoral election indicate? Is it an end of the entente or was it only a temporary phase? On inquiries in knowledgeable circles I understand that the voting on the Mayoral election by the S.C.F. members was in the nature of an exception and in obedience to the whip of Dr. Ambedkar which was issued as a mark of personal tribute by the Doctor to Mr. Patil. So far as the policy of the S.C.F. group in the day-to-day work in the Corporation is concerned, I learn that they will continue as part of the Opposition as they have done so far.

POINT OF PROPRIETY

The solemnity of the Mayoral election was marred by the point of order raised by the Socialists regarding the right of a convicted Corporator to take his seat in the House. Sardar Pratap Singh who has been fined by a city court for having been a party to a Municipal contract while he was a member of the House, was present at the meeting and this enabled the Opposition to raise the issue. Their objection was not upheld by the retiring Mayor who was presiding over the election meeting. The reason for it was that the member concerned was going in appeal against the decision of the lower court. But, apart from the legal aspect of the matter, it is generally felt in Municipal circles that, since there are organised parties in the House, it should be their duty to see that persons about whose conduct there is reasonable suspicion should be kept out of the House till the matter is finally decided by competent authority. In fact, a local paper has made suggestions to the Congress Party to withdraw the erring member by asking him to resign. After all there must be certain standards of public life maintained and the existence of organised parties should help in enforcing such things. Unfortunately, the experience of the Municipal Congress Party in the past in this particular respect has not been either happy or encouraging. In the House that preceded the present one there were several occasions when the Party had to ask its members to resign from the Corporation, but the instructions were not carried out by the erring members, and in one case at least the party took the extreme step of expelling the member. Decency demands that the Congress Party should advise such members at least to refrain from putting in an appearance in the House so long as their conduct is not cleared.

A Gracious Gesture

The speech that Mr. S. K. Patil made on occupying the Mayoral chair was such as was expected from a person of his standing and from one who has been intimately connected with the Municipal affairs of the city. His declaration that in the Mayoral chair he would belong to no party and would be strictly impartial and hold the scales even between the parties was really welcome. While pointing out that the Municipal Act did not recognise the existence of any parties in the House the fact that such parties did exist could not be disputed and the new Mayor assured the House that all sections would get fair treatment at his hands. It was a good gesture on the part of the new Mayor to call upon the leader of the Socialist Party to second the vote of thanks to the outgoing Mayor which was moved by the leader of the Congress Party.

Mr. Patil also did well in making no promises to the citizens and in fact he frankly admitted that as the leader of the majority party in the House he had wielded sufficient power and all that could be done through the Municipality to improve the condition, according to him, was being done. He would, of course, use the additional advantage of a Mayoralty to serve the citizens still more. He referred to some of the urgent problems before the Corporation and if he can devote his attention to them and produce some quick results the citizens will not fail in appreciating it.

THE RETIRING MAYOR

The retiring Mayor, Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, was the recipient of sincere tributes which he fully deserved. As the first Mayor of a House elected on adult franchise he was the first popular Mayor of Bombay. A man of few words he did the job energetically and worked hard for the whole year. He will enjoy some well deserved rest and may be during the absence of the new Mayor when the latter undertakes a tour of Europe and America, Dr. Mascarenhas will have to act as the Mayor for some time.

COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN

All the Municipal Committees have been reconstituted and the elections of their new chairman have also taken place. All these posts have naturally gone to the Congress Party who are in a majority. I was however surprised to find that just as last year junior members with hardly any experience of Municipal work were put on some of the major committee. This time some junior men are being made chairman of some of the important Committees. Whatever may be the reasons for it, sound Municipal work needs that only experienced and senior persons should be in the chair of any committee.

IN THE SUBURBS

While Bombay was electing a new Mayor the suburbs were engaged in counting the votes in the Parle-Andheri Municipal elections which took place last Sunday. These elections were a lively affair. About 12,000 out of the total of 30,000 voters exercised their right to vote. A 40 per cent. poll in a suburban place where voters are to be brought to the polling booths from distant places, including a few villages in the vicinity, is certainly encouraging. I went round all the eight polling booths and saw that in a number of places election arrangements were hopelessly inadequate and large queues of voters, literally hundreds of voters, had to wait for hours before they could get entry to the small school-room to secure their ballot papers and record their votes. The reason for this as well as for the delay in counting of votes is due to the set of old rules for conducting elections to the Borough Municipalities under a Provincial Act for that purpose which was passed a quarter of a century ago. Things have changed in this country and it is time that the authorities realised that inspite of restricted franchise the number of voters has gone up several times the original number, and, therefore, if elections are to be fair and efficient then a thorough change in these rules is an immediate necessity. At the time I write this, results for four out of the eight Wards are available and I find that the Socialists who had put up 20 candidates in all have so far secured six seats. It is likely that that the remaining results will give them as many more seats and they will be the largest single group in the Municipality. It remains to be seen if the rest will combine against the Socialists or some of the progressive independents will join hands with the largest group which is disciplined and has a definite programme of civic work. Probably by the next week the picture will be clearer. Just now it is too early to hazard a guess.

A proper analysis of the voting will enable us to have a correct idea as to how the system of distributive voting works when there are organised parties, how the minorities, not communal but political, fare and how people use their votes either for a ticket or for popular independent candidates. But such an analysis will have to wait till the relevant and official figures are available.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

The Music Academy

A message from New Delhi announces the establishment of a National Academy of Hindustani Music at Lucknow by the Government of India in co-operation with the Government of the United Provinces. It further gives the news of the formation of a governing body consisting of the representatives of the two Governments and of various other institutions teaching Hindustani music, but it does not furnish the names of the members of the governing body, nor does it indicate how and when the latter was constituted. A message of this type is the latest evidence of the scantiness of publicity given to schemes for the promotion of art and music which the Government of India has on hand. The Hindustani system of music comprises various schools—old as well as contemporary—which are scattered all over the north of the country. The establishment of a National Academy for it would, therefore, be of vital interest to all such schools and should have been treated as a major project at least for the purposes of publicity. The Government ought to issue a detailed statement as regards the aims and objects of the Academy and the procedure adopted for the constitution of its governing body.

Wanted A Broad Outlook

According to the same message, the governing body, in its first meeting held recently at Lucknow, has taken some important decisions. It proposes to set up a department for research in Hindustani music and to undertake post-graduate teaching in all the schools. Both the proposals are laudable; but for the sake of the scope of research and post-graduate teaching, the term "school" needs to be clearly defined. The old and difficult styles of singing like Alap, Dhruvapad and Dhamar have in recent years, receded in the background. They are left with a limited circle of exponents and patrons. The khyal sining is equally beautiful though it is getting conventionalised and stereotyped in the hands of inexperienced vocalists. An institution, which is national in character, should be fully representative of the accredited exponents of all the classical schools. Since khyal singing enjoys today greater popularity as Hindustani music, the domination of the governing body of the Academy by it cannot be ruled out as improbable. An institution like the National Academy is expected to have a broad outlook and to ensure the revival and growth of all the styles of singing. Its scope of research and post-graduate teaching should be extended to all the schools without preference or prejudice. The governing body has also decided that the Academy should have powers to affiliate institutions teaching Hindustani music wherever situated. No institution should aspire to assume such powers unless it has behind itself popular sanction in a large measure. We would like to know whether the several existing music schools were consulted and their consent obtained before the Academy was founded.

Compulsory Education

Addressing the Bombay Secondary Teachers' Association on Friday, Premier B. G. Kher rightly regarded it as the first duty of a Government to look to the development of primary and secondary education, which formed "the basis of the entire educational structure". In accordance with this view, the Bombay Government has decided to spread free and compulsory primary education throughout the province in ten years. Compulsory primary education has so long been neglected that one wishes it could be universalised in a shorter period than ten years. But, apart from the huge cost, involved, the training of a large army of teachers takes time. And without trained teachers there would be poor progress in the village primary schools. Many children may gradually relapse into illiteracy and that would mean much wastage of public money. Moreover, Government has to give special attention to the elementary education of adults in view of our having soon adult suffrage. It will be a proud enough achievement if illiterary could be wiped out and primary education spread throughout the province in the next ten years.

Wanted Higher Grants

While supporting Government's full control over primary education in view of its supreme importance, Mr. Kher disapproved of the idea of full Government contol over secondary education. "We do not want our children", he said, "to be brought up under a totalitarian system of education". Government control need not necessarily mean a totalitarian system. But what those engaged in secondary education really desire is that it should be better financed by Government. Mr. Kher himself admits that secondary education together with primary education is the basis "of a truly democratic educational edifice". For that very reason, secondary education needs ample financial help from Government. At present the fees charged in most secondary schools are too high and prevent numerous students from completing their high school education. The fees can be reduced or at least be prevented from rising higher only if Government gives higher grants to secondary schools.

Eden's Joy

Mr. Anthony Eden, Deputy Leader of the British Conservative Party, has returned home from his trip round the Commonwealth more than satisfied. He is positively happy. Evidently he expected to find a great deal of unpleasantness in India and in Pakistan, and he is overwhelmed by the reception he received. Therefore, he is able now to tell his British audiences that he is full of hope. Mr. Eden said at a luncheon the other day that Commonwealth countries "could help each other and lead the world for the benefit of all countries". Whether they would do this can only be answered in Britain where the chief obstacle to a co-operative Commonwealth has been the party which Mr. Eden leads. Mr. Eden has gone as near admitting that his prejudices were wrong and unfounded as any political leader could do. Once back in the orbit of Mr. Churchill's influence he might possibly moderate his enthusiasm. But it is something that in his first eagerness he has virtually admitted that, if things go wrong with the Commonwealth, the fault will lie with Britain and these Dominions which are insisting on certain formal unessentials. Mr. Eden, runs the message, was encouraged by the clear desire he had found in India and Pakistan to continue in some form or other their partnership in the British Commonwealth if it could be contrived. To Mr. Attlee and his friends who are busily attending to the contriving of just this end, Mr. Eden's satisfaction will be most encouraging.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Evacuees' Property In Pakistan"

Sir,—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is reported to have said that the Government is neither morally nor legally bound to do anything about evacuees' property left behind in Pakistan. Regarding this, let the Prime Minister answer a simple question and thus clarify the position for himself and all. Is Pandit Nehru, or the India Government morally or legally bound to intervene in the Indonesian question against the Dutch? If yes, as they do, then the India Government is a million times over, bound not only to intervene, but to tackle this question to the entire satisfaction of the victims concerned, for the obvious reason, that they formed already part and parcel of India geographically, politically, socially, economically, religiously, and on every conceivable ground. As between the Dutch and Indonesia, India is after all a third party; but she (India) is the party herself concerned and involved as against Pakistan. If in this matter, the present India Government is not inclined to act otherwise, it lends itself to the charge of discrimination and of provincialism, communalism, etc., because, as the central Government for all India, why should it not protect the interests of those portions of the self-same India which, by partitioning in the teeth of opposition of the parties concerned, were drawn into Pakistan.

If Pandit Nehru and other leaders had told us,—who are now the victims of Pakistan,—during their visits to us THEN, collecting funds, and inspiring us into anti-Government politi-cal struggles, that we would receive this PRESENT treatment, instead of the "MILK-and-HONEY" visions of Swaraj, which they promised us, would we have done, what they made us do? Would we have consented to SELF-slaughter by our own acts, inspired and encouraged by them? What reply would the Indian leaders have received from us THEN, had we known the truth of the PRESENT statement of the leaders today?

An agonized cry goes out from our weeping hearts, and says like Wolsely, "Had we served God, as we served our Indian leaders, our condition would not have become what it is....." We feel that our leaders have let us down, in their own peculiar logic. But there is one redeeming feature, one silver lining to the otherwise dark cloud, and that is the sound heart and a feeling mind of our top leaders, which gives us hope that given a clear vision and a stout heart, they will end our dark night soon.

And yet this problem can be satisfactorily solved even without resort to taxing the whole of India.—Yours, etc.,

DAMODAR H. JOTE,
President, Evacuees Relief Camp.

Firestone Strike

Sir,—After reading all that you have published in your newspaper, I cannot resist sympathising with the hard-pressed Firestone Company who seem to have struck a particularly sad patch. You have done a public service in publishing these letters—particularly, that of Mr. V. P. Bapat who thinks evidently that it is heinous sin to want to resume work. If this is so, then some fifty per cent of the workers, according to an earlier writer, are guilty of this offence but are only held back from fear of "victimisation." Mr. Bapat's extraordinary attitude suggests that there is bullying from the so-called workers' sides, too, and of a specially nasty type. No reasonable man reading these effusions from the trouble-makers themselves is likely to feel the least sympathy for them. Only one must pity the workers who are suffering under a terrible tyranny masquerading as a liberator.—Yours, etc.,

ANTI-HUMBUG.

In Praise Of Sweet Oil

Sir,—Some time ago, I learnt from newspapers that the Government are anxious to see sweet oil prices reduced. In my opinion, the prevalent high cost of this oil is due to its use in the manufacture of vanaspati ghee and the latter's adulteration in pure ghee. Vanaspati ghee is consumed to a large extent by the public. There being a negligible difference between the prices of sweet oil and vegetable ghee and thinking that they get ghee to eat at a slight difference in costs, its demand has continued to remain on an increased scale. Sweet Oil, therefore, continues to maintain its prevalent high cost. Not only this but the oil cake is also dear due to the same reason, resulting in the high prices of both the milk and pure ghee. So far, though commented upon very much, no action has been taken to either stop its manufacture or to colour it for its being distinguished. Such introductions by foreigners and the lead followed by Hindi capitalists are highly deplorable. I feel confident that if this manufacture and its export out of Indian Union, if any, are immediately prohibited, the prices of all milk, pure ghee and sweet oil, would automatically come down.

If at all, vanaspati ghee is to be continued to be manufactured the public should be warned about its dangers as were cleared by Haffkine Institute. It should be explained forcibly and uninterruptedly that the use of sweet and pure oil is both cheap and nourishing while the vanaspati ghee is authentically declared as degenerating and harmful. Committees should be formed in all villages and towns in Indian Union by the public to condemn the advocates of vegetable ghee, who do this by misleading advertisements and to start and continue the propaganda till this evil is rooted out, which will also reduce the poverty in India to an extent.—Yours etc.

RANCHHODDAS MADHAVDAS VORA.

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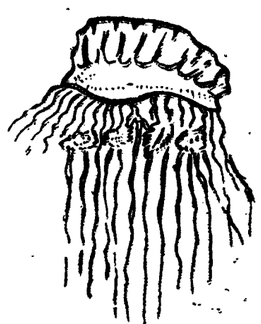
OPEN AIR

One of the most unpleasant creatures to meet while swimming in the sea is the Portuguese Man of War, which is a small animal closely related to the Jellyfish. It is bright blue in colour, and consists of flat disc of jelly-like substance which floats on the surface of the water, with a "frill" across the centre which looks like a sail. Underneath the flat floating disc there are numerous, long, fine tentacles provided with poisonous stings. As the little Man-of-War swims along it injects its poison into any victim with which it may come in contact, and even human beings may suffer badly as a result of the stings it inflicts. It normally appears on our coasts in late May or early June, shortly before the beginning of the monsoon, and we have then to be very careful if we go swimming. This year they have already appeared, for I saw several which had been washed up on the beach during the last week of March. While swimming in the water, they are attractive in appearance, but when they are marooned on the shore they rapidly dry up in a short time they appear just like cellophane paper and can do no longer do any harm.

D. R.



PORTUGUESE MAN O'WAR.

Pattabhi's Plea For Help In Reconstructing India

"BEST TRIBUTE TO MAHATMA IS TO FOLLOW HIS TEACHINGS"

BOMBAY, Friday.

The President of the Indian National Congress, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya exhorted the people of India to follow the teachings of Mahatma Gandhi by helping the reconstruction of the country.

The Congress President was speaking at a tea party given by Mr. S. K. Patil, Bombay's Mayor and President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to representatives of primary and secondary schools at Robert Money School, this evening.

In a brief welcome address, the Mayor said that he was overwhelmed by the response of the schools and colleges for the collection of Gandhi Memorial Fund. In free India, he said, teachers would have to endeavour to inculcate the spirit of national tradition in the minds of the growing generation.

Mr. M. T. Vyas, Principal of the New Era School and President of the Schools Day Committee said that educational institutions had not done what they should have for the country. It was the duty of educationists to teach children to play their part as useful citizens of the country.

The object of the Gandhi Memorial Fund, Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister of Bombay said, was not to raise a memorial like Taj Mahal, but to set up a net-work of organisations and institutions devoted to carry out the mission of Gandhiji and help the task of the reconstruction of India. He added that remedies suggested by the Father of the Nation for the country's ills were very effective.

PERPETUATE MAHATMA'S MEMORY.

Dr. Pattabhi in the course of a 20-minute speech in Hindustani observed that it was the sacred duty of every Indian to perpetuate the memory of Mahatma Gandhi, who gave freedom and new life to them. He urged the people to devote themselves to the work of national reconstruction and implement the ideals of the Father of the Nation.

Teachers who were the creators of the coming generation, the Congress President said, had heavy responsibilities on their shoulders and should, while collecting Gandhi Memorial Fund, preach Gandhiji's teachings to their students. He also suggested that half-an-hour a day spinning should be introduced in schools.

Mr. C. A. Christi, Secretary of the Schools Day Committee proposed a vote of thanks.

PATTABHI VISITS NEWSREEL SECTION

Commends Role Of Film In Furthering Adult Education

BOMBAY, April 8. (A.P.I.): Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the Indian National Congress, to-day visited the Newsreel Section of the Films Division of the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, in Bombay.

The Congress President was shown a number of newsreels recently produced by the Indian News Review.

In a specially recorded message for the Indian News Review, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya said:

"We are truly covering the progress of centuries in a decade and of decades in a year.

"The war had its evils, doubtless as well, but it has left a legacy of good in the facilities for the advance of popular education through films.

"Illiteracy is no longer an impediment to the spread of knowledge.

"Adult and adolescent education are furthered more through films than through literacy.

"Current history is best taught through the film, and one of these days, we may expect a summary of the day's press to be relayed to the farthest corners of the country.

"Adult franchise demands adult education, and the film is the one means for its attainment".

LITERACY AND ROAD DEVELOPMENT

Pattabhi Suggests Conscription As Solution

"Our primitive rural communications are the most obdurate obstacle to national progress", said Mr. Manekji N. Dalal, President of the Indian Roads and Transport Development Association at a tea party held by the Association in honour of Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, the Congress President on Thursday evening. Pointing out that illiteracy could not end until all-weather communications enabled centrally situated schools to attract students from the outlying villages, he added that health services likewise could not expand without free and rapid means of access in rural areas, nor could agriculture and industries develop except in proportion to the means of communication and accessibility of markets. Aside from the incalculable social advantages, a Pilot Survey conducted by the Association had shown that economic benefits reaped by the community from road development would represent an income to the community of nearly 300 per cent of the cost of providing the roads. The building up of prosperity had to begin from the very foundations and without roads none of the plans for social or economic development of the country could fructify because no programme intended for the rural inhabitants could otherwise be taken to the villages. According to Mr. Dalal, an adequate road system required the extension of India's road mileage to five times its present length and the existing 5-year road plans would meet only 2 per cent of such needs.

VILLAGERS CAN BUILD ROADS.

Mr. Dalal urged that provincial road programmes should be enlarged and accelerated and that, in addition, the villagers should be encouraged, by self-help, to supplement official road programmes. If sufficient civic sense in regard to roads was created, the vast potential power of the villagers could be tapped in the matter of constructing the smaller bits of roads which were so essential to social and economic prosperity. It should be a part of everybody's job to see that village roads were constructed and maintained, particularly in those seasons of the year when people had nothing to do in the villages. The State could assist such enterprise by advising on alignments and constructing the necessary bridges and culverts.

Nothing, Mr. Dalal said, would make a greater contribution to the creation of a prosperous India of Mahatma Gandhi's dreams and he urged that the construction of these 'Eyots Roads' should be given an impetus through subsidies from the Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Fund.

PATTABHI'S REPLY.

Replying to the suggestion Dr. Pattabhi said he agreed that the transport bottleneck was one of the most serious problems confronting the country. The national Government of the country had inherited a legacy of village ignorance, village isolation and village ill-health. With the introduction of adult suffrage he felt the poorer classes of people who exercised their franchise would soon demand more village roads. He believed that conscription was a solution to many of India's problems including the spread of literacy and road development. He held the view that every matriculate, under-graduate and graduate, before becoming eligible for admission to higher studies or getting a diploma should convert a certain number of illiterates into literates. Similarly, it was the duty of the villagers to help themselves in the matter of roads. He referred in this connection to the availability of steel and said that more steel should be made available, both for the wheels of bullock carts, without which the 'grow more food' campaign could not progress, and for bridges on roads.

DON'T BE MISLED BY PARTY PROPAGANDA

Pattabhi's Call To Nation To Help Congress

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President was given a public reception at a meeting held at Napoo Gardens, Matunga, on behalf of over two dozen organisations of North Bombay.

The Congress President said that violent changes were going to take place in the country and it was the duty of every Indian to realise his duty. He urged them not to be misled by any party propaganda. The Indian National Congress, he said, stood for certain principle and policies for the good of comman man and every one of them should help to make it a strong organisation.

Speaking about the Socialists the Congress President said that their policy was to disrupt the unity and peace of the country. If they wanted to help the masses, it was better for them to work for improving the lot of villagers rather than propagating for industrialism which makes a rich man still richer.

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee presided over the meeting and garlanded Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya on behalf of the residents of the North Bombay.

MADRAS MINISTRY MAY BE EXPANDED

MADRAS, April 8 (A.P.I.): High-level talks are stated to be taking place in Delhi to expand and make the Madras Ministry more broadbased, by including representatives of various groups within the Congress party, according to information received in Congress circles here.

The Madras Minister for Local Administration, Mr. K. Chandramouli, told pressmen today: "If for the sake of securing full understanding between all sections of the Congress legislature party and having a broadbased ministry, it is necessary for any one of us to resign, I for my part, will readily do so. We should have not mere formal understanding, but real wholehearted agreement."

R

UNCLAIMED CLOTH COUPONS.

Unclaimed cloth coupons of applicants who did not collect them from the foodgrains ration shops have accumulated in all Ward Rationing Offices. Such applicants are, therefore, informed that they should immediately claim their cloth coupons from their Ward Offices on or before April 15, 1949. Unclaimed cloth coupons will be cancelled after 15th April 1949.

Once the already prepared coupons are cancelled, cloth coupons will be issued only on making fresh applications in C(1) forms in the Rationing Offices.

CANADIAN ENVOY IN INDIA FOR ARGENTINA

MR. JOHN D. KEARNEY, FIRST CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER IN INDIA FOR 2 YEARS PHOTOGRAPHED WITH MRS. KEARNEY ON HER WAY TO CANADA. MR. KEARNEY IS APPOINTED CANADA'S AMBASSADOR TO ARGENTINA: HE WILL TAKE CHARGE OF HIS NEW APPOINTMENT IN AUGUST.

TOKEN STRIKE IN AUSTRALIA

Iron Workers' Protest Against Conviction Of Union Official

SYDNEY, April 8 (PTI-Reuter): The Australian Federation Iron Workers' Association today ordered a one-day protest token strike by iron workers in Victoria, South Australia and Queensland against the prison sentence passed on Mr. Leslie John McPhillips, Assistant Secretary of the Association.

The South Wales, 14,000 iron workers started a protest strike against the one-month sentence imposed on Mr. McPhillips for contempt of court.

The executive of the Metal Trade Federation, controlling eight federal unions with a membership of 200,000 today decided to ask the Federal Government to quash the conviction.

PAK AID FOR MUSLIM CONFERENCE IN KASHMIR

Premier Liaquat To Head New Committee

KARACHI, April 7 (A P I)—The Prime Minister of Pakistan, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, will head a new committee to be formed shortly to organise Pakistan aid for the Muslim Political Conference in Jammu and Kashmir, it is learnt here today.

The Premiers of Sind and the North-West Frontier Provinces are expected to join the aid committee, as well as representatives of the four provincial Muslim Leagues in west Pakistan.

The Jammu and Kashmir Muslim Conference would also be represented.

UNITED MAHARASTRA PROVINCE

Rajabhoj Demands Inclusion Of Bombay

POONA, April 8 (API)—Mr. P. N. Rajabhoj, General Secretary of the All-India Scheduled Castes Federation, in a statement, today described the recommendation of the three-man committee to postpone the formation of linguistic provinces as a "great blow" to the supporters of the United Maharashtra Province.

Mr. Rajabhoj said the demand for a United Maharashtra province, inclusive of the city of Bombay, had the support of all political parties and quarters in Maharashtra. Any suggestion of postponing its formation was bound to meet with strong opposition from all and would adversely affect the interests of Congressmen in the next elections.

REORGANISATION OF KASHMIR ARMY

One Battalion Of State Subjects To Be Raised

JAMMU, April 8 (API)—One battalion consisting only of Kashmiris will be raised forthwith by the army department of the Jammu and Kashmir State government, it was officially announced here today.

This decision, it was stated, was taken in pusuance of the policy of the government to recruit a larger number of the inadequately represented nationals of Kashmir province into the state army. Hitherto the bulk of resruitment to the State army was made up of Dogras and nationals of the Jammu province.

The Jammu and Kashmir army which has been put on the same footing as the India army troops will receive similar taining, scales of pay and privilages, it is learnt. An Indian army officer has been appointed as Chief of Staff of the State Army, to reorganise the army on a sounder basis.

POLISH TRADE DELEGATION

NEW DELHI, April 8. (A.P.I.): Representatives of the Government of India and the Polish Trade Delegation held a plenary meeting here today.

The next meeting of the delegations will take place on April 12 when the list of commodities which each country is in a position to export will be examined.

JUBBULPORE RAILWAY GRAINSHOP GUTTED

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, April 8. Biggest fire in the history of Jubbulpore broke out in the early hours of today when a G. I. P. Rly. grainshop caught fire under mysterious circumstances. The damage is estimated at three lakhs of rupees.

JAIPUR DEWAN ON HIS RETIREMENT:

JAIPUR, April 7.

Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, Diwan, Jaipur, has issued the following statement:—

"As I am retiring from my office in Jaipur State today, I wish to express my gratitude to all Government servants in the State for their co-operation during the years I have been privileged to serve the State as Prime Minister for nearly two years and then as Dewan. I know that often during this period all grades of officers both in the secretariats in Japur and in the districts have had to work under con-

SIR V. T. KRISHNAMACHARI

ditions involving great strain but most of them have borne the burden willingly. For this I thank them all sincerely.

"Government servants of all ranks have a most useful part to play in the United State of Rajasthan and I am confident that they will serve the new State with the devotion they have shown to the Jaipur State.

"I wish all Government servants an ever increasing sphere of usefulness in the service of the United State of Rajasthan".

Ban On Betting In Madras Race Clubs

MADRAS, April 8. (A.P.I.): Betting on horse races at race clubs or elsewhere in Madras presidency will be prohibited with effect from April 1, 1950, announced Mr. M. Bhaktavatsalam, Public Works and Information Minister, today.

This will entail a loss of betting tax amounting to Rs. 27 lakhs annually to the provincial exchequer.

The Minister also indicated that a press note explaining the provisions of the Anti-betting Act relating to the publication of racing news like acceptances and race tips be issued shortly.

Indian Students In U. K. Rally Against Colonialism

WHITLEY BAY, April 7 (PTI-Reuter)—The Federation of Indian Students Societies in Britain and Europe passed a resolution demanding the immediate nationalisation of India's basic industries at its annual conference here today.

"QUIT COMMONWEALTH"

On the political situation, the following resolution was carried "the Conference reiterates the malienable right of the Indian people to form a free, independent and democratic republic of India, and urges the government of India to take immediate steps necessary to implement it and to leave the Commonwealth of Nations, and not allow any other foreign Power to exert influence over the country.

"The Conference pledges full support to the struggle of colonial peoples for full freedom, and calls upon the imperialist powers to withdraw their troops immediately from Indonesia, Viet-Nam and Malaya as a first step towards their freedom.

"The Conference further demands of the India Government that India must not join or lend her support in any way to any regional pact (Atlantic or Pacific) formed with a definite aggressive design and through which any aggressor may want to make India their base of aggression against the South Asian people struggling for freedom.

BENARES, April 7. (A.P.I.): Over 20,000 maunds of food grains were burnt as the result of a fire set to a threshing floor in a village in Mirzapur district by some unknown persons according to a report received here.

GREEK GUERILLAS DEFEATED

Provocative AAct On Albania's Frontiers

ATHENS, April 8 (PTI-Reuter): Guerillas were thrown back with "considerable casualties" during repeated attacks in the Mount Grammos area of northern Greece, a town changing hands twice in 24 hours, the Greek general staff reported today.

Main pressure by the rebels, who have been attacking in forces for a week, was concentrated around the Kantsiko district, a 'communique' added.

Civil servants in Northern Greece have decided to join on Monday the three-day old strive of their colleagues in the rest of the country.

They kept out of the strike because of conditions in civil war areas, but will now join it in protest against the arrest of strike leaders and other government action against strikers in the south.

The Railwaymen's Union in North Greece also announced they would strike next Wednesday, making a general railway stoppage throughout the country.

The Cabinet has called a meeting of the Economic Council tonight to discuss increasing food and clothing supplies at cost price to the civil servants, who are striking for higher wages.

25 strike leaders are under arrest, of which 22 will be tried by a military court on Sunday unless the stoppage is called off.

Some other strikers arrested yesterday at Piracle, Port of Athens, were released later after being ordered to return to work.

An official 'communique' issued in the Albanian capital of Tirane today claimed that "Greek Monarcho-Fascists committed provocative acts on Albania's frontiers" in the past few days.

The 'communique' issued 24 hours after Athens had appealed to the United Nations Balkans Commission for "protection" against aggression from Albania and Bulgaria, said frontier guards had captured 60 "Greek Monarcho-Fascist" soldiers within Albanian territory.

The prisoners were sent to concentration camps.

The 'communique' added that on April 4 Albanian guards captured nine soldiers of the "Greek Democratic Army" inside Albanian territory. They were disarmed and also sent to a concentration camp.

LOHIA ON SOCIALIST CONGRESS CONFLICT

"May Yet Assume Very Formidable Proportions"

GAUHATI, April 8 (A.P.I.): The socialist leader, Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia said here today that the Socialist Party would back up the "incompetent" Congress Government in the event of any aggression from outside.

But the internal conflict between the Congress and Socialists might yet assume very formidable proportions, he added.

Dr. Lohia, who was addressing a meeting of the Indian Council of World Affairs on "Indian Foreign policy in relation to North-East Frontier", said that the North-East Frontier of India would be able to withstand any aggressive influence of ideas or armies that might venture to get across from other places, provided a sound policy was pursued and satisfactory economic and social conditions were created for the people inhabiting this area. A "four pillar state" — a democratic form of Government in which the Centre, Provinces, Districts and Villages would enjoy powers and manage their own affairs.

Dr. Lohia described the recent conference in New Delhi on Burma as a "curious conference the main object of which was to bring Burma back into the fold of the British Commonwealth". He suggested that instead of going through British Commonwealth, direct contact should have been established with Burma in the sphere of trade and other matters.

BUILDING FOR TAMIL RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Madras Government Sanctions Rs 50,000 For Construction

ANNANALAI NAGAR, April 8 (A.P.I.)—The Madras Government have made provision for Rs. 50,000 in the 1949-50 budget for constructing a building to house the Tamil Research Institute at present located in the Annamalai University.

The institute was founded in 1940 by the late Sir Kurma Venkata Reddy Naidu, then Vice-Chancellor of the University. The new building, which will be named after him, is estimated to cost Rs. 2 lakhs.

The object of the institute is to promote Tamil Research—cultural historical and linguistic. There is also provision in the scheme for historical, literary, linguistic, religious, fine arts and science sections.

SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL CESS FOR PAKISTAN CITIZENS?

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, April 5: It is understood, the Government of Pakistan are seriously considering the question of levying a Special Educational Cess on the citizens in order to meet the extra expenditure on implementing their scheme of Compulsory Free Primary Education for all and Free Secondary and College Education for deserving students.

It is estimated that the total expenditure in this regard will amount to nearly a crore of rupees of which the Government propose to collect about Rs. 50 lakhs by way of this Special Cess and pay the balance from their own offers.

ALL INDIA WOMEN'S CONFERENCE

A house-warming ceremony was held at 41, Queens Barracks on Thursday. Photo shows Mrs. Urmila Mehta, President of the A. I. Women's Conference (Centre) with prominent workers.

SITUATION IN E. PUNJAB

Sachar Meets Nehru And Sardar

NEW DELHI, April 8 (API): Mr. Bhimsen Sachar, Leader of the East Punjab Congress Assembly Party, met the Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Patel this morning, and appraised him of the situation in the province.

Mr. Sachar saw the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, the Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Sing, the Education Minister, Maulana Azad and Mr. Kala Venkatarao, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee yesterday.

He will meet the Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi tomorrow when the latter returns from Bombay.

India Presses U. N. For Discussing Indonesia

LAKE SUCCESS, April 8. (PTI-Reuter): India today urged the United Nations General Assembly Steering Committee to include on its agenda the Indonesian question.

Mr. M. C. Setalvad (India) said "we are fully alive to the fact that the question of Indonesia has been predominantly before the Security Council which has devoted so much time and attention to it.

"We feel however that the issue of Indonesia, involving as it does a consideration of the fundamental principles on which the charter is based, should be discussed not only by members of the Security Council but by all members of this great organisation.

"We have no doubt that the discussion of this question in the General Assembly will greatly strengthen the hands of the Security Council and influence the course of action of both parties in a manner which will bring peace with justice in Indonesia".

Mr. Setalvad said he was happy that such a great country as Australia should be working in collaboration with India on the Indonesian question.

"The question is of crucial importance to South East Asia. It concerns the destiny of many millions and the peace and security of all South-East Asia."

People IN THE NEWS

SIR H. P. MODI

NEW DELHI, April 8 (API): Sir Homi Mody, Governor-Designate of the United Provinces, will leave Delhi for Bombay by the Frontier Mail tomorrow.

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GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, April 8:

His Excellency Shri V. K. Menon has arrived and left the same evening en route to London.

Lt.-Colonel Kunwar and Kunwaral Shumsher Singh have left.

Mr. V. L. Mehta

Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta, Minister for Finance, Co-operation and Village Industries, will leave Bombay for Bulsar and Dharampur on Sunday, April 10. He will lay the foundation stone of the Bulsar Housing Society at Bulsar and visit the Beekeeping centre near Dharampur, returning to Bombay on Monday (April 11).

Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda

Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Labour and Housing, will leave Bombay for Poona on the morning of April 13 and return the next morning. He will leave for Delhi, by plane, on April 14 and return on the evening of April 16. He will again leave for Bhavnagar on the morning of April 17, and return in the afternoon of April 21.

CLOUDBURST DROWNS 44 PERSONS

BASRA, April 8, (U. P. A.): Forty-four persons, most of them schoolgirls, were drowned and 34 others were missing when a cloudburst, yesterday, deluged the northern Iraq town of Telkif.

CUT OUT R AND KEEP
RATION QUANTUM

Foodgrains ration quantum for the 15th Rationing Week commencing from Sunday, April 10, 1949 to Saturday, April 16, 1949 has been fixed as follows:—

Total Cereal Ration Per Week	Per Adult (2 Foodgrains Units).	Per Child (1 Foodgrains Unit).	Per Heavy Manual Labourer's Supplementary Ration Card of One Unit.
Total Cereal Ration Per Week	3.1/8 seers = 84 ozs	1.9/16 seers = 42 ozs.	1 seer = 27 ozs.
Maximum available in Rice	1 seer = 27 ozs.	1/2 seer = 13 ozs.	1/4 seer = 7 ozs.
Of which			
(1) Maximum available in Rice Sort 1-A	1 seer = 27 ozs.	1/2 seer = 13 ozs.	1/4 seer = 7 ozs.
(2) Maximum available in Rice Sort 1-C	1 seer = 27 ozs.	1/2 seer = 13 ozs.	1/4 seer = 7 ozs.
(3) Maximum available in Boiled Rice Sort-I	1 seer = 27 ozs.	1/2 seer = 13 ozs.	1/4 seer = 7 ozs.
(4) Maximum available in Boiled Rice Sort II	1 seer = 27 ozs.	1/2 seer = 13 ozs.	1/4 seer = 7 ozs.
(5) Maximum available in Raw Rice Sort II	1/2 seer = 14 ozs.	1/4 seer = 7 ozs	1/4 seer = 7 ozs.
Maximum available in Wheatgrain*	1.1/2 seers = 41 ozs.	3/4 seer = 21 ozs.	1/2 seer = 13 ozs.
Maximum available in Milo	5/8 seer = 16 ozs.	5/16 seer = 8 ozs	1/4 seer = 7 ozs.
Maximum available in Dehusked Barley	5/8 seer = 16 ozs.	5/16 seer = 8 ozs.	1/4 seer = 7 ozs.

*One seer of wheat ration is equivalent to one unit of Bread and one unit of Bread is equivalent to 28 ozs. of Bread.

Bread Tickets can be obtained within the permissible quantity of wheat ration at the rate of one Bread Unit per seer of wheat ration.

Bread is only available on Bread Tickets during the week marked on the tickets and upto Saturday of the following week.

The concession of allowing a Bread Ticket of one unit on a Child's ration card against surrender of the entire ration will continue.

NOTE: IN ADDITION TO THE GOVERNMENT GRAIN SHOPS IN A, B, C, D, E(EAST) AND E(WEST) WARDS IT HAS BEEN DECIDED TO START SALES OF RATIONED FOODGRAINS BY WEIGHT INSTEAD OF BY MEASURE AT ALL THE FOLLOWING GOVERNMENT GRAIN SHOPS IN F(NORTH), F(SOUTH), G(NORTH) AND G(SOUTH) WARDS AND BANDRA, PARLE-ANDHERI, KURLA, GHATKOPAR AND MALAD RATIONED AREAS:—

F(NORTH) WARD—GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 14, 17, 149 and 237.
F(SOUTH) WARD—GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 49, 90, 121, 146 and 196.
G(NORTH) WARD—GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 40, 82, 83, 126, 129, 137, 160, 234 and 242.
G(SOUTH) WARD—GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 28, 111 and 185.
BANDRA—GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 26, 80, 102, 161, 206, 208, 209, 210 and 216.
PARLE-ANDHERI—GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 58, 93, 100, 201, 202, 204, 205 213 and 217.
MALAD—GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 93 and 232.
KURLA—GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 99, 200, 218 and 219.
GHATKOPAR—GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 211 and 212.

The ounce equivalents of the maximum proportions of foodgrains fixed in terms of seers of cut measure have been given in the above quantum table.

PLEASE NOTE: 16 ozs. is equal to 1 lb.

The actual prices to be charged are put up in these Government Grain Shops for ready reference of the cardholders and the prices would be charged according to these tables.

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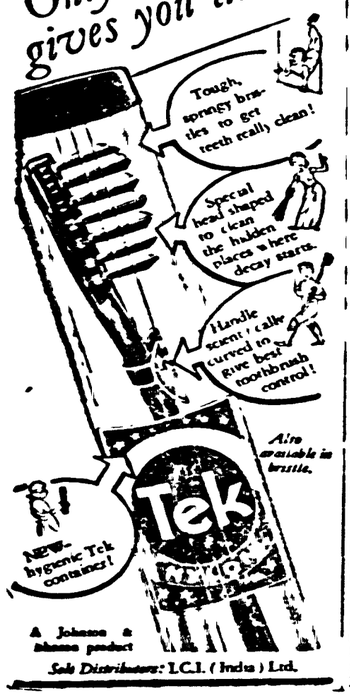
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Demand Of Linguistic Provinces Not Torpedoed

CONGRESS PRESIDENT ON WORKING COMMITTEE'S STAND

Operative Part Of Resolution, Not Given Prominance By Newspapers, He Says

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, declared in Bombay today that the operative part of the Congress Working Committee's resolution on the Linguistic Provinces question clearly conceded the formation of the four linguistic provinces, namely, Andhra, Kerala, Karnatak and Maharashtra, subject to certain conditions laid down and, therefore, it was wrong to interpret the resolution as torpedoing the demand for the formation of linguistic provinces.

The Congress President made this statement at a press conference at Congress House this morning. He clarified the stand taken up by the Congress Working Committee on this issue. He said that the operative part of the resolution was somehow or other not given prominenced by to the newspapers and, therefore, the interpretation given to the resolution was entirely misleading.

Dr Pattabhi said that the question of formation of new homogenous provinces was an urgent issue, and, therefore, this question was dealt with in all seriousness by the Congress Working Committee. The formation of new provinces was not merely a linguistic question. But, this issue, he said, had other aspects namely, administrative and financial as well. While demanding the formation of new provinces even on linguistic basis, he added, all these considerations would have to be given weighty consideration.

Provided certain conditions laid down by the Congress Working Committee are accepted by the people of these homogenous units, the whole question would have to be postponed till such a time as when circumstances were more favourable for the formation of these new provinces.

The Congress President stated that if Andhras accept the conditions laid down by the Congress Working Committee, the formation of a separate Andhra province would not be long delayed.

GENERAL ELECTION

The Congress President also stated that the first general elections under the new constitution will be held at the earliest in February 1951 if the constitution is finally passed by the middle of August 1949.

Dealing with the time table of the first elections in free India under the new constitution Dr. Pattabhi said "if the Constituent Assembly meets on May 16, as it has already decided to do, it will see through the constitution and it is generally expected that we shall be able to finally pass it by August 15 next. As soon as the constitution is finalised, its provisions can be implemented. In fact in the draft constitution there is a provision for the election of the president of the Indian Republic even before the General Elections are held. Once this draft proposal is adopted, that portion of the constitution can immediately be implemented. Nothing can come between the passing of the constitution and its implementation.

"We expect to get the electorate ready and the electoral rolls printed in a year's time. I want the public to realise the magnitude of this problem. Under the old constitution there were three and a half crores of voters out of a total population of thirty-nine crores of undivided India. But under the new constitution, with adult franchise in partitioned India, we shall have seventeen crores of voters in a total population of thirty crores. Every man and woman will be a voter. You can imagine the immensity of the problem of printing seventeen crores of voters names, not once but twice. If all the printing presses in India work day and night the minimum time required to print the lists of seventeen crores of voters will be at least one year.

"Considering the interval of two years between the passing of the acts of 1919 and 1935 and the holding of the general elections, on both the occasions, it may not be wrong to estimate a similar period between the passing of the new constitution and the actual date of elections. Not only have electoral rolls to be prepared but objections has to be considered and disposed of in respect of preliminary rolls, and the rolls have then to be finally printed. There is also the question of carving out the electorates. Under the new set up, the numbers of members of both the Lower and the Upper Houses at the Centre would be somewhere about 750 whereas the strength of the present Constituent Assembly was only 320.

"The Provincial Assemblies will likewise be enlarged the rate being one member for every hundred thousand voters. Thus w will easily have 500 members for the Assembly in Madras though Madras can choose to have a lesser number. Similarly in the United Provinces on the population basis the total number of members will exceed the upper limit of 500 but the maximum has been fixed at 500. Thus you will hav to carve out 500 co constituencies in provinces like the United Provinces and Madras. All this is a very difficult process. The formation of constituencies will have naturally to await the completion of at least the preliminary electoral rolls, because the constituency has to take into account total number of voters in each area. Once this is done, we have to prepare in detail the number of voters in each electorate A year and a half is the minimum period required for this work to be done. This work can be taken in hand only after the passing of the constitution because the electoral rolls should not be older than one year.

"If therefore the constitution is finally passed in August 1949, it stands to reason that elections under the new constitution may be expected in February 1951 That is the earliest possible date for the new elections. Even this is dependent upon everything running smoothly without any accident or incident."

Answering a series of questions on the Congress Working Committee's acceptance of the Nehru-Patel-Pattabhi Committee's report on linguistic provinces, the Congress President declared: "it is not a decision for the postponement of the linguistic provinces, though most of the newspapers have headlined it that way. The report consists of two parts, namely a review of the conditions in the country, and its operative part. The operative part should be clearly observed".

Dr. Pattabhi recalled that the Dhar Commission had conceded the need for provincial reorganisation in the south on the ground of administrative convenience in view of "the clashes and conflicts", and said, "it has to be recognised that linguistic, economic, administrative and financial considerations are the real basis of each new province.

"If the conflicting conditions in the south necessitate an urgent readjustment of the provinces, if it so happens that the Andhras have one homegenous unit, and if it is on administrative ground — not linguistic — that we get Andhra province, we do not mind it".

"TOWER OF BABEL"

The Three-Man Committee's report had stated, Dr. Pattabhi continued, that the Committee could not deal with superfine distinctions of boundaries. "In the north we have homegeneous units, but conditions in the south are different. The Madras Legislature is a veritable tower of babel, and administrative and other matters are suffering. It would be a disgrace if anybody said that the present state of affairs should continue.

"The separation of an Andhra province is only a simple process, like taking a knife and cutting a paper or tearing it into two. If the Andhras can give up their claim for a share in Madras city and also the Kanarese areas round about and portions of Orissa province, if they limit their claim to areas within settled and agreed limits, they can have the province. That is what the report says. It does not mean that they cannot raise these question at a future date, say after three or four years, when conditions are normal".

The question of Maharashtra had not been postponed, the Congress President said. The Maharashtrians too could have it, subject to certain conditions. Like the city of Madras, the City of Bombay was a point of contention. The Maharashtrians only formed a large percentage of the population, but the question was not merely one of percentage of population. At the most, they may be 40 per cent. or for the sake of argument may be said to be 49 per cent. They formed only the largest single community and did not have a clear majority. The other communities were more numerous, than largest single majority.

INTERNATIONAL CITY

"The city has not been built by the labours of one community, but by Maharashtrian intellect, Gujerathi Finance and Kannadigas' cooperative spirit put together, and Parsis, Marwaris, Punjabis and Bengalis too have contributed to its progress", the Congress president said.

"This international city has strategic importance and plays the same role as the heart in human body. Bombay must be protected in order to make India safe.

"Ceylon is another such point. Sooner or later we must enter into a treaty with the Ceylonese people so that Ceylon may become an organic part of the body-politic".

Dr. Pattabhi said it would not be correct to say that geographically Bombay formed part of Maharashtra. It was an island and could not be taken as included in any geographical portion. "The whole of India owns Bombay, the whole of India is mastered by the Central Government, therefore the Central Government must own Bombay", he said. It was not proposed to give it to Maharashtra or to Gujerat. What form of Government this "enclave of Bombay" should have — whether democratic or on the lines of Delhi — was a matter for future consideration.

NO MANIPULATION

Dr. Pattabhi denied that there had been "any manipulation by individuals or a group of individuals in regard to the position of Bombay".

"I am not a man fighting for the province of Andhra only", he said. "Whenever the province of Andhra was offered to me either by Sardar Patel, or Mr. Munshi or Dr. Ambedkar, I told them 'no thangs, I am leading a movement for linguistic provinces and I cannot accept a small thing and surrender the movement'. Ours is not a depressed classes' movement or a backward classes movement. We Andhras have been living in a very friendly manner with the Tamilians. I have been fighting for linguistic province from 1929. I cannot give it up now. It was only when some Maharashtrian and Karnatak friends permitted me to go ahead with the Andhra province that I signed the report.

"I want Maharashtrians to rise to the level of nationalism. After all, Bombay is merely becoming separate, and is not going to others. Maharashtrians who form 43 per cent. of the City population can easily hold their own in Bombay. What we are offering you today is two separate provinces instead of one".

Rashtrapati Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, addressing a public meeting at Choupatty on Thursday evening.

OPERATIVE PART

The operative part of the Committee's report, Dr. Pattabhi said, conceded the formation of the four provinces of Andhra, Maharashtra, Kerala and Karnatak. But in respect of the last three, several new issues had cropped up. When the idea of linguistic provinces was first mooted, the leaders were thinking only in terms of British districts. No one expected Mysore to form part of Karnatak nor Travancore and Cochin of Kerala. The situation had now changed." The States have been exploded, the mischief in the British Government's declaration of May 12 (1946) has been got over by Sardar Patel, and now Akhand Maharashtra, Akhand Karnatak and Akhand Kerala are possible".

Enumerating the difficulties in the formation of the three provinces, Dr. Pattabhi said: "Section 290 of the Government of India Act only contemplates the amalgamation of provinces with provinces or districts with districts, or districts with provinces. But the amalgamation of provinces and States has been provided for under the new constitution. Under an amendment to the Government of India Adaptation Act, passed in January, districts can also be absorbed into the States. But then the question arises about the Maharajas of Travancore and Cochin. The problem of the future of the rulers of Mysore and Travancore will have to be solved before the problem of Karnatak and Kerala provinces can be decided.

CASE OF MAHARASHTRA

"In the case of Maharashtra, there is a new difficulty. The Vidharbha people have launched a movement for a Mahavidharbha. It is for the people of Amraoti and Nagpur to say whether they would form part of a Brihad Maharashtra, or whether the Maharashtra Province should consist of eleven districts with the Deccan States and Kolhapur, and another province of Maha Vidarbha should be formed.

"Subject to all these conditions stated in the report, all the four provinces have been conceded in this report".

WHEN WILL ANDHRA COME INTO BEING?

Replying to a question as to when he envisaged the Andhra province to be formed, Dr. Pattabhi said a "the report has been submitted to the Government of India and the President of the Constituent Assembly. If all the conditions in regard to the formation of the Andhra Province are accepted—and I expect they will be—and if the Government of India play the game as we have been playing it, then the next step is for the Government of India to call the representatives of Andhra, Tamilnad, and Karnatak together to find out what are the agreed boundaries. The Madras Cabinet may be asked to pass a resolution on the subject to be forwarded to the Government of India. The Governor-General, on the recommendation of the Central Cabinet, may then declare the Andhra Province as one of the provinces in the schedule. It is for the Government of India to decide how to get the acceptance of the Andhras, whether it would be enough if the Andhra members of the Legislature accept it unanimously or by an overwhelming majority, or whether the Provincial Congress Committee and the Andhra Mahasabha should be asked."

ADVICE TO REFUGEES

Referring to the refugees, Dr. Pattabhi said, their problem was essentially a moral and psychological problem, and not merely a material one. The issues involved must be understood. The Government had done all they could. A million people displaced from Greece and Czechoslovakia had taken five years to settle down. In India altogether ten million people had been displaced, India's share being 55 lakhs, and their problem could not be expected to be solved in a year or so.

"My advice to the refugees is that they should be patient with the Government", Dr. Pattabhi said. "It will not be possible for a non-official organisation like the Congress to tackle the question of their property in Pakistan. It is a matter to be discussed at high ministerial level. Nor can the Congress raise funds for relief of the refugees. Considering the difficulty we have been experiencing in collecting subscriptions to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund, we shall at the most collect ten or fifteen lakhs for the refugees, which is hardly enough for two or three months. After all, the Government today is not separate from the Congress, and it is doing all it can.

KHER ASKS TEACHERS TO BE PATIENT

Time Will Come When They Will Get Bigger Salaries Than Ministers He Says

BOMBAY, Friday.

Premier B. G. Kher told the Silver Jubilee celebration gathering of the Bombay Secondary Teachers Association this morning that the Government of Bombay had decided to give "top priority' to primary and secondary education not only because of their intrinsic importance but as they were the foundations of a truly democratic educational edifice. .. ..

He also said that his Government was pledged to the conversion of all primary schools into basic schools and expressed confidence that within the next ten years the province would have free and compulsory universal education.

Mr. Kher discounted the idea that Government should take over full control over secondary education and after giving his reasons cautioned the teachers against the dangers of State-controlled education. "We do not want our children to be brought up under a totalitarian system of education." he said.

The Premier stressed that it was as much the duty of teachers as it was of Government to take care of the education of the rising generation. Government was willing to render all help but primarily the problem was the responsibility of the teachers who could not get rid of their difficulty by passing it on to the administration. The ideal method would be for both the teachers and the Government to approach the task "on the fine level of service and sacrifice."

The first duty of a Government was to look to the development of primary and secondary education which formed the basis of the entire educational structure. This aspect had been long neglected and the planning had been hitherto done from the top downwards. This was an illusion and current efforts were directed at reversing the old process.

Government's great concern for the development of primary education, the Premier pointed out, should not be taken to mean that secondary and university education would suffer for want of attention. All these stages of education were bound up closely and no good reform was possible unless the various parts were improved.

WISDOM QUESTIONED

Mr. Kher questioned the wisdom of Government being asked to take over the control of secondary education and said that the argument that by so doing they would be incurring no additional expenditure was the least important since there were many other implications. Firstly, it would not be wise for Government to undertake the task when it was "struggling with the stupendous job of compulsory primary education." Secondly, in the Bombay Province, secondary education had been mainly built up by voluntary effort and there should be room for initiative experiment and variety. A co-operative effort, with teachers and the Government as voluntary partners, was the best.

Mr. Kher stated that the status and prospects of teachers was a matter of great concern to Government. While they were of the opinion that secondary education should be conducted through non-official organisations, Government had been willing to aid secondary schools.

He quite agreed with the view that teachers deserved better conditions of pay than at present in view of the economic difficulties they were passing as a result of the high cost of living. But even in a country like England, with 600 years of democratic administration, a policeman was getting more pay than a teacher. "Give the young Indian democracy time", the Premier pleaded. "Do not be impatient. A time will come when teachers will be better paid than even the Minister for Education. (Laughter). We are anxious to lay down for you fair conditions of service."

Mr. B. R. Desai, President of the Bombay Secondary Teachers Association, welcoming Mr. Kher earlier, expressed satisfaction that the Bombay Government under Mr. Kher had been willing to meet the view points of secondary teachers He said it was a good step on the part of the administration to have placed secondary teachers on a par with Government employees but wanted that Government should entirely take over control of secondary education in their own hands He criticised the recommendation of the Parulekar-Ghate Report that teachers should not be allowed to have private tuition and pleaded that there should be no general application of the check for the time being in view of the economic distress of the teachers who had to supplement their meagre income.

Mr. Desai suggested the establishment of a "Culture Centre" for teachers, where they could meet for social educational and recreational purposes and asked Government to allot a piece of land free of cost.

The Management of the Metro Cinema, where the meeting was held then screened "Blosoms in the Dust" starring Greer Garson and Walter Pidgeon, for the entertainment of the audience.

8 YUGOSLAVS JAILED

"Cominform Espionage" Case

BELGRADE, April 7. (PTI-Reuter): All eight defendants in Yugoslavia's first "Cominform espionage" trial were sentenced to imprisonment here today. There were sentenced to nine years each; two to eight years, and three to seven years each.

All the accused—young Yugoslavs of Hungarian origin—had told the Court they were sent to Yugoslavia as Hungarian agents, to obtain military and political information and spread Cominform propaganda.

Bombay Assembly By-Election

BOMBAY, Friday.

Polling for the by-election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly, from the Railway Unions Constituency in place of Mr. Shivbishalsingh Harpalsingh, who lost his seat due to continued absence, took place today at the Vanmali Hall, Dadar.

There are 73 voters constituting an electoral college, who have been elected by various Railway Unions.

There are two candidates in the field Mr. H. K. Joshi (Congress) and Mr. Peter Alvares (Socialist Party).

While the formal counting of votes has yet to take place, it is learnt that Mr. Alvares is likely to be returned by a safe majority.

Postal Unions Meeting Cancelled

CALCUTTA April 8 (API): The meeting of representatives of all Posts and Telegraph Unions, called in Delhi by Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan from April 14, has been cancelled as Mr. Jayaprakash is unable to leave Patna owing to the injuries received in a recent car accident.

PRINCE PETER OF GREECE IN INDIA

Visit To Malabar Planned

MADRAS, April 8, (A.P.I.): Prince Peter of Greece who is interested in anthropological research has arrived in Madras from Colombo, accompanied by Princess Irene.

Prince Peter told pressmen today that he would go to Malabar and stay there till the end of September studying the marital customs of the people there.

He will also go to the Nilgiris to study the Todas, aboriginal hillmen, Prince Peter said he was particularly interested in the polyandrous customs of the Todas.

"During the war I visited these places, but I want to make a further study of these people", he added. Polyandrists were also found in Tibet which he had visited.

Prince Peter said those people required a comparative study, because the psychological knowledge they had in the West was based on the monogamous patriarchal family. "I am looking for something different."

Prince Peter proposes to go to Tibet again by the end of October this year, along with the third Danish expedition to Central Asia.

Food For Taiyuan Orphans In China

SHANGHAI, April 8 (PTI-Reuter): Five welfare agencies have agreed to rush 20 tons of food to aid 750 orphans reported to be on the verge of starvation in besieged Taiyuan.

The agencies' decision, announced today by Mr. Robert Henry, Director of the Advisory Committee here, said the agencies were now looking for transport.

"We must work fast if the children are to be saved", he said.

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Embroidered Cotton Night-dresses ..	„ Rs. 16/8 ea	Now Rs. 12/15 ea
Ladies Cotton Jumpers English Med. size ..	„ Rs. 12/8 ea	Now Rs. 11/8 ea
American Satin Blouses Size 32 to 38. ..	„ Rs. 9/15 ea	Now Rs. 6/15 ea
Swiss 'Sawaco' Woollen Jumpers Size 34, 36 ..	„ Rs. 29/8 ea	Now Rs. 18/8 ea

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COUNCIL APPROVES BILL TO PROHIBIT EX-COMMUNICATION

Measure To Establish Karnatak University Passed: House Prorogued

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Bombay Legislative Council at its sitting today passed in all three readings to prohibit ex-communication in the province of Bombay as passed by the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

Sir Abdul Latif and Mr. Abidali Jafferbhoy congratulated Government for bringing forward such a Bill and commended it to the House for acceptance. Sir Abdul Latif gave instances of what he described as "tyranny perpetrated by Mullaji Saheb on those members of Dawoodi Bohra Community who dared to oppose him." He said that this Bill sought to do justice to those who suffered at the hands of Mullaji Saheb. Mr. Abidali Jafferbhoy also said that ex-communication was against the very spirit of Islam and Shariat laws as laid down by Koran.

Mr. Alibhoy Patel opposed the bill stating that it was too wide in its scope and too drastic in its measure.

The Council also passed in all three readings the bill to establish and incorporate a University in the Province of Bombay to be known as the Karnatak University as passed by the Lower House.

The House also passed four official bills and then the President, Mr. R. G. Soman, read out a message from the Governor proroguing the session of the Council.

QUESTION HOUR

Earlier, during the question-hour, Mr. V. L. Mehta stated that in accordance with the terms of By-law 139 of the East India Cotton Association, read with By-law, delivery contracts in which delivery was stipulated to be taken after a period of six weeks from the original date of contract, had to be settled through the Clearing House. Otherwise, he said, they would be deemed to have been settled by compromise which must be reported to the Association in accordance with the terms of By-law 14. He added that Clearings had in fact been put through by the Associations. The provisions in the By-laws referred to are mandatory and members who commit a breach were liable to be dealt with under the disciplinary By-laws of the Association.

BAI AVABAI P. S. POCHAJEE TRUST

Donations Made For Benevolent Institutions

Bai Avabai, a daughter of the late Dossabhoy Framji Cama and the widow of the late Pochajee Shapurjee Pochajee, had created a Trust of a small amount, the corpus of which was to be distributed for the benefit of the Parsee Community at the discretion of the Trustees, after the death of Bai Avabai.

Bai Avabai died on the 5th June 1946 and the Trustees for the time being have now made the following donations out of the Funds in their hands:—

1. To the Government of Bombay, in memory of Pochajee Shapurjee Pochajee, towards the cost of the reconstruction of the Parsee ward in the J. J. Group of Hospitals Rs. 50,000.
2. To the Parsee Girls' School Association in Memory of Hormusjee P. S. Pochajee the sum of Rs. 20,000. The interest of the amount to be used for running the domestic Arts Departments of the Bai Bhikajee Shapurji Bengali and the Bai Maneckbai Nowroji Gamadia Schools.
3. To the Ratanbai Framjee Panday Girls School in memory of Hormusjee P. S. Pochajee, books, cupboards, equipment, furniture etc., of the value of Rs. 10,000.
4. To the Sir J. J. P Benevolent Institution, in memory of Pochajee S. Pochajee, for the purchase of equipment, projector, books and other articles for the Girls School in the Fort Rs. 9,000.
5. To the Sir J J. P Benevolent Institution, in memory of Hormusjee P. S. Pochajee for the purchase of equipment, kindergarten material, books etc., for the girls schools at Parel and Princess Street, Bombay Rs. 1,000.
6. To the Sir J J. P. Benevolent Institution, in memory of Pochajee S. Pochajee, for radiogram, records loudspeakers, library equipment etc., Rs. 10,000.
7. To the Sir J. J. P. Benevolent Institution, in memory of P. S. Pochajee towards the Capital account of the Boys School Milk Fund Rs. 2,000, Total Rs. 1,02,000.

ARTS AND CRAFTS EXHIBITION

The Secretary of the Students' Literary and Scientific Society's Girls' Schools writes:

Those old students of the Society's Schools who wish to send in their exhibits for the Exhibition to be held at the Society's High School building from Sunday, 24th April 1949 to Sunday 1st May 1949 (both days inclusive) are requested to do so on or before the 18th instant.

The exhibits will be received at the High School building from 4 p.m. to 8 p.m. on Mon. to Fridays and from 10 a.m. to 11 a.m. on Saturdays. Exhibits will not be received on Sundays and holidays.

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WHY INDIA SHOULD RECOGNISE ISRAEL STATE?
These and many other topical questions answered in Apr issue

INCREASE IN STEAM SHIP FARE

City Corporation's Protest

BOMBAY, Friday.

The increase in the fares of steam ships plying along the west coast was severely criticised by members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation today when a resolution was passed asking the Mayor to approach the Government with a representation voicing the hardships of the passengers.

The resolution, unanimously passed by the House, asked the Mayor "to request the Government to nationalise the service in view of the indiscriminate increase in the fares effected from time to time by the steam ship companies who are given a monopoly and to take immediate steps to reduce the increased fares to the level obtaining on March 31, 1949." Moving the resolution, Mr. S. M. Thakre strongly denounced the stepping up of the fares by 50 per cent.

Mr. Dinkar Desai said that while the increased railway fares worked out at only 31 per cent. over the pre-war figures, the shipping companies in question had made an increase of nearly 225 per cent. during the corresponding period.

KHADILKAR LANE

The Corporation decided to rename Kandewadi Lane, off Girgaum Road, after the late Mr. K. P. Khadilkar, Editor of Navakal.

CLOTHES FOR GUJARAT FAMINE VICTIMS

Bombay Boy Scouts Association's Drive

A vigorous drive has been launched by the Bombay Boy Scouts Local Association for collection of clothes for the unfortunate victims of the recent famine in Gujarat.

The Scouters and Rovers of Bombay, under the leadership of their District Commissioner, Dr. N. R. Dordi, will go round the City in motor trucks passing through its main localities for the purpose of collecting old clothes on Friday, 15th April 1949 (Good Friday) from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m.

The generous hearted and public spirited citizens of this memorable City are therefore earnestly requested to keep aside their old clothes and hand over to the Boy Scouts when they call at their door.

The accumulated clothes will be handed over to the Government Authorities who will send them to the proper quarters to be distributed amongst the needy and unfortunate victims.

SUBURBAN DISTRICT BOARD ELECTIONS

All Members Returned Unopposed

ANDHERI, April 8.

The election to the Bombay Suburban District Local Board are now over and all members most of them belonging to the Congress Party have been returned unopposed.

From the Versova constituency, Mr C D Barfivala, the retiring President, Mr M K Deshpande, President of the Bandra Congress Committee, Miss Sanss Shroff and Mr J M. Perriera have been elected. From the Malad constituency, Messrs. Nanubhai Bhatt, Mhatre and Asik have been elected while Chembur has sent Messrs. R. H Chemburkar and V N Pursv. The Harijan seat goes to Mr Gaikwar, a social worker. The election of the Chairman and the personnel of the various Committees will take place shortly.

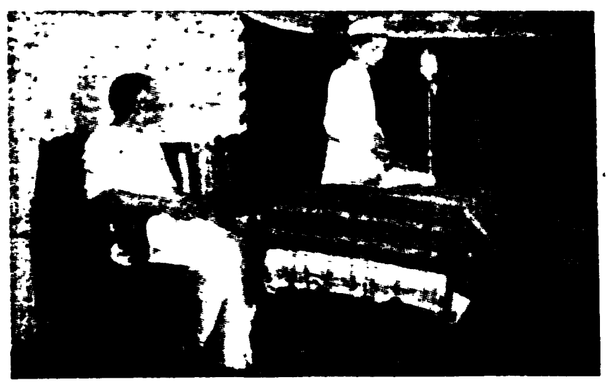
MR. BARFIVALA'S NEW APPOINTMENT

Mr C D Barfivala, President of the District Local Board and a prominent member of the Parle-Andheri Municipality has been appointed a member of the Local Finance Enquiry Committee which has been set up by the Government of India to enquire into the question of the finances of local bodies and to make recommendations for the improvement of local finance is the only non-official member from the Province of Bombay.

Police Seize Wireless Transmitter

The Bombay Police seized a wireless transmitter when they raided a flat at Sonavala building at Tardeo this morning. When the police raided the place certain commercial news was being transmitted illegally, it is stated. One man has been arrested in this connection.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ SILVER JUBILEE



MR. V. L. MEHTA, FINANCE MINISTER, GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY, SPEAKING ON THE OCCASION OF SILVER JUBILEE CELEBRATIONS OF ASTHIKA SAMAJ, AT THE SAMAJ HALL, MATUNGA.

MANBHUM SATYAGRAHA AGAINST BIHAR GOVERNMENT

"Policy Of Provincialism Must End," Demands Sangh Secretary

CALCUTTA, April 8 (API): 45 persons, including several women initiated a "satyagraha" campaign directed against the Bihar Government on Wednesday in several centres of Manbhum District of Bihar, according to a press statement here by the Publicity Department of the Manbhum Lok Sevak Sangh, under whose auspices the "Satyagraha" is being conducted.

The satyagraha was in the form of public meetings held in defiance of the Bihar Public Safety Measures Act.

The main demand of the Satyagrahis, according to the Secretary of the Sangh, is to "undo the wrong done to the inhabitants of Manbhum by the Government of Bihar through their policy of provincialism."

"IGNOBLE PROPAGANDA"

A spokesman of the Sangh added that the Satyagraha seeks to "combat the ignoble propaganda for the substitution of Hindi for Bengali in the District to make the ground favourable for the retention of Manbhum in Bihar" and "to assert freedom of public speech and peaceful organisation of the masses."

The Satyagraha is led by Mr. Atul Chandra Ghosh, Director of the Lok Sevak Sangh, Manbhum, and former President of the Manbhum District Congress Committee. He addressed a workers' conference previously banned by the authorities, at Magura, 23 miles from Purulia.

According to the press release, the car of Mr. Atul Chandra Ghosh, Director of the Lok Sevak Sangh was attacked while he was leaving the place after the meeting. A piece of shattered glass hit Mr. Ghosh on the leg.

The statement further alleged that the people taking part in the campaign were "harassed" and "ill-treated" by the people, who, it is stated in one case were sent by their zamindars, to disperse the satyagrahis.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST POLICE

Allegations were also made against the police, who were stated to have attacked and taken away three satyagrahis at Bagmundi and later released two of them.

The Secretary of the Manbhum Lok Sevak Sangh has stated that the satyagraha is not against the Biharis. Nor has it any connection with provincialism. He has appealed to the people of Bengal that in their sympathy for the "Satyagraha" they should not be involved in anti-Bihari propaganda in Calcutta and other places of West Bengal. He has further appealed to Biharis for their support and sympathy for the movement.

Results Of Diploma In Librarianship Exam.

..The following candidates have passed the examination:—

Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28.

The dates of the following examinations will be announced as notified below:—1. Dip. Lib. 8th April, 1949 at 2 p.m. 2. B.Sc. (Tech.) and German 1st for B.Sc. (Tech.) 1st Year students 11th April, 1949 at 2 p.m. 3. T. D. 12th April, 1949 at 2 p.m. 4. B. T. 12th April, 1949 at 2 p.m. 5. Agricultural Examinations 22nd April, 1949 at 2 p.m.

Dates for the declaration of results of other examinations will be notified later.

SUSPECT IN STABBING CASES ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Friday.

For allegedly participating in stabbing and looting incidents which occurred during the "Razakar movement" in Hyderabad, Aijan Murid, was arrested by the Pathan Branch, the Bombay C. I. D. yesterday.

The Police said that the accused was arrested on the strength of information furnished by Naimatkhan Gifatkhan, who was detained by the Poona C. I. D. in the course of the investigation into certain stabbing and looting incidents during the "Razakar Movement."

Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court remanded the accused into custody today.

Children's Bit For Gandhi Fund

To help swell the Gandhi Memorial Fund, Bombay's school children, under the leadership of their teachers, will conduct a 10-day intensive collection drive starting from April 11, Miss K. Khandwala announced at the Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Secondary Teachers Association today.

Every school child will be given at least one booklet of sixteen tickets, priced at an anna each, and would be asked to go round houses and make as speedy a sale of it as possible. Several centres will be opened in the city for the distribution of these booklets.

April 20, the last day of the child rena collection campaign, will be observed as "Special Schools Collections Day."

Miss Khandwala hoped that all schools would declare a holiday on April 20 to enable the children to go round selling the booklets.

KHER GOES BROKE BEFORE 4TH OF EVERY MONTH

BOMBAY, Friday.—Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, confessed this morning, while presiding over the Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Secondary Teachers Association: "My difficulty now is how to run my motor car within the allowance provided by Government."

He complained: "Before the 4th of every month I run out of my funds. Believe me, I am a co-sufferer with you, who protest against your pay."

FISCAL COMMISSION

V. T. Krishnamachari Appointed Chairman

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, April 7.

Sir V. T. Krishnamachariar lately Dewan of Jaipur has been appointed Chairman of the Fiscal Commission. That appointment was referred to by the Industry Minister Mookerji in Parliament yesterday. Other members of the Commission are Messrs. Naval Wadia, B. M. Birla Chawdhiry Mukhtiar Singh, Ananthasayanam Ayyangar and Khandhubhai Desai, Mr. D. L. Muzumdar, at President joint secretary to Works Mines and Power Ministry is secretary-member of the commission which will start functioning next month.

AUSTRALIA'S RICE FOR DEFICIT AREAS

CANBERRA, April 8 (PTI-Reuter): The bulk of Australia's rice production will continue to be exported, Commonwealth Commerce Minister Mr. Thomas Pollard announced today.

Small quantities, he added, would be reserved for hospitals, people under doctors' orders and Australia's Chinese population.

The remainder would be available to countries towards which the British Commonwealth had responsibilities and "areas where starvation and distribution are rife."

Adjournment Motion Ruled Out In Bihar Assembly

PATNA, April 8 (API): Mr. Deosaran Singh, Deputy Speaker of the Bihar Legislative Assembly today ruled out of order an adjournment motion of Mr. Sirish Chandra Banerji, a Congress member from Manbhum, without "divulging the subject of the motion. He held that it was vague and indefinite and also did not concern the policy of the Government.

Some Opposition members including Sardar Latafur Rahman, Leader of the Opposition, press the Deputy Speaker to let the members know the subject matter of the motion on the ground that they had a right to know it when it had been brought before the House. They maintained that the Parliamentary convention of the world supported their contention.

The Deputy Speaker held that rule 76 of the Assembly Manual vested him with such authority that he need not divulge the subject of an adjournment motion if it was not in order.

Travelling Art Gallery

NEW DELHI, April 8 (API): A travelling exhibition of Indian paintings will be organised shortly by the All-India Fine Arts and Crafts Society.

Mr. A. Chaudhury, Secretary of the Society, told the Associated Press of India that the scheme had been approved by the Education Ministry of Government of India.

Paintings of more than 100 artists of the different provinces of India will be included in the exhibition which will begin its journey by the end of this month. It will be first shown in Madras.

SETTLEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES

India Supports Establishment Of Panel Of Inquiry

LAKE SUCCESS, April 7. (PTI-Reuter)—India today supported a proposal before the General Assembly's Ad Hoc Political Committee to establish "a panel of inquiry and conciliation as a method for the pacific settlement of international disputes".

The proposal, recommended to the Committee by the Little Assembly, also called for promotion of international co-operation.

Sardar Hardit Singh Malik, Indian High Commissioner in Canada and member of the India's U. N. delegation, told the Committee that the Indian delegation had examined this proposal purely from one aspect—will it or will it not promote the general aims and purposes of the United Nations Charter?

"We think that this proposal will promote the general aims and purposes of the United Nations Charter", he said.

"If it is finally approved and put into effect, we shall have at our disposal for the work which is so important for the peaceful settlement of disputes and questions that are likely to lead to war, the services of individuals chosen not because they have been nominated by certain member States, but because they are eminently qualified for the work to be done".

Sardar Malik added:-"We feel that men and women so appointed can be called upon to examine questions before them in a more effective, more judicial spirit than is possible under the present system, under which, as nominees of member states, they can scarcely be expected to possss an independent and detached outlook so essential for this work."

"We believe the findings and recommendation of persons appointed under the proposed method must necessarily inspire a greater measure of confidence and carry more weight. We believe their work will be more effective."

The Soviet Union, the Ukraine and Czechoslovakia, all argued that the establishment of such a panel would circumvent the Security Council.

The proposal to establish a panel was adopted by 41 votes to six against with three abstentions.

"UNITY OF SCIENCE IS FUNDAMENTAL"

Bhatnagar's Address At Chemistry Teachers' Convention

JULLUNDUR, April 8 (API): Sir Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar, Director, Scientific and Industrial Research, Government of India, inaugurating here the East Punjab Chemistry Teachers' Convention today said it would have been preferable to have a convention of teachers of all sciences.

The unity of science he said was fundamental and all branches of science were so inter-dependent as to merit common discussion and action.

"This is particularly necessary at the present juncture when it is apparent that attempts at improving the teaching of chemistry are closely linked with the raising of standards of sciences like physics, botany zoology etc."

He suggested the setting up of a small committee representing different branches of sciences and interests to draw up concrete proposals on what were the best avenues for achieving this goal.

INDIAN OVERSEAS SKYMASTERS IN SINGAPORE

SINGAPORE, April 8 (PTI-Reuter): An Indian Overseas Airlines Skymaster arrived in Singapore yesterday on a test flight along the route of the Bombay Singapore service which is to be opened shortly.

The crew and passengers, including India's Director-General of Civil Aviation, Mr. T. P. Bhalla, were entertained by the Indian Chamber of Commerce last night.

Mr. John A. Thivy, the Indian Government Representative here is to give a reception in their honour tomorrow night.

The plane, which flew to Singapore by way of Bangkok, will return to Calcutta direct on Sunday.

BAN ON HORSE BETTING

BANGALORE, April 8. (A. P. I.): Betting on horse races at race clubs or elsewhere in Madras Presidency will be prohibited, with effect from April 1, 1950, announced Mr. M. Bhaktavatsalam, Public Works and Information Minister, today. This will entail a loss of betting-tax amounting to Rs. 27 lakhs annually, to the provincial exchequer.

He also indicated that a press note explaining the provisions of the anti-betting Act relating to the publication of racing news like acceptances and race tips be issued shortly.

Car Traced But Prisoner Still At Large

ELLORE, April 7 (API): The police have traced the car along with its driver, in which a Communist prisoner under the sentence of death is alleged to have escaped while he was being escorted from Masulipatam to the Rajahmundry Central Jail on April 5. The prisoner is still at large.

The two policemen who were escorting the prisoner have surrendered to the authorities.

It is alleged that the prisoner threw chilly power at his escorts and escaped with rifles and five rounds of ammunition.

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BOMBAY Stock Exchange

Renewed Selling In Steel And Cotton Mill Shares

BOMBAY, April 8.—The local Stock Exchange was again quiet today with renewed selling as there was utter absence of any buying urge. Even after a decline of about Rs. 300 in Tata Steel Defds. the market sentiment remains bearish. In normal conditions there can be some justification for a technical recovery but in view of acute shortage of money, there is utter absence of any investment support. Those who relied on increase in iron and steel prices were disappointed Cotton mill shares also remained quiet with a restricted turnover. It appears that in the absence of constructive development, prices looking like seeking lower levels.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1397/- against last close at Rs. 1421/4 and after improving at Rs. 1400/- steadily declined at Rs. 1380/- on tired liquidation. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 277, declined at Rs 275 Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 957 and declined at Rs. 950. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 282 while Svadeshi Mill Shares changed hands at Rs. 293.

During the later part of the session there was moderate recovery on short covering. Tata Steel Defds. were done at Rs. 1,400 while ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 277/8 Bombay Dyeings recovered at Rs. 957. Central Indias were done at Rs. 247 and Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 291/4. Simplex Mills were done at Rs. 180/10. Tata Powers were placed at Rs. 1525. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs 143 8 and Bellapurs were done at Rs. 214 6. Scindia Shares were steady at Rs. 16 2.

Towards the close there was renewed selling and the market closed easy

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	955 0
Kohinoor Mill (4-2)	282 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	293 0
Central India Mills (4)	245 0
Simplex Mills (3)	178 0
New Great Eastern (8)	161 0
Indore (9 plus 3)	150 0
Gokak Mills (12)	290 0
Century Spinning (15)	251 4
Colaba (12)	147 0
India Bleaching (6)	152 8
Swan Mills (20	328 0
Finlay Mills (15)	276 0
Morarji Gokuldas	460 0
Edward Sassoon (20)	225 0
Mayer (12)	111 4
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	3 0 0
India United Defd. (6-13-6)	11 1 6
India United Ord. (0-2-6)	1 9 0
Madhusudan Mill (15)	180 12
Podar (8)	141 4
Khatau Makanji (5)	200 0
Indore Coupon	83 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	273 0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-15)	1370 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	140 8
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	143 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	291 4
Belapur Sugar (9)	213 8
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	28 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	15 15 6
Premier Construction	115 8
Tata Chemical	11 13
Tata Oil (2)	62 4
Indian Iron (0-12)	23 13
Bengal Steel (0-8-0)	19 13
British India Corp. (0-9)	8 1
I. Copper	2-2-6
Wimco	188 12
Alcock	262 8
Belapur Coupon	54 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (28)	1522 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1435 0
Tata Hydro (3)	150 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone Mills (5)	67 0
Phoenix Mills (50)	205 0
India Manufacturing	4150 0
Kooria Mills (8)	120 0
New City Mills (11)	180 0
Minerva (12)	121 4
Bradbury	460 0
Bharat Mills (2)	31 12
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 13
Mysore Spg. Mills (8)	172 8
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14 4
Model Mills (12-8)	190 0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	597 8
Vishnu Cotton (8)	203 12
Western India (40)	4070 0
Standard (10)	225 0
Sholapur Mills (300)	3300 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (6-8)	9 12
Hindustan Mills (40)	4225 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	50 0
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	260 0
Ahmedabad Advance New	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	77 8
New Union Mills (0-8)	9 8
Madhusudan B (2-8)	35 0
Srinivas Mills (8)	160 0
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	78 12
Berar Mills	280 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
Colaba Land Coupon	42 0
New Great	156 0
ELECTRICS (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (4-8)	125 0
Ahmedabad New	43 12
Surat Electricity (2-8)	145 0
Karachi Electric (2)	121 4
Broach (0-5)	10 10
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 6 5
Amalgamated (0-12)	12-8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	28 8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	146 4
Bombay Suburban (3)	162 8
Bombay Suburban new (2)	152 8
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1880 0
Imperial Bank of India P P (8-12)	453 2
Central Bank	83 12
Central Bank New (1-8)	33 12
Bank of India (4) XD	189 4
Union (0-5)	7 12
Bank of Baroda (2-8) XD	132 12
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	45 0
United Commercial (1-8)	56 0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	26 12
Mysore Bank (8)	205 0
Exchange Bank (1-8)	22 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	105 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	5100 0
Empire (10)	625 0
New India (1/8)	60 4
Jupiter (1-4)	16 0
Vulcan (0-10)	11 14
Indian Mercantile (2)	25 0
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B. I. G. (1)	19 12
Industrial and Prudential	29 8
Neptune	6 12
New Great	28 0
All India General	15 10
RAILWAY SHARES	
G. P. (1-16)	111 4
Pachora Jamner Rly (2-8)	126 4
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	283 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	108 12
Burma Petrol	1 6
Mackenzie (6)	70 0
Port Canning (3)	67 4
Kemp and Co (30)	415 0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	150 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	92 12
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	37 0
Mukund Iron	10 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	18 0
Alembic (15)	197 8
Supreme India X.R.	
Jam Wire (6)	67 4
Bombay Uganda	60 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	24 0
Indian Cement (1937)	18 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (E.S.)	148 12
Associated Cement New (3)	138 4
United Motor	70 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Manmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbolic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	210 0
Estrela Batteries	51 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6) uuu	190 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1212 8
Tata Power (7-8)	1280 0
Hydro Electric (7)	128 12
Bombay Steamer (6)	308 8
Central India (5)	625 0
Swadeshi Mills	126 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	646 4
Lakshmi Mills	275 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	227 8
Podar Mills (4)	108 0
Shrinivas Mills (7)	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	116 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	210 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	145 0
Premier Construction 1st (61-4)	118 0
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	100 0
Amalgamated (5-8)	123 2
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical (5)	125 0
Walchand Nagar Indus (7)	130 0
Jupiter General	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	121 4
Mackenzie 1st	85 0
Mackenzie 2nd	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mills	50 0
Standard Mills	101 0
Madhusudan Mills	12 0
Khatar Mills	102 8
Morarji	108 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952 (4)	103 8
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8)	101 10
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	101 0
Walchand Nagar (6)	105 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 8
New Victoria Mill	2 2
New Victoria Mills (Pref.)	4 14
Phalton Sugar (8) X.D.	110 0
Gold Mohur (20)	302 8
New Kaiser-Hind	360 0
Sajjan Mills (20)	160 0
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	280 0
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	275 0
Air Service XR	7 0
Air India	99 0
Hind Motor	4 8
Indian Steam	7 10

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, April 8

Tata Ordinary 273/8; Tata Deferred 1370; Indian Iron 23/13; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 19/13; Bombay Dyeing 905 Ex. D.; Central India 245; Gokak 290; Kohinoor 282/8; Simplex 178; Swadeshi 293 12; Tata Power 1522/8; Associated Cement 143/12; Belapur 213/12; Bombay Burma (Old) 291/4; Scindia 15/15/6. Central Bank 83/12; New India 60; Tata 2nd Pref. 140/8.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, April 8.—The local bullion market was fairly steady with moderate business passing. Gold is firmly held by professional operators while in Silver there is increased selling on upturns as arrivals are fairly large over the daily offtake.

At the opening Vaishakh delivery silver was quoted at Rs. 172/12 and advanced at Rs. 173/6 on moderate buying and scattered short covering. At the rise the demand was satisfied and with increased offerings further improvement was checked and the market steadied at Rs. 173. Ready Silver bullion was quoted at par at Rs. 173/2

Vaishakh Gold opened at Rs. 107/6 and advanced at Rs. 107/12. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 109/12 while Sovereigns were done at Rs. 72/8

Later on there was increased selling and Silver declined at Rs. 171 4 but recovered on Short covering at Rs. 171/12. Final quotations were as under:

Silver Vaishak	171 12 0
Silver Bullion	171 10 0
Silver Mint	172 2 0
Gold Vaishak	107 7 0
Gold Ready	109 7 0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, April 8.—The produce market was fairly steady today with moderate buying support. In view of the recent advance and manipulation by professional operators, there is no inclination to sell.

At the opening castorseeds September delivery were quoted at Rs. 137/6 and after declining at Rs. 137/4 firmed up to Rs. 137/14 under renewed buying and later steadied at Rs. 137/10. Later on there was increased selling and the market declined at Rs. 137/1. Groundnuts and linseed sections were also steady.

Quotations were as under:

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	39	8	0
Coromandal	39	1	0
Bold Ready	38	10	0
Bold April-May	38	8	0
Bold June-July	39	0	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	27	8	0
May delivery	140	0	0
September	137	1	0
LINSEEDS—			
Ready	29	14	0
April-May	29	8	0
June-July	29	6	0
GROUNDNUTS OILS—			
Ready	21	4	0
Ready receipts	21	3	0
April	21	3	0
May	21	6	0
June	21	7	0
Linseed Oil	18	8	0
Castorseed oil first pressing quality	17	8	0
Castorseed oil commercial quality	18	8	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, April 8.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98 7 0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100 5 0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99 10 0
2 1/2 per cent. 1961	96 8 0
2 3/4 per cent 1960	99 7 0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99 0 0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	96 12 0
3 per cent. non-terminable	97 14 0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	97 15 0
3 per cent 1949-52	100 6 0
3 per cent 1951-54	101 2 0
3 per cent 1953-55	101 7 0
3 per cent 1957	101 0 0
3 per cent. 1959-61	100 12 0
3 per cent 1963-65	99 15 0
3 per cent 1966-68	99 13 0
2 per cent 1970-75	100 0 0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104 10 0
4 per cent 1960-70	110 0 0
4 1/2 per cent 1960-55	103 8 0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	111 9 0
4 1/2 per cent 1953-58	114 14 0
PROVINCIAL LOANS	
2 3/4 per cent U. P. 1961	97 10 0
2 3/4 per cent. Madras 1961	97 8 0
3 per cent. Punjab 1949	99 0 0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 12 0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 10 0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100 6 0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100 8 0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100 8 0
3 per cent N. W. P. 1952	99 10 0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	97 10 0
4 per cent Bombay Municipality	110 8 0
5 per cent Bom Muni 1959	114 0,0
6 per cent Bom Muni 1954	115 0 0
3 1/4 per cent Bom Muni 1977	100 14 0

LONDON WHEAT.

London, April 7.

Australian Wheat new crop 96 April-

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, April 7.

T. T. London on :—

New York Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Montreal Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Zurich Selling 17.34, Buying 17.36; Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, April 8.

MILLS

Apollo 3

B. Dyeing 957-8 55 65 52-8 55 (Ex-Div.)

C. India 245 44-8 47 45

Colaba 146-8 47

Elphinstone Ord. 66 67

Elphinstone Pref. 116-4

Finlay 277 76

Gokak 290 91 89 90

I. U. Defd. 1-9 1-9-6 1-8-6 1-9

I. U. Ord. 11-2-6 11-3 11-1-6

Indore 156—4 60 50

Kohinoor 283 85-4 80-8 82

Laxmi 597-8

Meyer 111-4

Minerva 121-4

New Great 162 61

Podar 141-4

Simplex 180 80-8 79-8 80-8 77-12 78

Swadeshi 295 96 93

Tata Mills 59

STEAMER

B Steam 280 81-4

Scindia 15-12 15-11 16-2 15-15 15-15-6

BANKS

Baroda 132-8 32-12

Central 83-8 83-12

Central New 83-12

Imperial Old 1880 76-4 82-8 80

Imperial New 452-8 53-2

India 189-8 89 89-4

Union 7-13

U. Commercial 54-8 54-4 55

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 126-4 25

Andhra Valley 1432-8 35

Suburban 162-8

Hydro 151 50-8

Hydro Power 1525 20 25 22-8

Hydro Pref. 1285

INSURANCE

New India 60

STEEL

B. Steel 19-14 20 19-10 19-13

I. Iron 23-15 23-14 24 23-11 23-13

Tata Defd. 1397-8 90 1402-8 1392-8 1401-4 1362-8 72-8 70

Tata Ord. 277 76 78 76-8 77 72-8 73-8

Tata Ist Pref. 190

Tata IInd Pref. 140-4 41 40-8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 262 8

A.C.C. Old 143-8 43/12 43 43/8

A.C.C. New 139 38 38/4

Belapur 214 15 13 13/8

B. B. Old 287-6 85 302/8 291/4

B. B. New 108/12

B. B. Petrol 1/6/9 1/7 1/5/9 1/6

B. I. C. 8/1

I. Copper 2/2/6

I. I. Trust 92/12

P. Const. 115/8 18/8 15/8 16 15/8

Shivrajpur 27/8 28

Tata Chem 11/14 11/13

Tata Oil 62/8 62/4

Wimco 188/2 88/12

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 43 12

Neptune Ins 6/2

Bombay Cycle 28

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, April 8.—There was no forward trading in the cotton market and merchants are now awaiting decision of the meeting which is to be held at Delhi to review the present position and decide about price and production for next year

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton May Contract is 842 cent points below New York May at Exchange rate 351.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON.

ALEXANDRIA, April 7.

KARNAK May	64.05—122
KARNAK Nov	57.27— 83
ASHMOUNI June	45.60—70
ASHMOUNI Oct.	45.65—65

ART SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, April 8.

120 D. Ready	3	10	0
150 Japan Ready	3	10	0
150 D. Box April	735	0	0
150 D. Box May	745	0	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, April 8.

B. C. Rates I. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 Ready

B. C. Rates I. I. D. D. 1/8 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling I. I. D. D. 1/8 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling I. I. D. D. 1/8 15/16 up to 6 Months

London Banks Buying I. I. 1/8 1/32 to 9th Month

London Banks Buying I. I. 1/8 1/16 10th-12th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D. D 1/8 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/8 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/8 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/8 3/16 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/8 7/32 7th 9th Month.

New York and Montreal B. C Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 328 3/4

Montreal Rs. 328 1/8.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329

Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7860.

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 8060

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D D Fl. 79.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D D Fcs. 1305.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D D. Rs. 84.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 165 1/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.97-53.43; London/Alexandra Cross Rate Rs. 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate Kr. 1/3 1/16-1/2 10/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl 1068-70; London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8-09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1081-1063; London/Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36.

London Discts. 3 Mos. 9/16 p.c. ; London Discts 6 Mos. 5/8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c.; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money :—Call 3/4 p.c.; 3 Mos. 1 p.c.; 6 Mos. 1-1/4 p.c.; 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone :—Tight.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

BOMBAY, April 7.

Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 1st April, is as under :—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
CAPITAL :—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,27,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	267,38,64,000
Sundries	1,63,72,000
Total Rs.	280,92,36,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.m
INVESTMENTS :—	
Government Securities	100,16,50,000
Other Authorised Investments	9,29,21,000
ADVANCES :—	
Loans	38,02,57,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	84,19,69,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	6,02,08,000
Dead Stock	1,57,20,000
Sundries	1,68,58,000
CASH :—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	28,81 50,000
Balances with other Banks	11,15,03,000
Total Rs.	280,92,36,000

WORTH STREET QUIET.

NEW YORK, April 7.

Tdading remained quiet on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market today as buyers continued to press for lower prices. In the cotton goods, merchants turned down low bids for key 60 square print construction but some brokers indicated sales did go through at concessions of one-quarter cent per yard. Mill representatives watched the course of raw cotton prices while they studied the Administration's proposals presented to Congress on Thursday recommending the continuation of the permanent high farm price supports. Burlap was slow pending the news from India on the proposals to reduce the output of beseian cloth.

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES.

NEW YORK, April 7.

Black pepper futures closed inactive and unchanged on the New York Produce Exchange today.

Anticipating heavier arrivals, buyers backed away in the spot market as sellers lowered immediate arrivals to 56 cents per pound.

Pepper sheduled to arrive on March shipments was offered at 84 cents, April 83 cents, May 82 cents and July 81 cents, following sales late Wednesday at 78 cents.

Importers calculated that the arrival of 400 tons earlier this week would be followed by an additional 500 tons over the week end.

White pepper was quoted at 1.18 cents per pound on shipments due to arrive next week.

Produce Exchange closing prices included :—

May 83, July 78, September 75, October 62, December 54, January 51, March 46.

In the spot market, black was quoted at 88 cents asked and white at dol. 1.18 nom.

Other seed prices included : Castorseeds dol. 105 nom.; Cottonseeds dol. 60 nom.; Flaxseed dol. 6.00; Linseed 17.6; Groundnuts 17.50—.75. Groundnut oil 12-1/2 cents.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES.

LONDON, April 7.

The pepper market continues more or less at a standstill. Singapore was nominally quoted at 3/11 for black and 5/2-1/2 for white, but nobody was selling.

Malabar, similarly, was nominal with faloat on London basis about 460, while for shipment April-May from 450 to 455 asked, but no buyers.

WOOL TOP PRICES.

NEW YORK, April 7

Wool tops closed barely steady, unchanged to 20 lower.

Closing prices included : April, 147.5 nom.; May, 145, 146.5; July, 143.5, 144; October, 140, 140.5; December, 138, -39; March, 1950, 136, 137.5; May, 135.9, 137.

Inflationary Implications Of Farm Programme Harden Cotton Prices

WALL STREET OPERATORS CAUTIOUS

NEW YORK, April 7. (PTI-Reuter): After opening irregularity, prices advanced sharply under the leadership of newcrop months with active buying and shortcovering influenced by the inflationary interpretation of the Secretary of Agriculture's recommendations for sweeping changes in the farm programme which would involve supports exceeding the maximum prices presently permitted Oldcrops sagged reflecting liquidation of nearby May and continued dullness in textiles.

In the afternoon the market turned quieter, sagging slightly. Traders were studying the Secretary of Agriculture's farm programme proposals. Renewed buying of newcrops based on wide discounts and inflationary implications of the proposed farm programme caused a steady close. Sales are estimated at 200,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON CLOSINGS

New York, April 7.

May	32.32—01
May Highest	32.37+04
May Lowest	32.26—07
July	31.49+01
October	28.92+14
December	28.62+14
March	28.50+14
Middling Spot	33.65—02

NEW ORLEANS COTTON CLOSINGS.

New York, April 7.

May	32.32+05
July	31.44—
October	28.87+12
December	28.57+11
Middling Spot	32.65—

WALL STREET MARKET

The market moved narrowly either side in quiet dealings with traders continuing to be cautious. Utilities, however, continued the uptrend by a small margin Changes were fairly well divided with support for selected shippings oils, motors, amusements and tobaccos while the decliners included assorted department stores, chemicals, containers, steels, aircrafts and nonferrous minings. The averages were Industrials 176.39 and Rails 48.53.

Numerous industrials responded to light pressure during the afternoon and this served to attract additional selling to other groups. Late trading found the market showing irregularly lower tendencies ranging from fractions to one point. Activity continued to be limited. The market closed barely steady with final dealings bringing little change.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Prices advanced early under the leadership of wheat on buying prompted by Secretary Brannan's recommendations for sweeping changes in the federal farm programme which traders regarded as inflationary The upturn attracted profittaking and scattered liquidation was evidently inspired by reports of strong republican opposition in the Senate to these recommendations and all grains receded sharply from the day's highs.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, April 7

May 2.17.
July 1.94-1/8.
September 1.94-1/4.
December 1.95-1/2.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, April 7.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p.c.	30-3/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1961	106-1/4
Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90	113-5/16
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1952 and after	104-3/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	103-3/4
National Bank of India	37-7/8

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 5,581.

Skipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, April 8.

S. S. BORNEO

From Vaancouver: 2,103 pieces Dougl fir rough green lumber.

From Seattle, Washington: 4,312 pieces steel bars, 120 pieces Douglas fir rough green lumber.

From Los Angeles: 333 drums diesel fuel, 117 cases battery separators. 93 drums lubricating oil.

From San Francisco: 2,061 drums lubricating oil, 150 drums diesel oil.

From Manila: 93 drums copper wire, 181 drums brass scrap.

From Penang: 138 drums coconut oil, 207 bags pearl tapioca, 4,813 bags betel nuts.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S. S. HOEGH SILVERWAVE

To New York: 100 bales cotton waste—The Bombay Textile Waste Co. 130 bags gum karaya—Precise Exporters Ltd.

S. S. EMPIRE SPARTAN

To Antwerp: 72 bales cotton waste—Rallis India Ltd. 50 bales oily waste—Rallis India Ltd. 100 bales yellow picking—M. Motilal. 25 bales cotton waste—E. T. Robertson & Son.

To Manchester: 150 bales cotton waste—C. Jairam & Co.

S. S. VIRGINIA MAY

To Karachi: 20 cases Sunlight soap and 10 cases Life Buoy soap—A. H. Aquila.

S. S. DURENDA

To Antwerp: 200 bales cotton waste—Rallis India Ltd.

S. S. JEHANGIR

To Jeddah: 40 cases porcelain ware—A. A. Kadar.

To Aden: 25 bags gum ghati H. Makanji.

S. S. BARPETA

To Karachi: 37 cases gambier—H. S Rahemtulla & Sons. 10 cases art silk piecegoods—G. S. Dadarwalla. 15 cases art silk piecegoods—Miscellaneous shippers.

BY AIR

To Karachi: 58 parcels art silk piecegoods—Miscellaneous Shippers.

Arrivals & Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, April 8.

ARRIVALS

S. S. YORBA LINDA from Abadan with oil on April 7.

S. S. QUEDA from Middlesborough with general cargo on April 7.

S. S. CALEDONIA from Karachi with general cargo on April 8.

S. S. CAPE VERDE from Rosario with wheat on April 8.

S. S. UMARIA from Calcutta with general cargo on April 8.

S. S. SCOTIA from Antwerp with general cargo on April 8.

DEPARTURES

S. S TREVELYAN for London with general cargo on April 7.

S. S. STRATEDEN for London with general cargo on April 7.

S. S. JALA KRISHNA for Antwerp with general cargo on April 7.

S. S. CHISPA for Karachi with general cargo on April 7.

Sales Tax Subsidy On Agricultural Machinery

The Government of Bombay has directed that the cultivators applying for subsidy equal to the sales tax paid by them on the purchase of agricultural machinery, should grow cereals, pulses and vegetables (excluding chillies) on at least two-thirds of the total area brought under cultivation by means of such machinery. On the cultivator failing to abide by this condition, the amount of subsidy will be recovered from him as areas of land revenue at a rate of interest of 6 per cent. per annum from the date of the payment of the amount.

Calcutta Share Bazar Opens Steady But Declares On Profit Taking

CALCUTTA, April 8.

The market opened steady out eased off sligntly at the close owing to profittaking.

Following are today's final transactions up to 1-45 p.m. :—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES : Three per cent Loan 1964 98/2, Three per cent Government Paper 97/13 S. Lot, Three per cent Loan 1959/61 100/10 S. Qad Lot, Three per cent Loan 1951/64 100/15 S. Lot, Three per cent Loan 1963/65 101/5 S. Lot, Three per cent Loan 1970/75 99/14, Three per cent Loan 1957 100/15.

COTTONS : Cawnpore Textiles 10/2, J. K. Cotton Ordy. 300, New Victoria 2/3, Ditto Pref. 6/1, Swadesni Cotton Ordy. 10/13.

COALS : Bengal 422, Bhalbora 6/4, Burra Dhemo 2/1, Burrakur 11/15, Bhuanbanaree 11/8, Central India 4/8 Jainty Central 2/3, New Manbhoom 15/12, Standard 10/8, Talcher.

JUTES : Auckland 117/8 S. Lot, Bally (Pref.) 150, Delta (Pref.) 118/8. Gourepore (Pref.) 136/8.

MININGS : Burma Corpn. 2/7, Indian Copper 2/1, Consolidated Tin annas fifteen.

MISCELLANEOUS : Bone Bailey Cement 6, Alkali and Chemical 12/4, Bengal Chemical 100, Calcutta Electric 18/8, Indian Iron 23/15, Jessop and Co. 16, Kumardhubi Eng. 7/10, Marshalls 5/9, Steel Corpn. 20/2, Textile Machinery 6/9, B. I. Corpn. 8/2, Ivan Jones 5/8, British Burma Petrol 1/6. India Paper Pulp 148, Cum Div. Shree Gopal Paper 10/14, Titaghur Paper 34/10, Port Shipping 14/10

SUGARS : Belsund 4/5, Bharat Sugar 12/12, Buland 18/8, Cawnpore Sugar 25/4 S. Lot, Purtabpore 13/12, Raza 10/14.

TEAS : Banarhut 250.

Large Turnover And Lower Rates On Madras Stock Exchange

MADRAS, April 8.

The Madras market had a larger turnover today though rates were lower.

Bank shares remained unchanged while in the plantings group rubber shares shed a few annas with business done in Midlands Nellimapthis Perikaramalis T. R. T., etc.

Textiles met with better turnover with business done in Buckinyhams Coimbatore Spinning Madras, etc.

Miscellaneous section remained neglected.

The market closed easy.

Following are today's quotations :—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES : Government of India Loan 3 per cent Papers 98, Three per cent 1970/75 100, Three per cent 1966/68 99/11, Government of Travancore 3 per cent 1962/54 101/10, Government of Madras 3 per cent 1956 100/8, Three per cent 1960 100.

BANKS : Travancore 16/6.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES : Deccan 17, Mysore 46.

PLANTINGS : Chembras 4/12, Ouchterlony 5/3, Priakaramalai 22/4, Thirumbadi 1/11, T. R. and T. Co. 5/6, Vaikundam 7.

TEXTILES : Balasubramania 40, Bangalore Woollen 206, Buckingham 148 (X. D.), Campodia C. D. 9/5, Coimbatore Pioneer 111, Coimbatore Spg. 44, Janardhana 42/8, Laksami 63/8, Madura X. D. 40/12, Mettur 306/8, Mysore Spun 5/10, Radhakrishna C. D. 144, Rajalakshmi 54, Ranga Villas 45, Trav Rayons 3/10 Trichinopoly 11/2, Vasantha 103.

MISCELLANEOUS : Andhra Cement 64, F. A. C. T. 4/1/6, Mettur Chem. 6/4, Mysore Chem. and Ferts 5/12, Mysore Paper 11, Spencer 10/12.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES.

SINGAPORE, April 7.

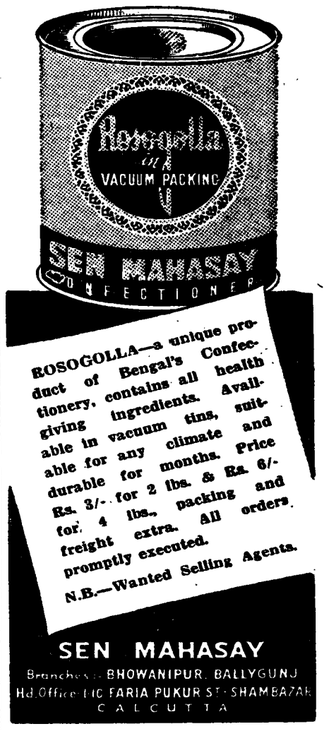
In the Singapore market today, white muntok was quoted at SSdol. 280 per picul of 133.3 lbs., and Lampong Black at SSdol. 213.

The market tone was reported as steady.

LONDON SILVER PRICES.

LONDON, April 7.

Prices of silver for both spot and forward remained unchanged at 43-1/2 pence per ounce in the London market today.



ROSOGOLLA—a unique product of Bengal's Confectionery, contains all health giving ingredients. Available in vacuum tins, suitable for any climate and durable for months. Price Rs. 3/- for 2 lbs. & Rs. 6/- for 4 lbs., packing and freight extra. All orders promptly executed.

N.B.—Wanted Selling Agents.

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Trade & Finance

ABSENCE OF APPRECIABLE CHANGE IN LIGHT MONEY CONDITIONS

Moderate Investment Enquiry In Gilt-Edged Markets

(From Our Special Correspondent)
BOMBAY, April 8
MONEY

Despite the end of the financial year and the reduction in the Imperial Bank's rate of advance against Government securities, there was no appreciable change in the tight money conditions. Interbank call money continued to be quoted 1-1/2 per cent and three to six months' money between 1-1/2 and 1-3/4 per cent, per annum.

The returns of the Reserve Bank of India, for the week ended 1st April 1949 reveal a rise of Rs. 5.32 crores in the active note circulation due to beginning-of-the-month requirements, while notes held in the Banking Department show a corresponding reduction. The total note issue is slightly up by Rs. 25 lakhs. On the assets side, there is a noteworthy fall of Rs. 21.27 crores in the Foreign securities, with a similar increase in the Government of India Rupee Securities. In the Banking Department, Government and Bankers' deposits show a fall of Rs. 7.28 crores and Rs. 3.97 crores respectively, but Miscellaneous balances are up by Rs. 1.69 crores. Bearers held abroad are further down by Rs. 1.55 crores and Investments show a reduction of Rs. 3.29 crores.

The statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India, for the week ended 1st April 1949, shows a sharp reduction of Rs. 4.04 crores in the Bank's investment portfolio. Advances, on the other hand, are up by Rs. 3.68 crores. In the aggregate, the cash holding of the Bank is reduced by Rs. 40 lakhs.

GILT-EDGED

The gilt-edged market ruled steady during the week with moderate investment enquiry in some scrips. 3 per cent. 1986 Conversion loan was a trifle better at Rs. 96 on bear-covering. Quotations of most other scrips remained more or less steady except 2-3 4 per cent. 1962 loan which moved up to Rs. 99-1. 3 per cent 1955-55 loan was a shade quieter at Rs. 101-1 and 3 per cent 1966/68 loan at Rs. 99-14.

EXCHANGE

There were no noteworthy features to report in the rupee sterling exchange market which continued steady though dull. For interbank business sellers of spot T.T. on London quoted Is. 6-31 32d. and buyers Is 6d. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under —

Sellers of T T on
London spot Is 5-31 32d.
Sellers of T T on London upto six months Is 5-15 16d
Buyers of T. T on London spot and upto nine months Is 6-1 32d

In New York, the sterling dollar cross-rate for forward delivery eased off from dol. 4.01-11, 16 to do. 3 46-7 8 during the week.

GOLD

After a break of about 3-1 2 months, forward trading was officially resumed under the auspices of the Government-recognised Bombay Bullion Association on 2nd April 1949. The quotation for May delivery gold moved narrowly between Rs. 107-14 and Rs. 106-8 in the absence of any major factors to affect prices, both the demand and supply being evenly balanced. The premium on ready gold, which was quoted at Rs. 1-14 at the start, widened to 2-4 at the close owing to a steady depletion of stocks. The quotation for sovereigns also moved narrowly around Rs. 72-8. Stocks of gold on hand are reported to be about 50,000 tolas. Arrivals are said to have averaged about 5,000 tolas a day and the offtake 6,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were Rs. 110-2 and Rs. 106-4 for ready and Rs. 107-13 and Rs. 106-8 for 12th May settlement.

SILVER

Forward trading in the silver section of the bullion market was inclined to be dull after being fairly active in the early part of the week. May settlement opened at Rs. 174-9 and declined sharply to Rs. 172-4 on Tuesday and after recovering to Rs. 173-6, declined again to Rs. 171-7 but closed better at Rs. 175-8 Spot silver 999 fine which commanded a premium of Rs. 2 at the opening, stood about Rs. 1-10 over forward at the close. Silver in the form of commercial bars as well coins continued to pour in from Saurashtra and Cutch, against which the upcountry offtake improved appreciably to about 200 bars a day on average. Silver stocks in the market are reported around 5,000 bars, all well held. Both the London and the New York silver quotations continued unchanged at 45-1, 2d. and 71-1 2 cents throughout. The highest and lowest rates recorded were Rs. 176-15 and Rs. 173-1 for spot and Rs. 174-9 and Rs. 171-7 for forward.

SHARES

Prices in the steel section of the local share market lost further ground on fresh unloading. The textile block of shares, which received some speculative support early in the week, also declined in sympathy with steels. The tone of the market at the close was easy.

Tata Defds. were marked down from Rs. 1470 to Rs. 1382-8 during the early part of the week and after recovering to Rs. 1425 on Wednesday due to bear-covering closed lower again at Rs. 1382-8. Ordinaries likewise fluctuated between Rs. 280-8 and Rs. 272-8. Amongst textiles, Bombay Dyeings improved from Rs. 977-8 to Rs. 992-8 on renewed speculative support following the revival of rumours of a bonus issue by the Company, closing quieter at Rs. 985 ex. Other scrips showed a drooping trend for want of support. Kohinoors dwindled down from Rs. 295 to Rs. 282 and Swadeshis from Rs. 303 to Rs. 293. Both the Hydro-electric and bank sections witnessed small trading with minor fluctuations. Andhra Valleys were quoted around Rs. 1445 and Powers attracted some business at Rs. 1525. Tata Hydros were quoted ex-dividend at Rs. 150-8. Among Banks, Central Banks and Imperial Bank Fully Paids were both maintained at Rs. 85 and Rs. 1880 without much business doing. Bank of India, on the other hand, tapered down to Rs. 189-8 amongst miscellaneous scrips, Bombay Burmas found good support at Rs. 2914 following the improved political situation in Burma. Associated Cements and Bengpurs ruled quiet at 143-8 and Rs. 213 respectively.

CALCUTTA JUTES

The jute section of the Calcutta share market passed a quiet week with very little business passing. The undertone of the market continues easy.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES IN MERGED AREAS

Instructions For Traders

With the enforcement of the Bombay Weights and Measures Act in the States merged in Bombay Province from April 1, 1949, only the following weights and measures should be used in these areas.

Weights—the Bombay tola, seer, maund, and sub-multiples.

Dry Measures—the Bombay seer chatak, adhso, adhoi, payali, maund and maap.

Liquid Measures—The Bombay seer, with sub-multiples and multiples, the imperial gallon and pint.

Length—inch, foot, yard, furlong, mile, etc.

The use of any other weights or measures is unlawful. The Act provides penalties for the fraudulent use of weights and measures, etc. for making, selling or disposing of false or defective weights, measures, etc. and for using or possessing weights or measures other than those prescribed by law.

The Government has prescribed fees payable by the trading public for the verification or re-verification and stamping of weights and measures, etc. by Inspectors. These fees range from 2 annas to 7 annas per unit of weight or measure and from 12 annas to Rs. 40 for weighing instruments. Rs. 40 is charged for a machine of over 25 tons capacity.

Weights and measures and weighing instruments are liable to be seized and detained by Inspectors if they did not conform to the Act or Rules. The Rules make provision for the temporary use of certain weights and measures mentioned in the Act which may not exactly conform to the Rules but are within the percentage of error allowed by the Rules. It is important for traders to see that any new purchases of weights, measures or weighing instruments conform to the legislation. They should also take care that they do not exceed the period of six months allowed in regard to such of their existing stock as may be within the margin of error admissible under the Rules.

The Act and Rules apply to weights, measures measuring and weighing instruments which are in use or are intended for use for trade. They do not apply to weights and measures which are in actual use for private household purposes. Householders need, therefore, take no special steps in connection with their existing weights and measures.

Has Russia Got Atom Bomb?

PARIS, April 8, (U.P.A.): Soviet refugee author Victor Kravchenko said he believes Russia possesses the atom bomb and that time is working in her favour in the East-West cold war.

The author of the anti-Soviet best-seller "I Chose Freedom" told a press conference here, "If war broke out and Moscow were bombed with atomic weapons, I believe she very probably would retaliate with the same weapons. Nothing but misery and desolation would be created for the purpose of liberating the Russian people. I hope if war ever broke out, this weapon would not be used."

Asked specifically whether he thought Russia now has the atom bomb, Kravchenko replied: "Yes, I think so, though I do not think she had it when the United States first had it".

Thacker Company Dispute For Adjudication

The Industrial dispute between Messrs. Thacker and Company, Limited, Bombay, and its workers has been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr. I. G. Thakore.

DEFENCE PLAN OF WESTERN UNION POWERS

THE HAGUE, April 8 (PTI-Reuter): Defence Ministers of the five Western Union Powers today approved a plan for the defence of Western Europe and decided on the measures required to make the plan effective.

The Ministers concluded today the two days secret meeting they have been holding here and issued this "communique"

MEXICO'S RECOGNITION FOR ISRAEL GOVERNMENT

MEXICO CITY, April 8 (PTI-Reuter)—The Mexican Government announced tonight, it has extended 'de facto' recognition to the Government of Israel.

Mexico would vote in favour of Israel's admission to the United Nations, the announcement added.

Mexico is the 45th country to accord either 'de facto' or 'de jure' recognition.

MYDERABAD, (Dn.) April 8, (UPI) Thirteen Urdu Daily Newspapers of Hyderabad came out this morning with identical leading articles pleading "general amnesty" for all those arrested after the "people action" in connection with Razakar and other unlawfull activities.

Eden Returns Full Of Hope

LONDON, April 7. (PTI-Reuter)—Mr. Anthony Eden, Deputy Leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons, in a luncheon address here today, said he returned from his recent world tour with robust confidence in the future of the Commonwealth.

His journey, he said, had revived and restored his hope for mankind. He returned with a strong conviction that the Commonwealth countries could help each other and lead the world for the benefit of all countries.

Referring to the part that India and Pakistan could play, Mr. Eden said he was encouraged by the clear desire he had found in those dominions to continue in some form or other their partnership in the British Commonwealth if it could be contrived.

Mr. Eden was speaking at a luncheon given in his honour by the Oversea Empire Correspondents Association. It was his first public address since his return to London.

Developments In Freight War Expected

LONDON, April 8 (PTI-Reuter) Dutch shipping officials expect developments next week in the freight "war" on the Europe—India routes, but refused tonight to indicate what they would be.

"It would not surprise us," one official said, "if there was an approach from one side aimed at ending the trouble".

Asked if the Dutch lines were considering making a peace move, he declined to say anything more beyond: "It cannot go on week after week without anything happening."

Unlicensed Guns Found With Villagers

MADURA, April 8, (A.P.I.): Twenty-two persons from three villages around the hills of Natham, about 30 miles from Madura, have been rounded up on the charge of having in their possession unlicensed arms and ammunition.

A mobile police party raided these villages and recovered 22 unlicensed guns and some ammunition.

HUNGER-STRIKE IN PAKISTAN CAPITAL

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, April 5: One Baniad Hussein has been sitting Dharna in front of the office of the Administrator of the Karachi Municipality without taking food for the last five days.

It is reported, this person had taken possession of an open plot of land owned by the Municipality in Lyari quarter and the Municipality forcibly ejected him with the aid of the police. He now demands the return of the land saving that he has no other place for the shelter of his family.

ALLIES READY TO HELP CREATE DEMOCRATIC GERMANY.

WASHINGTON, April 8. (U.P.A.): British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin, at the conclusion of the Big Three meeting to-day, said the Allies were now ready for further steps to "help the German people to create a real democratic Germany with which Europe and the rest of the world can live in confidence and peace. If the Germans are wise they will respond because they have on their conscience the fact that they twice brought war".

COMPLETE AGREEMENT REACHED ON GERMANY.

WASHINGTON, April 8. (U.P.A.): The three big power Foreign Ministers, Ernest Bevin, Dean Acheson and Robert Schuman, to-day announced they had reached complete agreement on the German problem, including the text of a new and simpler occupation statute which aims "to permit German people the exercise of democratic self-government."

With the establishment of a German federal republic, the "military government as such will be terminated and the functions of Allied authorities will become mainly supervisory."

Stop Press

U. N. ASSEMBLY ACCEPTS INDIAN PROPOSAL ON INDONESIA.

LAKE SUCCESS, April 8. (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations General Assembly's Steering Committee to-day adopted a proposal by India that the present Assembly discuss Indonesia.

Voting on the proposal was 11 to one with two abstentions.

The committee earlier rejected a proposal to exclude the question from the Assembly's agenda by nine votes to four with one abstention.

FEDERAL REPUBLIC FOR GERMANS IN WESTERN ZONE.

WASHINGTON, April 8. (PTI-Reuter): Britain, the United States and France to-day signed an agreement to give Germans in the Western Zones a "Federal Republic" with an occupation status ensuring "democratic self-government".

SOVIET OBJECTION TO CEYLON'S APPLICATION OVERRIDDEN

LAKE SUCCESS, April 8 (P.T.I-Reuter): The United Nations General Assembly's Steering Committee today overrode Russian and Polish objections to the inclusion of Ceylon's application for United Nations membership on the Assembly's agenda.

Voting was twelve to two.

$50,000 MISSING FROM NEW YORK AIRPORT OFFICE

NEW YORK, April 1 8 (UPA): The KLM Dutch airline reported to police today that $50,000 were missing from its office at New York International Airport and said it hoped that the money might have been put accidentally aboard an airliner headed for Gander, Newfoundland.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON MAY
NEW YORK, April 8.

Previous closing	32.32
Today's opening	32.33
Difference	+ 1
Today's closing	32.37
Difference	+ 5

LAST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, April 8.

Silver Vaishak Shud 15.	Rs.	171 13
Gold Vaishak Shud	Rs.	107 5
Silver Bullion	Rs.	171 11
Silver Mint	Rs.	172 3
Gold ready	Rs.	109 6
Sovereign	Rs.	72 10
EXPECTATION:		
Cotton Jarila May.	Rs.	626 0

NEW YORK STOCKS
NEW YORK, April 8.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:
Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted,
General Motors 58-1/4,
United States Steel common 71-3/4,
Ditto Pref. unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Easier Trend

LONDON April 8, (PTI-Reuter): London Stock Exchange operators were quiet today, awaiting results of the local council elections. Price changes in various sections of the market were few and small but were inclined to slightly lower levels in most cases.

British Government stocks attracted support for short dated issues which showed firmness and another bright spot was provided by shippings. These met small but persistent buying following increase in plant and machinery allowance as disclosed by the budget.

Among industrials, motors, breweries, tobaccos and building shares declined slightly and there were scattered losses among miscellaneous leaders. Irons and steels, however, resisted the prevailing trend.

Yesterday's gains in oils attracted profit-taking today. The section moved lower on continued offerings.

Foreign bonds were quiet, Foreign utilities occasionally firmer.

Kaffirs lost ground despite the revival of sterling devaluation talk.

NO IMPORT DUTY ON RAW KAPOK

After the declaration of Pakistan as "foreign territory" for customs purposes with effect from March 1, 1948, raw kapok, like other goods imported from Pakistan, became liable to the Indian import duty.

Having regard to the representations received by the Government of India that the levy of the import duty unduly raised the cost of ginned and boled kapok, and to the general policy of the Government of India to facilitate trade between India and Pakistan, the Government of India have exempted raw kapok of Pakistan origin from the payment of import duty. Neceessary notification to this effect has been issued in the Gazette of India.

CALICUT MARKET.
(From Our Correspondent.)
CALICUT, April 8.

Coiryarn Beypore 135/145, Quilandy 145/155, Ungarbled 80, Coconuts raw 164/167, Dry 175/185, Coconut oil 580, Copra Office 382/8, Dilpasand 387/8, Madrasnottam 440, Pepper Wynaad 1650, Country 1625, Dryginger Chernad 7550, Ernad 740, Coffee Robusta 150, Timber Pali 55 60, Junglewood 30 37/8, Vellapine 65/75, Benteak 50/55, Teak 90/125, Mango 3/3/2, Teak 22 8 25, Rosewood 17/8/22.

KARACHI COTTON MARKET
(From Our Correspondent)
KARACHI, April 8.

Cotton Sind NT Rollers 93/-, Punjab 289 F 96/8, LSS 89/8, Fourf 85/-, New Crop NT November delivery 82/-, Tone steadily held.

Spot sales 2,000, Arrivals 2,000, Exports 4,885, of which 1,550 for Liverpool, 3,335 for India.

Cottonseeds NT ready 8/12, April 8/13. Steady Exports 86,000 bags, for India.

Gold 104/8, Sovereigns 68/4 Market dull.

STOCK EXCHANGE: Govt. Loans 1963 Three Per Cent 101/8, 1968 Three Per Cent 100/2, Dacca Electric 10/8, Murree Brewery 13/8.

HAPUR MARKET RATES.
(From Our Correspondent.)
HAPUR, April 8.

Wheat 25 23, Gram 12, 12/8, Barley 13 6, Peas 12, Maize 13, Bajra 14, Juwar 14, Guwar 11/8, Arhar 12, Urad 17/8, Moong 19, Masoor 13, 15, Peas Jeth 11/8, Arhar Jeth 11/5, Guri 14/12 to 13/12, Baisakh 13/10, Fagun (2005) 14/4, Bearish Sarsoon ready 27/12, Taraseed 22/8, 20/8, Oil 74, Oilcake 8/12, Groundnut 17/8, Cottonseed 15/8, Bardana Chet 107/8, Asoj 108, April 123 8, September 121/8, Red 108.

White gold 108/3, Steady. Forward business in Sarson suspended.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET
(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, April 8.

Market opened steady and improved on general buying but Deferred dropped on nervious liquidation on various gossips about parties in Bombay. Mill shares were steady and attracted buyers every decline in Arvind.

Calico opened 1166, lowest 1164, highest 1174, closed 1168.

Arvind opened 1464, highest 1488, closed 1484.

Deferred opened 1410, lowest 1368 closed 1369.

Closing quotations: Calico 1168, Arvind 1484, Deferred 1369, Ambika 423, Ajit 301-4-0, Kaiserhind 230, Bhalkia 93-8-0, Manekial Harilal 380, Rohit 121-4-0, Shorrok 550.

SAURASHTRA MARKET QUOTATIONS
(From Our Correspondent.)
RAJKOT, April 8.

Rajkot silver Vaisakh 172, Rajkot Aranda May 140, Rajkot Sugar Chaitra nil, Rajkot Aranda September 127/2.

INDO-HUNGARIAN TRADE AGREEMENT

Ratification Awaited

NEW DELHI, April 8 (A.P.I.): A trade agreement providing for direct trade valued at approximately rupees 1.3 crores was signed today in the Ministry of Commerce by Mr. C. C. Desai, Commerce Secretary, on behalf of India, and Mr. Tibor Mende, leader of the Hungarian trade delegation, on behalf of Hungary.

Hungary has undertaken to export transformers, switchgear, refrigeration plants, ammonia compressors, diesel engines, steam engines, lorries and trucks, transport equipment, concrete and asphalt mixing machines, machine tools, pipes and fittings, refigerators vans and lithopone. The value of exports from Hungary is estimate at Rs. 1.1 crores. Hungary has also offered to export railway equipment. This offer will be considered by the Railway Board when calling for tenders.

India has agreed to export raw jute, kyanite, cotton waste, linseed oil and paper, valued at approximately Rs. 20 lakhs.

The fact that several commodities produced by the two countries are not included in the agreement does not mean that no trading in these commodities will be allowed. Importers and exporters in India are free to import or export such goods in accordance with the prevailing regulations. The commodities included in the agreement are such as are regarded essential for purposes of import by the two countries.

Payment for the goods to be exchanged between the two countries will be settled in rupees or sterling as may be mutually convenient to the governments concerned.

The "peak" figure of trade with Hungary in pre-war years was only Rs. 34 lakhs per annum.

The agreement is subject to ratification by the Government of India and the Republic of Hungary. It will be made public after it has been ratified.

AGRA, April 8. (U.P.I.): The National Week commensed here with a collection drive for the Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Fund and "charkha Yagva" in various parts of the city.

A guide of local hotel was found dead under mysterious circumstances. He was reported to have been poisoned.

The police are investigating into the matter.

34 NATIONS BEGIN TARIFF CONFERENCE AT ANNECY

LAKE SUCCESS, April 8.

The tariff negotiations meeting which begins April 11 at Annecy, France, will be the largest in history, according to the Interim Commission of the International Trade Organization.

In a report from Geneva, ITO said that 500 to 600 delegates and assistants representing 34 nations will take part in this world meeting to lower or eliminate barriers to international trade.

The meeting is expected to last about three months, ITO said.

Negotiations will be carried out under the General Agreement on Tariff and Trade which was originally signed by 23 nations at Geneva in 1947. At that conference, the contracting nations also signed 123 sets of bilateral agreements to raise preferential tariff, quantitative restrictions and other trade barriers. President Truman has termed the Geneva accord "a landmark in the history of international economic relations."

11 NEWCOMERS WILL JOIN.

Newcomers to the negotiations this year, all of which have stated their intention of acceding to the General Agreement, will number 11 countries: Colombia, Denmark, Italy, the Dominican Republic, Finland, Greece, Haiti, Uruguay, Liberia, Nicaragua, and Sweden.

The 23 countries which originally framed the agreement are: Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Burma, Canada, Ceylon, Chile, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, France, India, Lebanon, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Pakistan, South Africa, Southern Rhodesia, Syria, the United Kingdom and the United States. The tariff concessions which these countries negotiated among themselves at Geneva in 1947 were embodied in the General Agreement and have since been put into operation by all of them.

338 BILATERAL NEGOTIATIONS POSSIBLE.

Each of the 23 contracting parties can negotiate with each of the 11 acceding countries, and the newcomers with each other. ITO calculate that the maximum number of negotiations might therefore total 260 between the original members and the newcomers, and 78 among the newcomers themselves. The grand total would be 338. It is not expected, ITO said, that the original contractors will renegotiate any agreements among themselves except to complete one or two negotiations left unfinished in 1947.

ITO pointed out that each bilateral negotiation can be regarded as a bargaining operation, no country being expected to give tariff concessions without getting equivalent concessions in return. The concessions may include complete elimination of tariff duties and preferences, or their reduction, the "binding" or freezing of duties at existing levels, and the "binding" of duty-free treatment.

SPECIAL FEATURE OF NEGOTIATIONS.

A special feature of the negotiations is that each country may take advantage not only of the concessions which it secures in its own bilateral negotiations but also of all the concessions agreed upon between other counries. This advanage is extended through the "most-favoured-nation-treatment" clause embodied in the General Agreement. It is this factor, ITO said, which gives the negotiations their unique multilateral character.

Actual negotiations will be conducted in secrecy, but general progress reports will be made public at intervals, ITO said.

The conference is being held at Annecy instead of at Geneva as originally planned because of a lack of adequate office space in the Palais des Nations for a sufficient period. The French Government, in an act of full co-operation with the United Nations, is making practically the entire town of Annecy available for the conference.

The meeting will be organized and staffed by the secretariat of the ITO Interim Commission, under Eric Wyndham White, Executive Secretary.

The third session of the 23 contracting parties to GATT will take place during the negotiations, under chairman Dana Wilgress of Canada. This work is expected to begin April 14 and to last four or five weeks. Meetings of the contracting parties will be held in private, but the chairman will authorize press communiques whenever appropriate.

U.S. DELEGATION WILL HAVE 54 MEMBERS.

Meanwhile, President Truman has approved the U.S. delegation to the Annecy conference. The chairman of the 54-member delegation will be Woodbury Willoughby, chief of the State Department's Division of Commercial Policy. Vice-chairman will be John W. Evans, Director of the Commodities Division of the U.S. Commerce Department's Office of International Trade. The other 52 delegates and advisers are all members of the U.S. Interdepartmental Trade Agreements Committee, of which Willoughby is chairman.—USIS.

RAPID DEVELOPMENT OF INDIA SEEN FROM SUEZ CANAL DATA

Indian Industrialization One Of Four Main Features Indicating Vital Changes In World Trade

NEW YORK, April 8.

Four principal features of December 1948 statistics of the Suez Canal Company indicate important changes in the distribution of world trade, according to the American analyst Paul Wohl, writing in the New York 'Herald Tribune". Wohl terms the Suez figures the "world's most reliable trade barometer."

The four developments, according to Wohl are: India's development plans have become a major factor in world trade; continued increase of oil shipments from new American-owned wells in the Middle East and a relative decline of shipments from older fields; new shipments from Eastern Europe reaching the Indian Ocean area and the Far East; and the steady comeback of Indonesia revealed through trade figures.

INDIA SHIPPING MORE CEMENT.

Canal figures, showing the rapid development of India, reveal that cement, mostly from India, crossed the Canal at the rate of 120,000 tons, compared with the 105,600 tons in December, 1947, and the prewar average of 44,000 tons. Industrial shipments to India through the Canal show sharp increases. From Canada, India received in December 1948, 24,000 tons of railway material.

Another indication of India's industrialization was the record in November of 31,600 tons of lubricating oil reaching India by way of the Canal, mostly from the United States. Total shipments of lubricating oil to all Indian Ocean countries amounted to 41,800 tons—more than four times the pre-war average. India's increasing consumption of gasoline is shown by the fact that oil shipments fror Bahrein by way of Suez declined by nearly 300,000 barrels in November. Yet Bahrein's output has been rising and its refined products are sold extensively throughout the Indian Ocean area.

Other interesting features in the latest statistics of the Canal Company are the sudden increase of shipments of ilmenite from India—63,800 tons in December—and the continued rise of Australian grain exports.

Further indication of the industrialization of India, Wohl says, has been the sharp decline in north-south shipments of processed metal, textiles and coal, whereas there has been increased shipments of glass, chemicals fertilizers, and railway material to the Indian Ocean area.

EASTERN EUROPEAN SHIPMENTS.

Another change reflecting shifts in world trade is increased shipments from Eastern Europe to the Indian Ocean area. In December, Pakistan received 25,300 tons of wheat from the Soviet Union. From Poland Japan received 61,600 tons of potash. Machinery crossed the Canal at the rate of 68,200 tons compared with the 1933-37 rate of 60,400 tons. Eastern Europe's share in this total is considerably above pre-war, and is increasing.

The shift from Iran to Saudi Arabia as the largest oil shipper was another feature. Oil shipments from Saudi Arabia reached a peak of 6,920,000 barrels, compared with 6,560,000 barrels shipped from Iran.

Middle East oil shipments to the United States declined considerably from the previous year.

Of the total quantity of oil shipped through the Canal in December—20,837,000 barrels—13,925,000 barrels consisted of crude, representing 67 per cent of all petroleum products, compared with only 47 per cent in the previous year. All petroleum products together now account for exactly 60 per cent of all commodities shipped through the Canal in both directions, with tankers representing 63 per cent of the total shipping tonnage.

Increasing Indonesian production is brought out by the fact that the quantity of palm-oil products shipped through the Canal has more than doubled between December 1948 and the previous December, even though the total is still only about one-third of the pre-war average. Copra shipments also have doubled, with shipments almost up to pre-war totals.—USIS.

Dang Forest Fire Completely Under Control

BARODA, April 8.

The fires which started in Dang's Forests last month have been completely brought under control and were prevented from creeping into the Protected Forests in which villages are situated. Timely steps taken by the Forest Department, whose staff fought the fast spreading conflagration at the risk of their own lives, saved the village cattle, their fodder reserves and grazing grounds. As the fires did not affect the Protected Forests, no village had to be evacuated.

BRITAIN AND FRANCE WAIVE RIGHTS TO GERMAN ASSETS.

LONDON, April 8. (U.P.A.): The United States, Britain and France today waived all claims to German assets in the Western occupation zones of Austria.

The move was announced at the Big Four Deputy Foreign Ministers' meeting to-day on the Austrian peace treaty.

German assets, including the Hermann Goering steel works, rayon mills and other important installations will go to the Austrian Government.

Position Of Scheduled Banks

The following is the statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on the 1st April:—

	Rs.
Demand Liabilities in India	
(i) Borrowing from banks	33,19,05,000
(ii) Other demand liabilities	592,72,84,000
Time Liabilities in India	
(i) Borrowng from banks	16,00,000
(ii) Other time liabilities	285,81,35,000
Cash in India	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	32,31,34,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	1,93,61000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	70,44,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	51,95,77,000
Advances in India	482,82,85,000
Bills discounted in India	16,60,58,000

MEETING "MENACE" OF OVER POPULATION

Jap Birth Control Plans

TOKYO, April 8, (U.P.A.): The Japanese Government's Welfare Minister announced that he was preparing plans for a national birth control programme to meet the "menace" of overpopulation.

Minister Joji Hayashi told the Lower House of the Diet in response to questioning from the floor that the Welfare Ministry is considering a number of plans for providing "effective and proper means of birth control."

A small-scale population education drive, including radio programmes on the necessity of checking population increases and the best methods of birth control already have been launched by the Ministry.

The accent, is on personal responsibility to help solve the problem which some American officials have called a threat to the American-financed Japanese self-sufficiency drive.

Japan's population is increasing by over 1,500,000 persons yearly and imports are the only source of food to feed additional mouths. Many American economists feel that Japan can never export enough finished goods to pay for increasing food and raw material imports leaving the alternatives of continued territorial expansion or mass starvation.

Move To Make India Asia's Metallurgical Centre

PATNA, April 8, (A.P.I.): Dr. D. N. Wadia, Geological Adviser to the Government of India said in a speech here that the Government was considering exploring the area south of Assam, certain parts of Rajputana and near the gulf of Cambay for petroleum and other mineral deposits.

Dr. Wadia said that there was all probability of India becoming the metallurgical centre of Asia and asked those interested in Geology not to lose sight of this.

India had vast mineral deposits, he said, but unfortunately mineral development had been neglected in the country. No part of the country had paid due attention to the production and proper utilisation of minerals. The main assets of world importance available in India were iron ore, manganese, aluminium and thorium. As against these their greatest deficit was in coking coal and petroleum whose production was very inadequate as compared with their needs. Similarly India was using up between 55,000 to 60,000 tons of sulphur at present but its production was very inadequate.

ALL INDIA HINDI NEWSPAPERS CONVENTION IN MAY

NEW DELHI, April 8 (A.P.I.): A National Convention of All-India Hindi Newspapers will be held in the middle of May in Delhi to discuss measures to get proper recognition of Hindi papers by the Government and to attain full freedom of the press.

The Convention will also discuss the question of the national language and the future set up of the All-India Hindi Journalists Associations.

Representatives of All Hindi dailies, weeklies, monthlies and also the local Hindi Journalists will be invited to the conference.

Messrs Indra and J. P. Chaturvedi have been appointed convenors for the convention.

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BAN ON "CRIME OR SEXY" FILMS FOR CHILDREN?

Parliament Debate On Diwakar's Cinematograph Bill

INDIAN RAILWAY'S BILL GOES TO SELECT COMMITTEE

NEW DELHI, APRIL 8 (A.P.I.): THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT THIS MORNING PASSED A BILL WHICH ENABLES GOVERNMENT TO CONTROL ACCOMMODATION IN FIVE OF THE BIG HOTELS IN NEW DELHI AND DELHI.

Mr. N. V Gadgil, Minister, Works Mines and Power, who piloted the bill explained that Government's demand for hotel accommodation in the Capital had been steadily increasing The bill empowered the estate officer to control accommodation in private hotels. The object of the present bill was, besides, to provide the estate officer with such powers under such conditions as would ensure that while Government exercised adequate control over available accommodation in private hotels, the legitimate interests of the management did not suffer

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa supporting the bill said that New Delhi hotels charged exorbitantly and the service was poor

PLEA FOR MORE BUILDINGS

Mr. Nazirudin Ahmed extended his qualified support to the measure. He agreed that extortionate charges, and bad food must be checked but Government must first encourage and undertake the construction of more buildings to ease the demand for accommodation.

Mr. Rohini Kumar Chaudhury while agreeing to the principles of the bill was opposed to investing the authorities with emergency powers.

Mr. Deshbandhu Gupta agreed that there was a general complaint against hotels in Delhi regarding overcharging and that their standards had very much deteriorated. But the main difficulty was that of finding accommodation. Unless enough building material was made available and private building encouraged without State interference, the present difficulties would continue.

GADGIL'S ASSURANCE

The Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Mr Gadgil, replying to the debate, said that no provision for the control of hotel rents was made in the Bill because Section Four of the Bombay Rent Control Act in respect of hotels was already made applicable to Delhi and New Delhi.

He assured the House that the menu and the service in the hotels would be properly checked.

In regard to the construction of new buildings, Mr. Gadgil said that by September, 200 flats for officers, 2,000 units for clerks and 1,200 units for lowergrade employees and peons would be ready. There were today 13,000 employees of the Government on the waiting list for accommodation. It was the intention of the Government to build a first class hotel in Delhi and many leading hotels were asked if they could co-operate and start a new hotel with Government assistance. They however asked for an assurance that Government's policy of prohibition would not be enforced. Mr. Gadgil hoped "that some patriotic gentlemen who is prohibition-minded came forward to undertake the work.

The house then took up consideration of clauses and rejected a number of amendments.

WHY "GREAT POWERS" FOR ESTATE OFFICER?

During the third reading of the Bill, Dr. Panjabrao Deshmukh raised a protest at the investing of "great powers" to the Estate officer

Stating that there was something "extremely rotten" so far as the activities of the Ministry in respect of the Estate Office was concerned, Dr Deshmukh said that even members of Parliament were subject to harassment and discourtesy

The Speaker Mr Mavlanker, said that the Third Reading of the Bill should not be made an occasion for ventilating individual grievances

Dr. Deshmukh urged the Minister for Works Mines and Power, Mr. N V Gadgil, to personally supervise and ensure that the powers given to the Estate Officer were properly used.

REPLY TO DEBATE

Mr. Gadgil, replying to the debate said, that as far as possible, he had always interpreted the rules in favour of the members whenever he could not do so, it was because certain legal consequences would follow The goodness of many members in sharing their accommodation with refugees had been abused and there had been difficulties He would see to it that no member was asked to pay for accommodation which he did not occupy.

The house passed the bill.

The house also passed a bill moved by Mr. Gadgil on behalf of the Law Minister, Dr. Ambedkar, for the assimilation of laws enacted by the Madras Provincial Legislature and the Centre in respect of 37 villages in the West Godavari District. They were once part of the partially excluded area but now brought under the ordinary administration of Madras province.

Within an hour before rising for lunch, the House passed the West Godavari District (of Laws on Federal Subjects) bill, the Displaced Persons (Legal Proceedings) Bill, the Indian Tea Control (Amendment) Bill, the Indian Wireless Telegraphy (Amendment) Bill and the Bombay Port Trust (Amendmen) Bill.

PENALTY FOR ILLEGAL USE

The Indian Wireless Telegraphy (Amendment) Bill enhances the penalty for illegal possession of wireless transmitters.

The Deputy Minister for Communications, Mr. Khurshed Lal, told the House that some of the transmitters were being used illegally by speculators. The security aspect had also to be borne in mind.

Prof. N. G. Ranga said he wished to warn the Government that many subversive political parties were making use of transmitters, and he hoped that a vigorous search would be made to unearth them.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST BILL

The Bombay Port Trust (Amendment) Bill enables the Trustees to sell by auction goods not removed by consignees after a certain period.

Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State for Transport, said that at present, some of the consignees were utilising valuable dock space as private storage space for their goods for indefinite periods, thereby causing acute congestion in the Port of Bombay.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa said Government should ensure that the bill did not penalise Bona fide consignees who were compelled to keep their goods at the docks due to shortage of wagons.

Mr. Santhanam assured Mr. Sidhwa that no honest businessman would be penalised.

INDIAN RAILWAYS BILL

The House referred to a select committee a bill further to amend the Indian Railways Act. The Committee will report in the first week of the next session.

The bill seeks, among other things, to apply the general rules governing the operation of Railways in India to railways in Indian States. It also seeks to assist in stamping out blackmarketing in railway tickets, by prohibiting the resale of single journey tickets, and to ensure impartial investigation and prompt payment of all claims for compensation arising out of accidents

The House passed without debate the Labour Minister's Bill to amend the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act and the Dock Workers Regulation of Employment Act

NO "HEAVY" FILMS FOR CHILDREN

The Minister of State for Information, Mr. R. Diwakar, moving the Bill to amend the Cinematograph Act, explained that it was designed to authorise the film censors to discriminate in the matter of exhibiting films between children and others.

Under the provisions of the Bill, he said, the film censors would be able to restrict exhibition of "horrific, sexy or crime films" to adults only, thus preventing children under eighteen from seeing it.

Mr. Mahabir Tyagi, Mr. M. Satyanarayana and Prof. N. G. Ranga said that the Bill as it was conceived would not be able to achieve much and that there was no need for it just now. They would rather await the more comprehensive measure that the Minister was proposing to bring before the House at a later stage. Meanwhile, they hoped the Minister would not press his Bill.

Shrimati Durgabai welcomed the Bill but pointed out that while depriving children of certain types of films they must nsure that suitable substitutes were provided for them in the way of educational films.

"WILL HARM INDUSTRY"

Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh said that the Bill would do considerable harm to the industry and would lead to a lot of frivolous prosecutions both of the boys as well as the cinema proprietors. "Instead of taking it upon our shoulders, the responsibility of deciding which picture is good and which is bad for the children", he added, "let us leave it to the good sense of the guardians and parents".

DIWAKAR'S REPLY

Mr. Diwakar, replying to the debate, said that much of the criticism of the Bill related to matters which were outside its scope. The Bill had been drafted after consulting provincial governments and the industry.

Mr. Diwakar said, he agreed that not only films but every other medium of expression, including the Press and Radio, should be utilised properly for the spread of culture. Although he felt that "what is called modern civilization and modern methods of spreading ideas are inherently opposed to our ancient culture and ancient high ideals", he realised that "we cannot run away either from broadcasting stations or from cinema houses or from newspapers, books and printing presses"

The present Bill was of a negative character, the Minister added. A positive line could be taken up only when there was a full inquiry into the whole subject.

One of the speakers had said that what had to be hidden from children must be bad for everybody. Mr. Diwakar replied, "every man and woman and every parent does shut out certain things from children. I do not think that there is any sense of sin in the parents when they shut out children from certain parts of the house at certain times of the day. We have to take a very commonsense view of this matter"

Mr. Lakshminarayan Sahu moved an amendment favouring separate cinema houses for children and adolescents. Further, he wanted those cinema houses to be open only in daytime.

The amendment was rejected.

The House also rejected an amendment moved by Mr. Jaspat Roy Kapoor, which sought in effect to prohibit those below eighteen from seeing late shows.

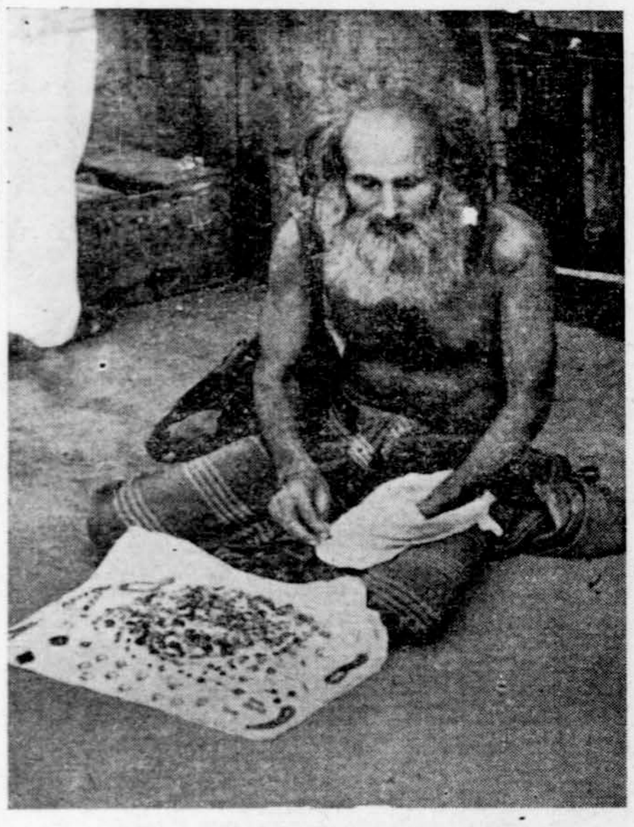
The House accepted Mr. B. N. Munavalli's amendment permitting mothers to take children below three to picture houses. Mr. Manavir Tyagi protested in vain that if children below three were allowed to go to cinemas with their parents, the other children would create trouble.

"VERY RIDICULOUS"

During the third reading, Mr. Tyagi described the Bill as "very ridiculous". It would reduce the box office receipts and might also lead to riots by young men in front of cinema houses. He said, high school boys claiming to be adults would demand tickets and if the manager refused, they might shout "long live revolution" and enter the hall forcibly.

The debate had not concluded when the House adjourned till tomorrow, the last day of the budget session.

BOMBAY'S STREET-VENDORS



75. Good-Luck-Stones-Seller

With those locks and the stately beard, he looks a saint, every inch of him. Lest you pass by unconvinced, he creates a holy setting by hiding his left palm in that white handkerchief and turning the rosary. But he descends from the ethereal plane down to hard earth, the moment he hears the foot-steps of a prospective victim or the jingling of a coin. He is no yogi or a fakir but a seller of "good luck" to anyone who would buy it for a rupee or two, at the street corner. There is no malefic influence of a planet which he cannot counteract with the help of one of those stones spread out on the sheet in front. If you believe his claims, an office sepoy can rise to the position of a Manager and a foot-path sleeper can own a bungalow at Juhu if only he would carry a stone in his pocket all the time. The bigger the stone, the greater the luck. All spare-time is devoted by this vendor in breathing uncanny power into those inanimate pieces with the help of his chantings.

Tirth's Protest To States' Ministry

HYDERABAD, April 8, (UPI): Swami Ramanand Tirth, President of Hyderabad State Congress, is reported to have protested to the States Ministry, Government of India, for certain remarks in their recent note on "Hyderabad administration."

The State Congress chief has taken exception to an observation that "no political party of Hyderabad co-operated and helped the Government of India in the restoration of law and order in the state.

In support of his contention that the State Congress did co-operate with the Union authorities in this task immediately after the "police action," Sawamiji is reported to have detailed measures the State Congress took in this direction.

No Recruitment On Communal Basis

MERIT TO BE SOLE CRITERION, ASSURES KHER

Bombay Assembly Accepts Amendment To Non-Official Resolution

BOMBAY, Friday

The principle of communal representation in the administrative services and the legislature, which has been the cause of "a great deal of mischief" in the past would not be recognised by the Government of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier, declared in the Bombay Legislative Assembly today.

THREE CLASSES

The Premier gave a broad outline of the policy which Government followed in regard to recruitment of personnel in the administrative services in the province. For the purpose of recruitment, Government have divided the whole community into three classes, namely, advanced, intermediate and backward. As far as the second and third classses were concerned, Mr. Kher said that certain reservation hasbeen given to them without prejudicing the quality and efficiency of theselected candidates.

SOLE CRITERION

Mr. Kher added that the main principle that guided Government in this respect was that merit should be the sole criterion of appointments and that whenever it was necessary to give reservation it was done without detriment to the efficiency of the services.

Mr. Kher made an earnest appeal to all communities, especially the backward classes, to believe in the bona fides' of Government in affording equality of opportunity to all and not to insist on recruitment to Government posts on a communal basis.

SCHEDULED CASTES

Mr. Kher's statement followed the debate on a non-official resolution moved by Mr. G. S. Kharat asking "the Government of Bombay that having regard to the present policy of the Central Government, a percentage should be fixed by it in all grades of various public services under its control for recruitment of candidates belonging to scheduled castes".

"BACKWARD CLASSES"

Mr. H. I. Kalyani moved an amendment which substituted the term "backward classes" for "scheduled castes" and altered the resolution to the effect that Bombay Government's policy in this regard should be in conformity with the policy of the Central Government.

Mr. Kher pointed out the incongruity of members of the House complaining about the inefficiency of the services and at the same time demanding reservation for their respective communities in Government appointments. He made it clear that whenever reservation was made it was done not on a communal basis, but on the basis of class as a whole. Certain percentage of posts were reserved for the intermediate and backward classes, Mr. Kher said.

SPONSOR CONGRATULATED

While congratulating the sponsor of the resolution for bringing this issue before the House, which itself was a sign of backward classes becoming aware of their rights and duties, the Premier recounted the steps that were being taken by Government to raise the social status of the scheduled castes. He said with a sense of pride that no other province has given as much facility as Bombay has in affording facilities for their education. He also reminded them that the Constituent Assembly has already recognised the principle of equality of opportunity for all irrespective of caste, creed or religion.

Mr. Kher said that the Bombay Government would willingly fall in line with the Central Government's policy in regard to the issue which has been raised in the resolution.

AMENDMENT ACCEPTED

The House accepted Mr. Kalyani's amendment and the resolution as amended was passed.

Mr. N. S. Kajrolkar, Mr. L. M. Srikant, Mr. R. S. Gavale, Mr. Tulsidas Jadhav, Mr. G. W. Momin, Mr. S. L. Karandikar, the Thakore Sahib of Kerwada, Mr. G. W. Joshi and Mr. P. B. Dabhi were among those who spoke on the resolution.

MONUMENTS AND EDICTS

Earlier at question time, Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier, announced that the question as to whether any of the statues, edicts and monuments in the Province should be removed was under the consideration of Government.

The statement was in reply to certain questions put by Mr. K. R. Garud. The Premier gave the list and details of the monuments and edicts which had been erected by the British.

Q:—Is Government aware that the statue of Queen Victoria at Ahmednagar is considered as an eye sore by the public?

A:—Government have no information on this point.

PRIVY PURSES

Mr. Kher stated that the total privy purse amounts fixed so far by the Government of India for the rulers of 18 full-jurisdictional States and 19 semi-Jurisdictional States in Gujarat was Rs. 28,04,000. The privy purses were free of income-tax, he said in reply to another series of questions.

The Premier also stated that the considerations which weighed with Government in selecting officers deputed to Hyderabad were (1) the need for secrecy, (2) availability, (3) efficiency and (4) the minimum inconvenience to local administration. The Government had sent from the Revenue, Police, Medical and Public Health Departments, a total of 164 officers.

Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government stated in reply to a short-notice question that in the year 1947-48, the Public Works Accounts of a number of Local Bodies had been found unsatisfactory. The list which he adduced contained the names of 29 Municipalities including those of Ghatkoper, Parle-Andheri, Thana, Bhusawal, Lonavla, Poona City, Poona Suburban, Talegaon and Karwar.

GAZETTED OFFICERS

Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier in his reply to certain questions, stated that the Government of Bombay had at present in the cadre of gazetted officers, 14 persons from the Depressed Classes, 201 Mohamedans, 606 Marathas and allied castes, 1370 Brahmins and 886 others; in the class III Government servants, the numbers were, 8201; 13,797; 43,360; 21,448 and 18,658, for the same communities.

It was stated on behalf of Government that Kalu Bhil, a notorious dacoit had been arrested by a Police Sub-Inspector, and had been immediately released on bail, and the man had crossed the borders, joined the Razakars and continued to commit dacoities. The Superintendent who had ordered his release, had been reduced to the rank of an Inspector.

MIXED GRILL

EQUALITY is a troublesome concept. Ever since the somewhat romantic French staged a bloody revolution with the simple slogan: "Liberty, Equality, Fraternity", the centre-piece of the slogan has given a lot of bother to everyone. On the basis of the democratic principle that everyone is equal, everyone has been given one vote. That does not, in real life, mean that the vote of a barber is as good as that of a landlord.

Such is the moral of one of the many tales with which the Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya, has been regaling Bombay audiences during the last two days.

It appears that on one occasion the worthy doctor was contesting an election. In the course of the canvassing campaign, he called on a landlord. The landlord was having his shave. This did not deter the visitor from asking for his support. The landlord promised his vote. Having, as he thought, made sure of one, the enthusiatic candidate turned to the barber who was shaving the landlord and told him that his vote was equally welcome. "Your vote is equal to his vote", the Doctor saheb said, pointing to the landlord.

The landlord was incensed. The barber voted for the doctor and the landlord against. Result: Dr. Pattabhi was defeated.

Such at any rate is the story he tells.

This is as good an illustration as any other of the dangers of equality. The barber may have one vote and the landlord may have one vote. But they are not of equal worth, for while many barbers may follow the lead of the landlord, no landlords follow the lead of a barber.

The most difficult aspect of the problem of equality, is that of equality between Man and Woman. The debate on that question started when the hairy ape was slowly evolving into a human; (I do not mention Adam and Eve, because that is recent history). It will perhaps continue till this world goes up into an atomic mushroom in the not very distant future.

In this economic age, equality can mean only one thing — equal pay for equal work. But that concept is no more concrete than the general philosophical concept of Equality as such. Witness the recent deliberations of the United Nations Commission on the status of women, at Beirut.

There were angry encounters between Miss Dorothy Kenyon of the United States and Miss Mary Sutherland of Britain, on the one hand, and Miss Elizziaveta Popova of the Soviet Union, on the other, on the question whether women in Russia were more equal to men than women in Britain or the United States.

Mme. Popova argued that equal pay did not exist in Britain because the number of men workers had gone up in the past few years and the number of women workers had come down. It is safe to presume that the comparison between the wages of men in bulk and women in bulk is in line with the collective philosophy of the Soviet Union.

The remedy for this situation is to adopt the principle of proportional representation for services, as in the case of communities in India.

EQUALITY, TO BE EFFECTIVE, MUST BE COLLECTIVISED!

Grumbler

INDIA. "POTENTIAL STRONGHOLD OF ASIATIC DEMOCRACY"

U.S. Democrat Urges Help To Nehru Government

WASHINGTON, April 7, (U.P.A.): Democratic Senator Hubert Humphrey of Minnesota today urged the United States to provide economic and moral aid to Asia to bolster democracy in that area.

Humphrey cited India particularly as "a potential stronghold of Asiatic democracy" and paid a tribute to the leadership of Premier Nehru.

The Senator declared that the European Aid programme was the "only one step in the vast system of worldwide aid and encouragement to backward peoples." He said: "Communists are daily working to convert the shackles of Asiatic feudalism to shackles of totalitarianism. They are working on people who look for a new creed and new life. We should prove our friendship and faith in our own creed and make it possible for the Asiatics to choose between the alternatives—between democracy and communism. Police do not willingly enslave themselves. Knowing that, can we lock our morality into one compartment in our minds and shut our eyes against the freedoms that end in Asia?"

He described India as a "potential stronghold of Asiatic democracy", but said: "We are doing nothing right to encourage and develop that friendship. We should move on a moral, political and economic offensive in all areas instead of wanting the East to catch fire before moving in to put it out."

"In the New Delhi", he continued, "sits the most aggressive defender of Asiatic democracy whom we can hope to claim as an ally. India has in Pandit Nehru and his associates ready-made democratic leaders. They know the meaning of democracy. They know the alternatives. They don't need to be trained in democratic thought. They need tangible help—help that will bring their wealth out of the ground; help that will bring science and invention to India's teeming millions. Preventive action in Asia is a far happier prospect that an inevitable military cure."

Military Aid To N. Atlantic Countries

Truman To Ask For Separate Funds

WASHINGTON, April 8 (PTI-Reuter)—President Truman at his Press Conference last night said that he would ask Congress for additional, separate funds for military aid to the North Atlantic countries and was not planning to use for the purpose defence funds already requested.

With the 12-power Atlantic Pact signed and awaiting ratification President Truman's administration is going ahead with plans for military aid to the West European countries.

A formal United States answer to the five Western Union powers agreeing in principle to seek Congressional authorisation for military assistance they requested, was expected to be handed over today.

The five powers made a collective request for this aid under the terms of the North Atlantic treaty, it was reliably understood.

Mr. Ernest Bevin, British Minister, who signed the Atlantic Pact for Britain, here, on Monday, was leaving for home today in the liner "Mauretania"

MADRAS, April 8. (API)—Mr. K. S Ranga Rao, vice-president of the Board of Control for Cricket in India left Madras this morning by plane for Bombay to attend a meeting of the Board of Central on Sunday next.

The Board will consider among important subjects the proposed tour by an Empire Cricket team consisting of English Australian and West Indies cricketers.

MUTT AND JEFF—No Kiddin!! Jeff Never Saw The Kid Till The Last Picture — By BUD FISHER

GOSH, I NEED AT LEAST FIFTY CENTS MORE TO TAKE MY GIRL, ENCEE, TO THE MOVIES TONIGHT!
MUTT, I'LL BET YOU SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS THAT KID BREAKS THAT PITCHER BEFORE HE GETS TO THE CORNER!
O.K., I'LL GAMBLE! NINE CHANCES OUT OF TEN HE WON'T!
HE HASN'T REACHED THE CORNER YET!
CRASH
NICE GOIN, BOY!
GLAD TO DO IT AGAIN SOMETIME! ANYTIME!
Fish

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